

Compiler Construction 2018/19

— Exercise Sheet 4 —

Hand in until November 12th before the exercise class.

General Remarks

- There is *no* practical exercise this week.

Exercise 1

(7 Points)

Consider the following grammar G :

$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow Scc \mid Ac \\ A &\rightarrow Aab \mid a \mid aBb \\ B &\rightarrow dA \end{aligned}$$

- Show that $G \notin LL(1)$.
- Transform G into an equivalent grammar in $LL(1)$, i.e. provide a grammar $G' \in LL(1)$ such that $L(G') = L(G)$.
- Prove that G' has the $LL(1)$ property.

Consider the following grammar H :

$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow Ab \\ A &\rightarrow Sc \mid Aa \mid d \mid a \end{aligned}$$

- Eliminate all left recursion in H to obtain grammar H' .
- Is $H' \in LL(1)$? Justify your answer.

Exercise 2

(4 Points)

Show that every regular language can be generated by an $LL(1)$ -grammar.

Exercise 3

(9 Points)

Consider the grammar $G = (N, \Sigma, P, S)$ covering regular expressions:

- $N := \{S, R, T\}$
- $\Sigma := \{+, \cdot, *, (,), a, b\}$
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$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow R \\ R &\rightarrow R+R \mid R \cdot R \mid R^* \mid T \\ T &\rightarrow (R) \mid a \mid b \end{aligned}$$

- Give the complete nondeterministic top-down parsing automaton $NTA(G)$. (Either give a transition table as in the lecture or depict the automaton and specify what the edge labelling means. Do not forget to give a numbering to the grammar rules.)
- Provide a run of $NTA(G)$ on the input $a+(b^*)$

(c) Consider the transformed grammar G' :

$$\begin{aligned}
 S &\rightarrow R \\
 R &\rightarrow TR' \\
 R' &\rightarrow +R \mid .R \mid *R' \mid \varepsilon \\
 T &\rightarrow (R) \mid \mathbf{a} \mid \mathbf{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

Prove that $G' \in LL(1)$.

(d) Specify the deterministic top-down parsing automaton $DTA(G')$.

(Again, either give a transition table as in the lecture or depict the automaton and specify what the edge labelling means. As before, do not forget to give a numbering to the grammar rules of G' .)

(e) Provide a run of $DTA(G')$ on the input $\mathbf{a+(b^*)}$