

Modeling and Verification of Probabilistic Systems

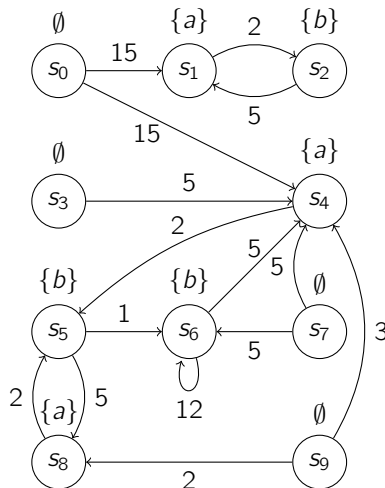
— Exercise Sheet 8 —

Notes:

- The exercise sheets need to be solved in groups of 2 students.
- Hand in the solution until 12.12.2018 before the exercise class.
- We do not accept solutions via L2p or email.
- Write your names and matriculation numbers on the front page and staple all pages.

Exercise 1 (Bisimulation):

(20 + 20 = 40 Points)



Consider the following CTMC \mathcal{C} :

- a) Find the states that are probabilistically bisimilar, i.e., compute the relation \sim_m .
- b) Find the states that are probabilistically weak bisimilar, i.e., compute the relation \approx_m .

Exercise 2 (Bisimulation Lemma):

(20 Points)

Formally prove the following lemma from the lecture:

Let \mathcal{C} be a CTMC and R an equivalence relation on S with $(s, t) \in R$, $\mathbf{P}(s, [s]_R) < 1$ and $\mathbf{P}(t, [t]_R) < 1$. Then the following two statements are equivalent:

1. for all $C \in S \setminus R$, $C \neq [s]_R = [t]_R$:

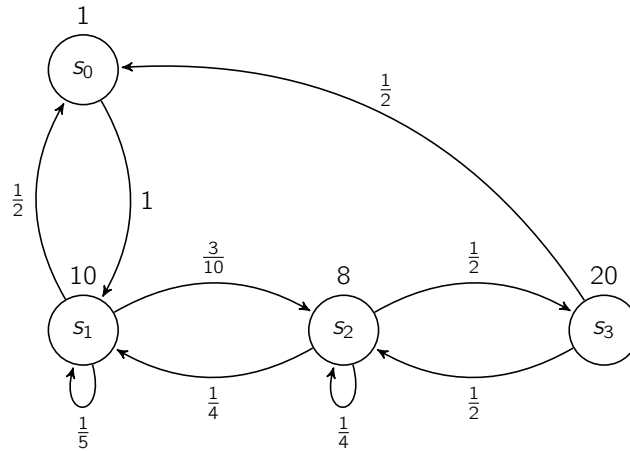
$$\frac{\mathbf{P}(s, C)}{1 - \mathbf{P}(s, [s]_R)} = \frac{\mathbf{P}(t, C)}{1 - \mathbf{P}(t, [t]_R)} \text{ and } \mathbf{R}(s, S \setminus [s]_R) = \mathbf{R}(t, S \setminus [t]_R)$$

2. $\mathbf{R}(s, C) = \mathbf{R}(t, C)$ for all $C \in S \setminus R$ with $C \neq [s]_R = [t]_R$.

Exercise 3 (Uniformization):

(15 Points)

Uniformize the following CTMC with rate $r=20$



Exercise 4 (Transient Probabilities):

(5 + 10 + 10 = 25 Points)

A professor supervises three Ph.D. students who all need quite a bit of advice. When any of these students visits the professor, the time to the next visit has an exponential distribution with a mean of 8 hours. The time for the professor to advise the students has a mean value of $1/2$ hour. (All times in this problem have exponential distributions). Students visit the professor one at a time. If the professor is busy, the students wait outside his/her office. And the students are treated in a first-come-first-served manner.

a) Construct the CTMC that describes the situation.

Hints:

- You may abstract away from which student is visiting the professor, so the CTMC consists of 4 states
- b)** Give the expression of computing the transient distribution of the CTMC at time T . Suppose initially the professor is free. Use the uniformised CTMC.
- c)** If now comes a new Ph.D. student, who has the same arrival rate as the others, but requires a mean time of one hour with the professor. Do **a)** again