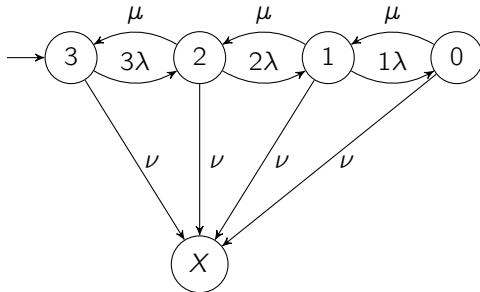


**Exercise 1 (CTMC Model Checking):**

**(4 points)**

Consider the Example CTMC from the lecture (displayed below).



- a) Compute  $Pr(\diamond^{\leq 3}\{1\})$  using  $\lambda = \frac{1}{10}$ ,  $\mu = \frac{1}{20}$  and  $\nu = \frac{1}{100}$ . You may cut off an infinite sum after three terms.
- b) Give the closed form expression for  $Pr(\diamond^{\leq t}\{X\})$ . *Hint: The closed form is not that large.*

**Exercise 2 (The Erlang distribution):**

**(2 points)**

The cumulative distribution function (CDF) of an *Erlang distribution* with *shape*  $k$  and *rate*  $\lambda$  can be written as

$$F(t; k, \lambda) = 1 - \sum_{n=0}^{k-1} \frac{1}{n!} e^{-\lambda \cdot t} (\lambda \cdot t)^n$$

Construct a CTMC such that the transient probability for state  $x$  coincides with  $1 -$  the CDF for the Erlang distribution with  $k = 3$  and  $\lambda = 4$ . Briefly explain your construction!

**Exercise 3 (CTMC Model Checking for  $I = (t_1, t_2)$ ):**

**(4 points)**

- a) Show that for a CTMC with states  $S$  and  $T \subset S$  and  $0 < t_1 < t_2$  the following equation does **not** hold:  $Pr(\diamond^{(t_1, t_2)}T) = Pr(\diamond^{\leq t_2}T) - Pr(\diamond^{\leq t_1}T)$ .
- b) Sketch an algorithm to compute for a given CTMC with states  $S$  and  $T \subset S$  and  $0 < t_1 < t_2$  the following property:  $Pr(\diamond^{(t_1, t_2)}T)$