



# Semantics and Verification of Software

Winter Semester 2017/18

Lecture 14: Extension by Blocks and Procedures I (Operational Semantics)

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<http://moves.rwth-aachen.de/teaching/ws-1718/sv-sw/>

EvaSys	Vorlesung (dt./engl.)
RWTH Aachen WS17/18	apl. Prof. Dr.rer.nat. Thomas Noll Concurrency Theory (17ws-38073)



Markieren Sie so:     Verwenden Sie bitte einen Kugelschreiber, rote Farbe unbedingt vermeiden!  
 Mark:     Please use a black ballpoint pen. Do not use red ink!  
 Korrektur:     Eintragungen außerhalb der markierten Felder fließen nicht in die Auswertung mit ein.  
 Correction: Please observe the notes on the left when filling in the form in order to ensure optimal data collection.

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 Legende:  
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<b>1. Allgemein</b> General Information	1.1 Geschlecht Gender	<input type="checkbox"/> weiblich female	<input type="checkbox"/> männlich male	<input type="checkbox"/> k.A. N/A
	1.2 Nationalität Nationality	<input type="checkbox"/> deutsch (D) German (D)	<input type="checkbox"/> EU (ohne D) EU (excl. D)	<input type="checkbox"/> Non-EU
	1.3 Derzeitiger Studiengang Course Degree	<input type="checkbox"/> Bachelor	<input type="checkbox"/> Master	<input type="checkbox"/> sonstiger other
	1.4 Fachsemester Core Semester	<input type="checkbox"/> 1-2 <input type="checkbox"/> 7-8	<input type="checkbox"/> 3-4 <input type="checkbox"/> >8	<input type="checkbox"/> 5-6
	1.5 Wie viel Zeit verwenden Sie derzeit pro Woche für die Vor- und Nachbereitung dieser Veranstaltung? How much time do you currently spend on this course including preparation and follow up work? <input type="checkbox"/> weniger als 1 Std. less than 1 hr. <input type="checkbox"/> 5 bis 7 Std. 5 to 7 hrs.	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 bis 3 Std. 1 to 3 hrs. <input type="checkbox"/> 7 bis 9 Std. 7 to 9 hrs.	<input type="checkbox"/> 3 bis 5 Std. 3 to 5 hrs. <input type="checkbox"/> mehr als 9 Std. more than 9 hrs.	
	1.6 Die Veranstaltung interessiert mich. / I find the course interesting. trifft zu strongly agree	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>2. Konzept der Vorlesung</b> Lecture Concept	2.1 Die Lernziele der Vorlesung sind definiert. The learning goals of the lecture are defined.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	2.2 Die Vorlesung hat eine klar erkennbare Struktur. The lecture is well structured.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	2.3 Die zur Verfügung gestellten Materialien sind hilfreich. The materials provided are helpful.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	2.4 Die ausgewählten Beispiele sind hilfreich. The examples chosen are helpful.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	2.5 Es werden Zusammenfassungen an sinnvollen Stellen gemacht. Lecture material is summarized at appropriate intervals.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	2.6 Der Schwierigkeitsgrad ist ... The degree of difficulty is ...	<input type="checkbox"/> angemessen appropriate	<input type="checkbox"/> zu schwer too difficult	<input type="checkbox"/> zu leicht too easy
			trifft nicht zu strongly disagree	k.A. N/A



EvaSys	Vorlesung (dt./engl.)
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[Fortsetzung]  
[continued]

**3. Vermittlung und Verhalten**  
Instruction and Behavior

2.7 Ich bewerte das Konzept der Vorlesung mit ... I would evaluate the lecture concept as ...	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 - sehr gut very good	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 - gut good	<input type="checkbox"/> 3 - befriedigend satisfactory
	<input type="checkbox"/> 4 - ausreichend sufficient	<input type="checkbox"/> 5 - mangelhaft poor	
Die Dozentin/der Dozent ... The lecturer ...	trifft zu strongly agree		trifft nicht zu strongly disagree
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	k.A. N/A
3.1 ... erklärt den Stoff verständlich. ... explains the subject matter clearly.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.2 ... geht auf Verständnisfragen ein. ... is willing to answer questions.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.3 ... berücksichtigt unterschiedliche Kenntnisstände der Studierenden. ... considers students' different levels of knowledge.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.4 ... schafft es, mich für den Vorlesungsstoff zu begeistern. / ... engages my interest in the topic.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.5 ... spricht angemessen laut und deutlich. ... speaks audibly and clearly.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.6 ... ist gut vorbereitet. / ... is well prepared.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.7 ... ist außerhalb der Vorlesung ansprechbar. ... is available outside of the lecture.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.8 ... setzt Medien ein, die zum Verständnis beitragen. ... uses media that contribute to students' understanding.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.9 Das Tempo ist ... The pace is ...	<input type="checkbox"/> angemessen appropriate	<input type="checkbox"/> zu hoch too fast	<input type="checkbox"/> zu niedrig too slow
3.10 Ich gebe der Dozentin/dem Dozenten die Gesamtnote I would evaluate the lecturer as ...	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 - sehr gut very good	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 - gut good	<input type="checkbox"/> 3 - befriedigend satisfactory
	<input type="checkbox"/> 4 - ausreichend sufficient	<input type="checkbox"/> 5 - mangelhaft poor	

**4. Rahmenbedingungen**  
General Conditions

4.1 Der zeitliche Rahmen der Vorlesung wird eingehalten. The lecture begins and ends on time.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	trifft nicht zu strongly disagree	k.A. N/A
4.2 Die Anzahl der Sitzplätze ist ... The number of seats is ...	<input type="checkbox"/> angemessen appropriate	<input type="checkbox"/> zu groß too much	<input type="checkbox"/> zu klein too few		
4.3 Wie oft hat die Vorlesung an regulären Terminen gar nicht stattgefunden? (Vorlesungsfreie Tage sind nicht gemeint!) How often was the lecture cancelled on regularly scheduled dates? (Lecture-free days are not included!)	<input type="checkbox"/> 0 x <input type="checkbox"/> 3 x	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 x <input type="checkbox"/> 4 x	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 x <input type="checkbox"/> >4 x		
4.4 Wie häufig wurde die Vorlesung nicht von der angegebenen Person gehalten? How many times did you have a substitute teacher?	<input type="checkbox"/> 0 x <input type="checkbox"/> 3 x	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 x <input type="checkbox"/> 4 x	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 x <input type="checkbox"/> >4 x		
4.5 Falls sich die Dozentin/der Dozent vertreten lassen hat, war die Vertretung geeignet? In the event of a substitute teacher, was the substitute suitable?	<input type="checkbox"/> ja yes	<input type="checkbox"/> nein no	<input type="checkbox"/> k.A. N/A		



# Extension by Blocks and Procedures

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## Blocks and Procedures

- Extension of WHILE by nested **blocks** with local **variables** and recursive **procedures**
  - Simple memory model ( $\Sigma := \{\sigma \mid \sigma : Var \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}\}$ ) not sufficient any more as variables can occur in several **instances**
- ⇒ Involves new semantic concepts:
- variable and procedure **environments**
  - **locations** (memory addresses) and **stores** (memory states)
- Important: **scope** of variable and procedure identifiers
- static scoping**: scope of identifier = **declaration environment**  
(also: “lexical” scoping; here)
- dynamic scoping**: scope of identifier = **calling environment**  
(old Algol/Lisp dialects)

# Extension by Blocks and Procedures

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## Static and Dynamic Scoping

### Example 14.1

```
begin
  var x; var y;
  proc P is y := x end;
  x := 1;
  begin
    var x;
    x := 2;
    call P
  end
end
```

static scoping  $\Rightarrow y = 1$

dynamic scoping  $\Rightarrow y = 2$

# Extending the Syntax

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## Extending the Syntax

### Syntactic categories:

Category	Domain	Meta variable
Procedure identifiers	$PVar = \{P, Q, \dots\}$	$P$
Procedure declarations	$PDec$	$p$
Variable declarations	$VDec$	$v$
Commands (statements)	$Cmd$	$c$

### Context-free grammar:

$p ::= \text{proc } P \text{ is } c \text{ end}; p \mid \varepsilon \in PDec$

$v ::= \text{var } x; v \mid \varepsilon \in VDec$

$c ::= \text{skip} \mid x := a \mid c_1; c_2 \mid \text{if } b \text{ then } c_1 \text{ else } c_2 \text{ end} \mid \text{while } b \text{ do } c \text{ end} \mid$   
 $\text{call } P \mid \text{begin } v \ p \ c \ \text{end} \in Cmd$

- All used variable/procedure identifiers have to be declared
- Identifiers declared within a block must be distinct

# New Semantic Domains

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## Locations and Stores

- So far: **states**  $\Sigma = \{\sigma \mid \sigma : Var \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}\}$
- Now: explicit control over all (nested) **instances** of a variable:
  - **variable environments**

$$VEnv := \{\rho \mid \rho : Var \dashrightarrow Loc\}$$

(partial function to maintain **declaredness** information)

- **locations**

$$Loc := \mathbb{N}$$

- **stores**

$$Sto := \{\sigma \mid \sigma : Loc \dashrightarrow \mathbb{Z}\}$$

(partial function to maintain **allocation** information)

⇒ **Two-level access** to a variable  $x \in Var$ :

1. determine current memory location of  $x$ :

$$l := \rho(x)$$

2. reading/writing access to  $\sigma$  at location  $l$

- Thus: previous **state** information represented as  $\sigma \circ \rho$

# New Semantic Domains

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## Procedure Environments and Declarations

- **Effect of procedure call** determined by its body and variable and procedure environment of its declaration:

$$PEnv := \{\pi \mid \pi : PVar \dashrightarrow Cmd \times VEnv \times PEnv\}$$

denotes the set of **procedure environments**

- **Effect of declaration**: update of environment (and store)

$$upd_v[\cdot] : VDec \times VEnv \times Sto \rightarrow VEnv \times Sto$$

$$upd_v[\text{var } x; v](\rho, \sigma) := upd_v[v](\rho[x \mapsto l_x], \sigma[l_x \mapsto 0])$$

$$upd_v[\varepsilon](\rho, \sigma) := (\rho, \sigma)$$

$$upd_p[\cdot] : PDec \times VEnv \times PEnv \rightarrow PEnv$$

$$upd_p[\text{proc } P \text{ is } c \text{ end}; \rho](\rho, \pi) := upd_p[\rho](\rho, \pi[P \mapsto (c, \rho, \pi)])$$

$$upd_p[\varepsilon](\rho, \pi) := \pi$$

where  $l_x := \min\{l \in Loc \mid \sigma(l) = \perp\}$

# Execution Relation

## Execution Relation I

### Definition 14.2 (Execution relation)

For  $c \in \mathit{Cmd}$ ,  $\sigma, \sigma' \in \mathit{Sto}$ ,  $\rho \in \mathit{VEnv}$ , and  $\pi \in \mathit{PEnv}$ , the **execution relation**  $(\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle c, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma'$  (“in environment  $(\rho, \pi)$ , statement  $c$  transforms store  $\sigma$  into  $\sigma'$ ”) is defined by the following rules:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{(skip)} \frac{}{(\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle \text{skip}, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma} \\ \text{(asgn)} \frac{\langle a, \sigma \circ \rho \rangle \rightarrow z}{(\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle x := a, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma[\rho(x) \mapsto z]} \\ \text{(seq)} \frac{(\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle c_1, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma' \quad (\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle c_2, \sigma' \rangle \rightarrow \sigma''}{(\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle c_1 ; c_2, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma''} \\ \text{(if-t)} \frac{\langle b, \sigma \circ \rho \rangle \rightarrow \text{true} \quad (\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle c_1, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma'}{(\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle \text{if } b \text{ then } c_1 \text{ else } c_2 \text{ end}, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma'} \end{array}$$



# Execution Relation

## Execution Relation II

### Definition 14.2 (Execution relation; continued)

$$\frac{\langle b, \sigma \circ \rho \rangle \rightarrow \text{false} \quad (\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle c_2, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma'}{\text{(if-f)} \quad (\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle \text{if } b \text{ then } c_1 \text{ else } c_2 \text{ end}, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma'}$$

$$\frac{\langle b, \sigma \circ \rho \rangle \rightarrow \text{false}}{\text{(wh-f)} \quad (\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle \text{while } b \text{ do } c \text{ end}, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma}$$

$$\frac{\langle b, \sigma \circ \rho \rangle \rightarrow \text{true} \quad (\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle c, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma' \quad (\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle \text{while } b \text{ do } c \text{ end}, \sigma' \rangle \rightarrow \sigma''}{\text{(wh-t)} \quad (\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle \text{while } b \text{ do } c \text{ end}, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma''}$$

$$\frac{\text{(call)} \quad (\rho', \pi'[P \mapsto (c, \rho', \pi')]) \vdash \langle c, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma'}{(\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle \text{call } P, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma'} \quad \text{if } \pi(P) = (c, \rho', \pi')$$

$$\frac{\text{(block)} \quad \text{upd}_v[[v]](\rho, \sigma) = (\rho', \sigma') \quad \text{upd}_p[[p]](\rho', \pi) = \pi' \quad (\rho', \pi') \vdash \langle c, \sigma' \rangle \rightarrow \sigma''}{(\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle \text{begin } v \ p \ c \ \text{end}, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma''}$$

## Execution Relation III

**Remarks** about rules (call) and (block):

- **Static scoping** is modelled in (call) by using the environments  $\rho'$  and  $\pi'$  (as determined in (block)) from the **declaration** site of procedure  $P$  (and not  $\rho$  and  $\pi$  from the **calling** site)
- In (call), the procedure environment associated with procedure  $P$  is extended by a  $P$ -entry to handle **recursive calls** of  $P$ :

$$\pi'[P \mapsto (c, \rho', \pi')]$$

# Execution Relation

## Execution Relation IV

### Example 14.3

```
begin
  var x; var y;
  proc F is
    begin
      var z;
      z:=x;
      if z=1 then skip
        else x:=x-1; call F; y:=z*y end
    end
  end;
  x:=2; y:=1; call F
end
```

$v$   
 $c_0$   
 $c_1$   
 $c_2$   
 $c_F$   
 $p$   
 $c$

Let  $\sigma_\emptyset(l) = \rho_\emptyset(x) = \pi_\emptyset(P) = \perp$  for all  $l \in Loc, x \in Var, P \in PVar$

Notation:  $\sigma_{ijkl} \Leftrightarrow \sigma(0) = i, \sigma(1) = j, \sigma(2) = k, \sigma(3) = l$

Derivation tree for  $(\rho_\emptyset, \pi_\emptyset) \vdash \langle c, \sigma_\emptyset \rangle \rightarrow \sigma_{1221}$ : on the board