



Compiler Construction

Lecture 10: Syntax Analysis VI ($LR(1)$ and $LALR(1)$ Parsing)

Summer Semester 2016

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<https://moves.rwth-aachen.de/teaching/ss-16/cc/>

Recap: $LR(0)$ and $SLR(1)$ Parsing

Outline of Lecture 10

Recap: $LR(0)$ and $SLR(1)$ Parsing

$LR(1)$ Parsing

$LALR(1)$ Parsing

Recap: $LR(0)$ and $SLR(1)$ Parsing

$LR(0)$ Items and Sets

Definition ($LR(0)$ items and sets)

Let $G = \langle N, \Sigma, P, S \rangle \in CFG_{\Sigma}$ be start separated by $S' \rightarrow S$ and $S' \Rightarrow_r^* \alpha A w \Rightarrow_r \alpha \beta_1 \beta_2 w$ (i.e., $A \rightarrow \beta_1 \beta_2 \in P$).

- $[A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2]$ is called an **$LR(0)$ item** for $\alpha \beta_1$.
- Given $\gamma \in X^*$, $LR(0)(\gamma)$ denotes the set of all **$LR(0)$ items** for γ , called the **$LR(0)$ set** (or: **$LR(0)$ information**) of γ .
- $LR(0)(G) := \{LR(0)(\gamma) \mid \gamma \in X^*\}$.

Corollary

1. For every $\gamma \in X^*$, $LR(0)(\gamma)$ is finite.
2. $LR(0)(G)$ is finite.
3. The item $[A \rightarrow \beta \cdot] \in LR(0)(\gamma)$ indicates the possible **reduction** $(w, \alpha \beta, z) \vdash (w, \alpha A, zi)$ where $\pi_i = A \rightarrow \beta$ and $\gamma = \alpha \beta$.
4. The item $[A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot Y \beta_2] \in LR(0)(\gamma)$ indicates an **incomplete handle** β_1 (to be completed by shift operations or ε -reductions).

Recap: $LR(0)$ and $SLR(1)$ Parsing

$LR(0)$ Conflicts

Definition ($LR(0)$ conflicts)

Let $G = \langle N, \Sigma, P, S \rangle \in CFG_{\Sigma}$ and $I \in LR(0)(G)$.

- I has a **shift/reduce conflict** if there exist $A \rightarrow \alpha_1 a \alpha_2, B \rightarrow \beta \in P$ such that

$$[A \rightarrow \alpha_1 \cdot a \alpha_2], [B \rightarrow \beta \cdot] \in I.$$

- I has a **reduce/reduce conflict** if there exist $A \rightarrow \alpha, B \rightarrow \beta \in P$ with $A \neq B$ or $\alpha \neq \beta$ such that

$$[A \rightarrow \alpha \cdot], [B \rightarrow \beta \cdot] \in I.$$

Lemma

$G \in LR(0)$ iff no $I \in LR(0)(G)$ contains conflicting items.

Proof.

omitted □

Recap: $LR(0)$ and $SLR(1)$ Parsing

The goto Function

Observation: if $G \in LR(0)$, then $LR(0)(\gamma)$ yields **deterministic shift/reduce decision** for $NBA(G)$ in a configuration with pushdown γ

\implies **new pushdown alphabet:** $LR(0)(G)$ in place of X

Moreover $LR(0)(\gamma Y)$ is determined by $LR(0)(\gamma)$ and Y but **independent from** γ in the following sense:

$$LR(0)(\gamma) = LR(0)(\gamma') \implies LR(0)(\gamma Y) = LR(0)(\gamma' Y)$$

Definition ($LR(0)$ goto function)

The function **goto** : $LR(0)(G) \times X \rightarrow LR(0)(G)$ is determined by

$$\text{goto}(I, Y) = I' \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{there exists } \gamma \in X^* \text{ such that} \\ I = LR(0)(\gamma) \text{ and } I' = LR(0)(\gamma Y).$$

Recap: $LR(0)$ and $SLR(1)$ Parsing

The $LR(0)$ Action Function

The parsing automaton will be defined using another table, the **action function**, which determines the shift/reduce decision (reminder: $\pi_0 = S' \rightarrow S$).

Definition ($LR(0)$ action function)

The **$LR(0)$ action function** $\text{act} : LR(0)(G) \rightarrow \{\text{red } i \mid i \in [p]\} \cup \{\text{shift, accept, error}\}$ is defined by

$$\text{act}(I) := \begin{cases} \text{red } i & \text{if } i \neq 0, \pi_i = A \rightarrow \alpha \text{ and } [A \rightarrow \alpha \cdot] \in I \\ \text{shift} & \text{if } [A \rightarrow \alpha_1 \cdot a\alpha_2] \in I \\ \text{accept} & \text{if } [S' \rightarrow S \cdot] \in I \\ \text{error} & \text{if } I = \emptyset \end{cases}$$

Corollary

For every $G \in CFG_{\Sigma}$, $G \in LR(0)$ iff act is well defined.

Together, act and goto form the **$LR(0)$ parsing table** of G .

Recap: $LR(0)$ and $SLR(1)$ Parsing

The $LR(0)$ Parsing Automaton

Definition ($LR(0)$ parsing automaton)

Let $G = \langle N, \Sigma, P, S \rangle \in LR(0)$. The (deterministic) $LR(0)$ parsing automaton of G is defined by the following components:

- Input alphabet Σ
- Pushdown alphabet $\Gamma := LR(0)(G)$
- Output alphabet $\Delta := [\rho] \cup \{0, \text{error}\}$
- Configurations $\Sigma^* \times \Gamma^* \times \Delta^*$
- Initial configuration (w, l_0, ε) where $l_0 := LR(0)(\varepsilon)$
- Final configurations $\{\varepsilon\} \times \{\varepsilon\} \times \Delta^*$
- Transitions:

shift: $(aw, \alpha l, z) \vdash (w, \alpha l', z)$ if $\text{act}(l) = \text{shift}$ and $\text{goto}(l, a) = l'$

reduce: $(w, \alpha l_1 \dots l_n, z) \vdash (w, \alpha l', z_i)$ if $\text{act}(l_n) = \text{red } i$, $\pi_i = A \rightarrow Y_1 \dots Y_n$, $\text{goto}(l, A) = l'$

accept: $(\varepsilon, l_0 l, z) \vdash (\varepsilon, \varepsilon, z 0)$ if $\text{act}(l) = \text{accept}$

error: $(w, \alpha l, z) \vdash (\varepsilon, \varepsilon, z \text{error})$ if $\text{act}(l) = \text{error}$

Recap: $LR(0)$ and $SLR(1)$ Parsing

The $SLR(1)$ Action Function

Definition ($SLR(1)$ action function)

The $SLR(1)$ action function

$$\text{act} : LR(0)(G) \times \Sigma_\varepsilon \rightarrow \{\text{red } i \mid i \in [p]\} \cup \{\text{shift, accept, error}\}$$

is defined by

$$\text{act}(I, \mathbf{x}) := \begin{cases} \text{red } i & \text{if } i \neq 0, \pi_i = A \rightarrow \alpha, [A \rightarrow \alpha \cdot] \in I, \\ & \text{and } \mathbf{x} \in \text{fo}(A) \\ \text{shift} & \text{if } [A \rightarrow \alpha_1 \cdot \mathbf{x} \alpha_2] \in I \text{ and } \mathbf{x} \in \Sigma \\ \text{accept} & \text{if } [S' \rightarrow S \cdot] \in I \text{ and } \mathbf{x} = \varepsilon \\ \text{error} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Definition ($SLR(1)$ grammar)

A grammar $G \in CFG_\Sigma$ has the $SLR(1)$ property (notation: $G \in SLR(1)$) if its $SLR(1)$ action function is well defined.

act and the $LR(0)$ goto function (Definition 9.3) form the $SLR(1)$ parsing table of G .

Recap: $LR(0)$ and $SLR(1)$ Parsing

The $SLR(1)$ Parsing Automaton

Definition ($SLR(1)$ parsing automaton)

The **$SLR(1)$ parsing automaton** is defined as in the $LR(0)$ case (see Definition 9.8), except for the **transition relation**:

- shift: $(aw, \alpha l, z) \vdash (w, \alpha l', z)$ if $\text{act}(l, a) = \text{shift}$ and $\text{goto}(l, a) = l'$
- reduce _{a} : $(aw, \alpha ll_1 \dots l_n, z) \vdash (aw, \alpha l', zi)$ if $\text{act}(l_n, a) = \text{red } i$, $\pi_i = A \rightarrow Y_1 \dots Y_n$, and $\text{goto}(l, A) = l'$
- reduce _{ε} : $(\varepsilon, \alpha ll_1 \dots l_n, z) \vdash (\varepsilon, \alpha l', zi)$ if $\text{act}(l_n, \varepsilon) = \text{red } i$, $\pi_i = A \rightarrow Y_1 \dots Y_n$, and $\text{goto}(l, A) = l'$
- accept: $(\varepsilon, l_0 l, z) \vdash (\varepsilon, \varepsilon, z 0)$ if $\text{act}(l, \varepsilon) = \text{accept}$
- error _{a} : $(aw, \alpha l, z) \vdash (\varepsilon, \varepsilon, z \text{error})$ if $\text{act}(l, a) = \text{error}$
- error _{ε} : $(\varepsilon, \alpha l, z) \vdash (\varepsilon, \varepsilon, z \text{error})$ if $\text{act}(l, \varepsilon) = \text{error}$

LR(1) Parsing

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LR(1) Parsing

SLR(1) Conflicts

Problem: not all conflicts can be resolved using fo sets

Example 10.1

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

LR(1) Parsing

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$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$LR(0)(G_{LR}) : I_0 := LR(0)(\varepsilon) : \quad [S' \rightarrow \cdot S] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot R]$
 $\quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L]$

$I_1 := LR(0)(S) : \quad [S' \rightarrow S \cdot]$

$I_2 := LR(0)(L) : \quad [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot]$

$I_3 := LR(0)(R) : \quad [S \rightarrow R \cdot]$

$I_4 := LR(0)(*) : \quad [L \rightarrow * \cdot R] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a]$

$I_5 := LR(0)(a) : \quad [L \rightarrow a \cdot]$

$I_6 := LR(0)(L=) : \quad [S \rightarrow L= \cdot R] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a]$

$I_7 := LR(0)(*R) : \quad [L \rightarrow *R \cdot]$

$I_8 := LR(0)(*L) : \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot]$

$I_9 := LR(0)(L=R) : \quad [S \rightarrow L=R \cdot]$

LR(1) Parsing

SLR(1) Conflicts

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$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$LR(0)(G_{LR}) : I_0 := LR(0)(\epsilon) : \quad [S' \rightarrow \cdot S] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot R]$
 $\quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L]$

$I_1 := LR(0)(S) : \quad [S' \rightarrow S \cdot]$

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But: conflict in I_2 not SLR(1)-solvable since $= \in fo(R)$

LR(1) Items and Sets I

Observation: not every element of $\text{fo}(A)$ can follow every occurrence of A
 \implies refinement of $LR(0)$ items by adding possible lookahead symbols

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Definition 10.2 ($LR(1)$ items and sets)

Let $G = \langle N, \Sigma, P, S \rangle \in \text{CFG}_\Sigma$ be start separated by $S' \rightarrow S$.

- If $S' \Rightarrow_r^* \alpha A a w \Rightarrow_r \alpha \beta_1 \beta_2 a w$, then $[A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2, a]$ is called an $LR(1)$ item for $\alpha \beta_1$.

LR(1) Parsing

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- If $S' \Rightarrow_r^* \alpha A \Rightarrow_r \alpha \beta_1 \beta_2$, then $[A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2, \varepsilon]$ is called an **LR(1) item** for $\alpha \beta_1$.

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- Given $\gamma \in X^*$, $LR(1)(\gamma)$ denotes the set of all **LR(1) items** for γ , called the **LR(1) set** (or: **LR(1) information**) of γ .

LR(1) Parsing

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- Given $\gamma \in X^*$, $LR(1)(\gamma)$ denotes the set of all **LR(1) items** for γ , called the **LR(1) set** (or: **LR(1) information**) of γ .
- $LR(1)(G) := \{LR(1)(\gamma) \mid \gamma \in X^*\}$.

LR(1) Items and Sets II

Corollary 10.3

1. For every $\gamma \in X^*$, $LR(1)(\gamma)$ is finite.

LR(1) Items and Sets II

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LR(1) Items and Sets II

Corollary 10.3

1. For every $\gamma \in X^*$, $LR(1)(\gamma)$ is finite.
2. $LR(1)(G)$ is finite.
3. For every $\gamma \in X^*$, $LR(1)(\gamma)$ “contains” $LR(0)(\gamma)$, i.e.,

$$\{[A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2] \mid [A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2, x] \in LR(1)(\gamma)\} = LR(0)(\gamma).$$

LR(1) Items and Sets II

Corollary 10.3

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$$\{[A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2] \mid [A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2, x] \in LR(1)(\gamma)\} = LR(0)(\gamma).$$

4. $[A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2, x] \in I \in LR(1)(G) \implies x \in \text{fo}(A)$

LR(1) Parsing

LR(1) Conflicts

Definition 10.4 (LR(1) conflicts)

Let $G = \langle N, \Sigma, P, S \rangle \in CFG_{\Sigma}$ and $I \in LR(1)(G)$.

- I has a **shift/reduce conflict** if there exist $A \rightarrow \alpha_1 a \alpha_2$, $B \rightarrow \beta \in P$ and $x \in \Sigma_{\epsilon}$ such that

$$[A \rightarrow \alpha_1 \cdot a \alpha_2, x], [B \rightarrow \beta \cdot, a] \in I.$$

LR(1) Conflicts

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- I has a **reduce/reduce conflict** if there exist $x \in \Sigma_{\epsilon}$ and $A \rightarrow \alpha$, $B \rightarrow \beta \in P$ with $A \neq B$ or $\alpha \neq \beta$ such that

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LR(1) Parsing

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- I has a **reduce/reduce conflict** if there exist $x \in \Sigma_{\epsilon}$ and $A \rightarrow \alpha$, $B \rightarrow \beta \in P$ with $A \neq B$ or $\alpha \neq \beta$ such that

$$[A \rightarrow \alpha \cdot, x], [B \rightarrow \beta \cdot, x] \in I.$$

Lemma 10.5

$G \in LR(1)$ iff no $I \in LR(1)(G)$ contains conflicting items.

Computing LR(1) Sets I

The computation of LR(0) sets (cf. Theorem 8.15) can be extended to cover right contexts:

Theorem 10.6 (Computing LR(1) sets)

Let $G = \langle N, \Sigma, P, S \rangle \in CFG_{\Sigma}$ be start separated by $S' \rightarrow S$ and reduced.

1. $LR(1)(\varepsilon)$ is the least set such that

– $[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon] \in LR(1)(\varepsilon)$ and

– if $[A \rightarrow \cdot B\gamma, x] \in LR(1)(\varepsilon)$, $B \rightarrow \beta \in P$, and $y \in \text{fi}(\gamma x)$, then $[B \rightarrow \cdot \beta, y] \in LR(1)(\varepsilon)$.

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1. $LR(1)(\varepsilon)$ is the least set such that

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– if $[A \rightarrow \cdot B\gamma, \mathbf{x}] \in LR(1)(\varepsilon)$, $B \rightarrow \beta \in P$, and $y \in \text{fi}(\gamma\mathbf{x})$, then $[B \rightarrow \cdot\beta, \mathbf{y}] \in LR(1)(\varepsilon)$.

2. $LR(1)(\alpha Y)$ ($\alpha \in X^*$, $Y \in X$) is the least set such that

– if $[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y\gamma_2, \mathbf{x}] \in LR(1)(\alpha)$, then $[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, \mathbf{x}] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$ and

– if $[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot B\gamma_2, \mathbf{x}] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$, $B \rightarrow \beta \in P$, and $y \in \text{fi}(\gamma_2\mathbf{x})$, then $[B \rightarrow \cdot\beta, \mathbf{y}] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$.

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

LR(1)(G_{LR}) for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon] \in LR(1)(\varepsilon)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) : \quad [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon]$

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

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$[A \rightarrow \cdot B\gamma, x] \in LR(1)(\varepsilon), B \rightarrow \beta \in P, y \in \text{fi}(\gamma x) \implies [B \rightarrow \cdot \beta, y] \in LR(1)(\varepsilon)$

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$[A \rightarrow \cdot B\gamma, x] \in LR(1)(\varepsilon), B \rightarrow \beta \in P, y \in \text{fi}(\gamma x) \implies [B \rightarrow \cdot \beta, y] \in LR(1)(\varepsilon)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) :$

$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$			

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \cdot B\gamma, x] \in LR(1)(\varepsilon), B \rightarrow \beta \in P, y \in \text{fi}(\gamma x) \implies [B \rightarrow \cdot \beta, y] \in LR(1)(\varepsilon)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) :$

$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$		

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$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) :$

$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$

Computing LR(1) Sets II

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$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha) \implies [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\epsilon) :$

$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$

$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$

$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$			
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Computing LR(1) Sets II

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$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha) \implies [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\epsilon) :$ $[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon]$ $[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon]$ $[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
 $[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$ $[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$

$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$ $[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$

$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$ $[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon]$

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha) \implies [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\epsilon) :$

$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$

$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$

$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$

$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$

$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$
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Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha) \implies [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\epsilon) :$ $[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon]$ $[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon]$ $[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
 $[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$ $[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$

$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$ $[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$

$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$ $[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon]$ $[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$

$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$ $[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon]$

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha) \implies [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\epsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$		

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot B \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y), B \rightarrow \beta \in P, y \in \text{fi}(\gamma_2 x) \implies [B \rightarrow \cdot \beta, y] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\epsilon) :$ $[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon]$ $[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon]$ $[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
 $[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$ $[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$

$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$ $[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$

$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$ $[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon]$ $[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$

$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$ $[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon]$

$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$ $[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =]$ $[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$ $[R \rightarrow \cdot L, =]$ $[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot B\gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y), B \rightarrow \beta \in P, y \in \text{fi}(\gamma_2 x) \implies [B \rightarrow \cdot \beta, y] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$$\begin{aligned} I'_0 &:= LR(1)(\epsilon) : & [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon] & \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon] & \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon] & \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \\ & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] & \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon] & \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon] & \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon] \\ I'_1 &:= LR(1)(S) : & [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon] & & & \\ I'_2 &:= LR(1)(L) : & [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon] & \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon] & & \\ I'_3 &:= LR(1)(R) : & [S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon] & & & \\ I'_4 &:= LR(1)(*) : & [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] & \quad [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon] & \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, =] & \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon] \\ & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] & \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] & \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon] & \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon] \end{aligned}$$

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha) \implies [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$$\begin{aligned} I'_0 &:= LR(1)(\epsilon) : & [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon] & & [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon] & & [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \\ & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] & & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon] \\ I'_1 &:= LR(1)(S) : & [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon] & & & & & & \\ I'_2 &:= LR(1)(L) : & [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon] & & [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon] & & & & \\ I'_3 &:= LR(1)(R) : & [S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon] & & & & & & \\ I'_4 &:= LR(1)(*) : & [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] & & [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon] & & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, =] & & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon] \\ & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon] \\ I'_5 &:= LR(1)(a) : & [L \rightarrow a \cdot, =] & & [L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon] & & & & \end{aligned}$$

LR(1) Parsing

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha) \implies [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$$\begin{aligned} I'_0 &:= LR(1)(\epsilon) : & [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon] & & [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon] & & [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \\ & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] & & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon] \\ I'_1 &:= LR(1)(S) : & [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon] & & & & & & \\ I'_2 &:= LR(1)(L) : & [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon] & & [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon] & & & & \\ I'_3 &:= LR(1)(R) : & [S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon] & & & & & & \\ I'_4 &:= LR(1)(*) : & [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] & & [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon] & & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, =] & & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon] \\ & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon] \\ I'_5 &:= LR(1)(a) : & [L \rightarrow a \cdot, =] & & [L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon] & & & & \\ I'_6 &:= LR(1)(L=) : & [S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \epsilon] & & & & & & \end{aligned}$$

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot B \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y), B \rightarrow \beta \in P, y \in \text{fi}(\gamma_2 x) \implies [B \rightarrow \cdot \beta, y] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$$\begin{aligned} I'_0 &:= LR(1)(\epsilon) : & [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon] & & [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon] & & [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \\ & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] & & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon] \\ I'_1 &:= LR(1)(S) : & [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon] & & & & & & \\ I'_2 &:= LR(1)(L) : & [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon] & & [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon] & & & & \\ I'_3 &:= LR(1)(R) : & [S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon] & & & & & & \\ I'_4 &:= LR(1)(*) : & [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] & & [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon] & & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, =] & & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon] \\ & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon] \\ I'_5 &:= LR(1)(a) : & [L \rightarrow a \cdot, =] & & [L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon] & & & & \\ I'_6 &:= LR(1)(L=) : & [S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \epsilon] & & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon] & & & & \end{aligned}$$

LR(1) Parsing

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot B \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y), B \rightarrow \beta \in P, y \in \text{fi}(\gamma_2 x) \implies [B \rightarrow \cdot \beta, y] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$$\begin{aligned} I'_0 &:= LR(1)(\varepsilon) : & [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon] & & [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon] & & [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \\ & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] & & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \\ I'_1 &:= LR(1)(S) : & [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon] & & & & & & \\ I'_2 &:= LR(1)(L) : & [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon] & & [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon] & & & & \\ I'_3 &:= LR(1)(R) : & [S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon] & & & & & & \\ I'_4 &:= LR(1)(*) : & [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] & & [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon] & & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, =] & & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \\ & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \\ I'_5 &:= LR(1)(a) : & [L \rightarrow a \cdot, =] & & [L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon] & & & & \\ I'_6 &:= LR(1)(L=) : & [S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \varepsilon] & & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \end{aligned}$$

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha) \implies [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$$\begin{aligned} I'_0 &:= LR(1)(\epsilon) : & [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon] & & [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon] & & [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \\ & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] & & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon] \\ I'_1 &:= LR(1)(S) : & [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon] & & & & & & \\ I'_2 &:= LR(1)(L) : & [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon] & & [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon] & & & & \\ I'_3 &:= LR(1)(R) : & [S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon] & & & & & & \\ I'_4 &:= LR(1)(*) : & [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] & & [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon] & & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, =] & & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon] \\ & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon] \\ I'_5 &:= LR(1)(a) : & [L \rightarrow a \cdot, =] & & [L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon] & & & & \\ I'_6 &:= LR(1)(L=) : & [S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \epsilon] & & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon] & & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon] \\ I'_7 &:= LR(1)(*R) : & [L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =] & & [L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon] & & & & \end{aligned}$$

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha) \implies [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\epsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, =]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha) \implies [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\epsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, =]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_9 := LR(1)(L=R) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \epsilon]$			

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha) \implies [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\epsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, =]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_9 := LR(1)(L=R) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{10} := LR(1)(L=L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$			

LR(1) Parsing

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha) \implies [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\epsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_9 := LR(1)(L=R) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{10} := LR(1)(L=L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{11} := LR(1)(L=*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$			

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot B\gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y), B \rightarrow \beta \in P, y \in \text{fi}(\gamma_2 x) \implies [B \rightarrow \cdot\beta, y] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\epsilon) :$

$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$

$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$

$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$			
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$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$

$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
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$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$

$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
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$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$

$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$
$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$

$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) :$

$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$		
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$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) :$

$[S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
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$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) :$

$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$		
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$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) :$

$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, =]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
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$I'_9 := LR(1)(L=R) :$

$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
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$I'_{10} := LR(1)(L=L) :$

$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$			
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$I'_{11} := LR(1)(L=*) :$

$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$		
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Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot B\gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y), B \rightarrow \beta \in P, y \in \text{fi}(\gamma_2 x) \implies [B \rightarrow \cdot \beta, y] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\epsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L = \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, =]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_9 := LR(1)(L=R) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{10} := LR(1)(L=L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{11} := LR(1)(L=*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$

LR(1) Parsing

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha) \implies [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\epsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, =]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_9 := LR(1)(L=R) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{10} := LR(1)(L=L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{11} := LR(1)(L=*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_{12} := LR(1)(L=a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$			

LR(1) Parsing

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha) \implies [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\epsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, =]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_9 := LR(1)(L=R) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{10} := LR(1)(L=L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{11} := LR(1)(L=*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_{12} := LR(1)(L=a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{13} := LR(1)(L=*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$			

LR(1) Parsing

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

LR(1)(G_{LR}) for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\epsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_9 := LR(1)(L=R) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{10} := LR(1)(L=L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{11} := LR(1)(L=*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_{12} := LR(1)(L=a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{13} := LR(1)(L=*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{14} := \emptyset$				

LR(1) Parsing

Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.7 (cf. Example 10.1)

LR(1)(G_{LR}) for $G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\epsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_9 := LR(1)(L=R) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{10} := LR(1)(L=L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{11} := LR(1)(L=*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_{12} := LR(1)(L=a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{13} := LR(1)(L=*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{14} := \emptyset$				

In I'_2 : shift on =/reduce on $\epsilon \implies G_{LR} \in LR(1)$

The LR(1) Action Function

Definition 10.8 (LR(1) action function)

The LR(1) action function

$$\text{act} : LR(1)(G) \times \Sigma_\varepsilon \rightarrow \{\text{red } i \mid i \in [p]\} \cup \{\text{shift, accept, error}\}$$

is defined by

$$\text{act}(I, x) := \begin{cases} \text{red } i & \text{if } i \neq 0, \pi_i = A \rightarrow \alpha \text{ and } [A \rightarrow \alpha \cdot, x] \in I \\ \text{shift} & \text{if } [A \rightarrow \alpha_1 \cdot x \alpha_2, y] \in I \text{ and } x \in \Sigma \\ \text{accept} & \text{if } [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon] \in I \text{ and } x = \varepsilon \\ \text{error} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

The LR(1) Action Function

Definition 10.8 (LR(1) action function)

The LR(1) action function

$$\text{act} : LR(1)(G) \times \Sigma_\varepsilon \rightarrow \{\text{red } i \mid i \in [p]\} \cup \{\text{shift, accept, error}\}$$

is defined by

$$\text{act}(I, x) := \begin{cases} \text{red } i & \text{if } i \neq 0, \pi_i = A \rightarrow \alpha \text{ and } [A \rightarrow \alpha \cdot, x] \in I \\ \text{shift} & \text{if } [A \rightarrow \alpha_1 \cdot x \alpha_2, y] \in I \text{ and } x \in \Sigma \\ \text{accept} & \text{if } [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon] \in I \text{ and } x = \varepsilon \\ \text{error} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Corollary 10.9

For every $G \in CFG_\Sigma$, $G \in LR(1)$ iff its LR(1) action function is well defined.

The LR(1) goto Function

The goto function is defined in analogy to the LR(0) case (Definition 9.3).

Definition 10.10 (LR(1) goto function)

The function $\text{goto} : LR(1)(G) \times X \rightarrow LR(1)(G)$ is determined by

$$\text{goto}(I, Y) = I' \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{there exists } \gamma \in X^* \text{ such that} \\ I = LR(1)(\gamma) \text{ and } I' = LR(1)(\gamma Y).$$

The LR(1) goto Function

The *goto* function is defined in analogy to the LR(0) case (Definition 9.3).

Definition 10.10 (LR(1) goto function)

The function $\text{goto} : LR(1)(G) \times X \rightarrow LR(1)(G)$ is determined by

$$\text{goto}(I, Y) = I' \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{there exists } \gamma \in X^* \text{ such that} \\ I = LR(1)(\gamma) \text{ and } I' = LR(1)(\gamma Y).$$

Again, *act* and *goto* form the LR(1) parsing table of G .

LR(1) Parsing

The LR(1) Parsing Table

Example 10.11 (cf. Example 10.7)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto $ \Sigma$				goto $ \mathcal{N}$		
	*	=	a	ϵ	S	L	R
I'_0	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5		I'_1	I'_2	I'_3
I'_1				accept			
I'_2		shift/ I'_6		red 5			
I'_3				red 2			
I'_4	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5			I'_8	I'_7
I'_5		red 4		red 4			
I'_6	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_9	
I'_7		red 3		red 3			
I'_8		red 5					
I'_9				red 1			
I'_{10}				red 5			
I'_{11}	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_{13}	
I'_{12}				red 4			
I'_{13}				red 3			

(empty = error/ \emptyset)

The LR(1) Parsing Automaton I

Definition 10.12 (LR(1) parsing automaton)

The **LR(1) parsing automaton** is defined as in the **LR(0)** case (see Definition 9.8), except for the **transition relation**:

shift: $(aw, \alpha l, z) \vdash (w, \alpha l', z)$ if $\text{act}(l, a) = \text{shift}$ and $\text{goto}(l, a) = l'$

reduce_a: $(aw, \alpha ll_1 \dots l_n, z) \vdash (aw, \alpha l', zi)$ if $\text{act}(l_n, a) = \text{red } i$, $\pi_i = A \rightarrow Y_1 \dots Y_n$, and $\text{goto}(l, A) = l'$

reduce_ε: $(\varepsilon, \alpha ll_1 \dots l_n, z) \vdash (\varepsilon, \alpha l', zi)$ if $\text{act}(l_n, \varepsilon) = \text{red } i$, $\pi_i = A \rightarrow Y_1 \dots Y_n$, and $\text{goto}(l, A) = l'$

accept: $(\varepsilon, l_0 l, z) \vdash (\varepsilon, \varepsilon, z 0)$ if $\text{act}(l, \varepsilon) = \text{accept}$

error_a: $(aw, \alpha l, z) \vdash (\varepsilon, \varepsilon, z \text{error})$ if $\text{act}(l, a) = \text{error}$

error_ε: $(\varepsilon, \alpha l, z) \vdash (\varepsilon, \varepsilon, z \text{error})$ if $\text{act}(l, \varepsilon) = \text{error}$

LR(1) Parsing

The LR(1) Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.13 (cf. Example 10.7)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S (0) \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R (1, 2) \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a (3, 4) \quad R \rightarrow L (5)$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto $ \Sigma$			goto $ \mathcal{N}$			
	*	=	a	ϵ	S	L	R
I'_0	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5		I'_1	I'_2	I'_3
I'_1				accept			
I'_2		shift/ I'_6		red 5			
I'_3				red 2			
I'_4	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5		I'_8	I'_7	
I'_5		red 4		red 4			
I'_6	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_9	
I'_7		red 3		red 3			
I'_8		red 5					
I'_9				red 1			
I'_{10}				red 5			
I'_{11}	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_{13}	
I'_{12}				red 4			
I'_{13}				red 3			

(empty = error/ \emptyset)

LR(1) Parsing

The LR(1) Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.13 (cf. Example 10.7)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S (0) \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R (1, 2) \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a (3, 4) \quad R \rightarrow L (5)$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto Σ				goto N		
	*	=	a	ϵ	S	L	R
I'_0	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5		I'_1	I'_2	I'_3
I'_1				accept			
I'_2		shift/ I'_6		red 5			
I'_3				red 2			
I'_4	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5		I'_8	I'_7	
I'_5		red 4		red 4			
I'_6	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_9	
I'_7		red 3		red 3			
I'_8		red 5					
I'_9				red 1			
I'_{10}				red 5			
I'_{11}	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_{13}	
I'_{12}				red 4			
I'_{13}				red 3			

(empty = error/ \emptyset)

LR(1) parsing of $a=*a$:

($a=*a, I'_0, \epsilon$)

LR(1) Parsing

The LR(1) Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.13 (cf. Example 10.7)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S (0) \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R (1, 2) \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a (3, 4) \quad R \rightarrow L (5)$

LR(1)(G_{LR})	act/goto Σ				goto N		
	*	=	a	ϵ	S	L	R
l'_0	shift/ l'_4		shift/ l'_5		l'_1	l'_2	l'_3
l'_1				accept			
l'_2		shift/ l'_6		red 5			
l'_3				red 2			
l'_4	shift/ l'_4		shift/ l'_5		l'_8	l'_7	
l'_5		red 4		red 4			
l'_6	shift/ l'_{11}		shift/ l'_{12}		l'_{10}	l'_9	
l'_7		red 3		red 3			
l'_8		red 5					
l'_9				red 1			
l'_{10}				red 5			
l'_{11}	shift/ l'_{11}		shift/ l'_{12}		l'_{10}	l'_{13}	
l'_{12}				red 4			
l'_{13}				red 3			

(empty = error/ \emptyset)

LR(1) parsing of $a=*a$:

$(a=*a, l'_0, \epsilon)$
 $\vdash (=*a, l'_0 l'_5, \epsilon)$

LR(1) Parsing

The LR(1) Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.13 (cf. Example 10.7)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S (0) \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R (1, 2) \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a (3, 4) \quad R \rightarrow L (5)$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto Σ				goto N		
	*	=	a	ϵ	S	L	R
l'_0	shift/ l'_4		shift/ l'_5		l'_1	l'_2	l'_3
l'_1				accept			
l'_2		shift/ l'_6		red 5			
l'_3				red 2			
l'_4	shift/ l'_4		shift/ l'_5		l'_8	l'_7	
l'_5		red 4		red 4			
l'_6	shift/ l'_{11}		shift/ l'_{12}		l'_{10}	l'_9	
l'_7		red 3		red 3			
l'_8		red 5					
l'_9				red 1			
l'_{10}				red 5			
l'_{11}	shift/ l'_{11}		shift/ l'_{12}		l'_{10}	l'_{13}	
l'_{12}				red 4			
l'_{13}				red 3			

(empty = error/ \emptyset)

LR(1) parsing of $a=*a$:

$(a=*a, l'_0, \epsilon)$
 $\vdash (= * a, l'_0 l'_5, \epsilon)$
 $\vdash (= * a, l'_0 l'_2, 4)$

LR(1) Parsing

The LR(1) Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.13 (cf. Example 10.7)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S (0) \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R (1, 2) \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a (3, 4) \quad R \rightarrow L (5)$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto Σ				goto N		
	*	=	a	ϵ	S	L	R
l'_0	shift/ l'_4		shift/ l'_5		l'_1	l'_2	l'_3
l'_1				accept			
l'_2		shift/ l'_6		red 5			
l'_3				red 2			
l'_4	shift/ l'_4		shift/ l'_5		l'_8	l'_7	
l'_5		red 4		red 4			
l'_6	shift/ l'_{11}		shift/ l'_{12}		l'_{10}	l'_9	
l'_7		red 3		red 3			
l'_8		red 5					
l'_9				red 1			
l'_{10}				red 5			
l'_{11}	shift/ l'_{11}		shift/ l'_{12}		l'_{10}	l'_{13}	
l'_{12}				red 4			
l'_{13}				red 3			

(empty = error/ \emptyset)

LR(1) parsing of $a=*a$:

($a=*a, l'_0, \epsilon$)
 \vdash ($=*a, l'_0 l'_5, \epsilon$)
 \vdash ($=*a, l'_0 l'_2, 4$)
 \vdash ($*a, l'_0 l'_2 l'_6, 4$)

LR(1) Parsing

The LR(1) Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.13 (cf. Example 10.7)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S (0) \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R (1,2) \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a (3,4) \quad R \rightarrow L (5)$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto Σ				goto N		
	*	=	a	ϵ	S	L	R
I'_0	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5		I'_1	I'_2	I'_3
I'_1				accept			
I'_2		shift/ I'_6		red 5			
I'_3				red 2			
I'_4	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5		I'_8	I'_7	
I'_5		red 4		red 4			
I'_6	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_9	
I'_7		red 3		red 3			
I'_8		red 5					
I'_9				red 1			
I'_{10}				red 5			
I'_{11}	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_{13}	
I'_{12}				red 4			
I'_{13}				red 3			

(empty = error/ \emptyset)

LR(1) parsing of $a=*a$:

($a=*a, I'_0, \epsilon$)
 \vdash ($=*a, I'_0 I'_5, \epsilon$)
 \vdash ($=*a, I'_0 I'_2, 4$)
 \vdash ($*a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6, 4$)
 \vdash ($a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11}, 4$)

LR(1) Parsing

The LR(1) Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.13 (cf. Example 10.7)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S (0) \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R (1, 2) \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a (3, 4) \quad R \rightarrow L (5)$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto $ \Sigma$				goto $ \mathcal{N}$		
	*	=	a	ϵ	S	L	R
I'_0	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5		I'_1	I'_2	I'_3
I'_1				accept			
I'_2		shift/ I'_6		red 5			
I'_3				red 2			
I'_4	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5		I'_8	I'_7	
I'_5		red 4		red 4			
I'_6	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_9	
I'_7		red 3		red 3			
I'_8		red 5					
I'_9				red 1			
I'_{10}				red 5			
I'_{11}	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_{13}	
I'_{12}				red 4			
I'_{13}				red 3			

(empty = error/ \emptyset)

LR(1) parsing of $a=*a$:

($a=*a, I'_0, \epsilon$)
 \vdash ($=*a, I'_0 I'_5, \epsilon$)
 \vdash ($=*a, I'_0 I'_2, 4$)
 \vdash ($*a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6, 4$)
 \vdash ($a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11}, 4$)
 \vdash ($\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{12}, 4$)

LR(1) Parsing

The LR(1) Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.13 (cf. Example 10.7)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S (0) \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R (1,2) \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a (3,4) \quad R \rightarrow L (5)$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto $ \Sigma$				goto $ \mathcal{N}$		
	*	=	a	ϵ	S	L	R
I'_0	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5		I'_1	I'_2	I'_3
I'_1				accept			
I'_2		shift/ I'_6		red 5			
I'_3				red 2			
I'_4	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5		I'_8	I'_7	
I'_5		red 4		red 4			
I'_6	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_9	
I'_7		red 3		red 3			
I'_8		red 5					
I'_9				red 1			
I'_{10}				red 5			
I'_{11}	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_{13}	
I'_{12}				red 4			
I'_{13}				red 3			

(empty = error/ \emptyset)

LR(1) parsing of $a=*a$:

($a=*a, I'_0, \epsilon$)
 \vdash ($=*a, I'_0 I'_5, \epsilon$)
 \vdash ($=*a, I'_0 I'_2, 4$)
 \vdash ($*a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6, 4$)
 \vdash ($a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11}, 4$)
 \vdash ($\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{12}, 4$)
 \vdash ($\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{10}, 44$)

LR(1) Parsing

The LR(1) Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.13 (cf. Example 10.7)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S (0) \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R (1, 2) \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a (3, 4) \quad R \rightarrow L (5)$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto $ \Sigma$				goto $ \mathcal{N}$		
	*	=	a	ϵ	S	L	R
l'_0	shift/ l'_4		shift/ l'_5		l'_1	l'_2	l'_3
l'_1				accept			
l'_2		shift/ l'_6		red 5			
l'_3				red 2			
l'_4	shift/ l'_4		shift/ l'_5		l'_8	l'_7	
l'_5		red 4		red 4			
l'_6	shift/ l'_{11}		shift/ l'_{12}		l'_{10}	l'_9	
l'_7		red 3		red 3			
l'_8		red 5					
l'_9				red 1			
l'_{10}				red 5			
l'_{11}	shift/ l'_{11}		shift/ l'_{12}		l'_{10}	l'_{13}	
l'_{12}				red 4			
l'_{13}				red 3			

(empty = error/ \emptyset)

LR(1) parsing of $a=*a$:

($a=*a, l'_0, \epsilon$)
 \vdash ($=*a, l'_0 l'_5, \epsilon$)
 \vdash ($=*a, l'_0 l'_2, 4$)
 \vdash ($*a, l'_0 l'_2 l'_6, 4$)
 \vdash ($a, l'_0 l'_2 l'_6 l'_{11}, 4$)
 \vdash ($\epsilon, l'_0 l'_2 l'_6 l'_{11} l'_{12}, 4$)
 \vdash ($\epsilon, l'_0 l'_2 l'_6 l'_{11} l'_{10}, 44$)
 \vdash ($\epsilon, l'_0 l'_2 l'_6 l'_{11} l'_{13}, 445$)

LR(1) Parsing

The LR(1) Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.13 (cf. Example 10.7)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S (0) \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R (1,2) \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a (3,4) \quad R \rightarrow L (5)$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto Σ				goto N		
	*	=	a	ϵ	S	L	R
I'_0	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5		I'_1	I'_2	I'_3
I'_1				accept			
I'_2		shift/ I'_6		red 5			
I'_3				red 2			
I'_4	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5		I'_8	I'_7	
I'_5		red 4		red 4			
I'_6	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_9	
I'_7		red 3		red 3			
I'_8		red 5					
I'_9				red 1			
I'_{10}				red 5			
I'_{11}	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_{13}	
I'_{12}				red 4			
I'_{13}				red 3			

(empty = error/ \emptyset)

LR(1) parsing of $a=*a$:

($a=*a, I'_0, \epsilon$)
 $\vdash (= * a, I'_0 I'_5, \epsilon)$
 $\vdash (= * a, I'_0 I'_2, 4)$
 $\vdash (* a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6, 4)$
 $\vdash (a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11}, 4)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{12}, 4)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{10}, 44)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{13}, 445)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{10}, 4453)$

LR(1) Parsing

The LR(1) Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.13 (cf. Example 10.7)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S (0) \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R (1,2) \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a (3,4) \quad R \rightarrow L (5)$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto Σ				goto N		
	*	=	a	ϵ	S	L	R
I'_0	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5		I'_1	I'_2	I'_3
I'_1				accept			
I'_2		shift/ I'_6		red 5			
I'_3				red 2			
I'_4	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5		I'_8	I'_7	
I'_5		red 4		red 4			
I'_6	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_9	
I'_7		red 3		red 3			
I'_8		red 5					
I'_9				red 1			
I'_{10}				red 5			
I'_{11}	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_{13}	
I'_{12}				red 4			
I'_{13}				red 3			

(empty = error/ \emptyset)

LR(1) parsing of $a=*a$:

($a=*a, I'_0, \epsilon$)
 $\vdash (= * a, I'_0 I'_5, \epsilon)$
 $\vdash (= * a, I'_0 I'_2, 4)$
 $\vdash (* a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6, 4)$
 $\vdash (a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11}, 4)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{12}, 4)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{10}, 44)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{13}, 445)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{10}, 4453)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_9, 44535)$

LR(1) Parsing

The LR(1) Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.13 (cf. Example 10.7)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S (0) \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R (1,2) \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a (3,4) \quad R \rightarrow L (5)$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto Σ				goto N		
	*	=	a	ϵ	S	L	R
I'_0	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5		I'_1	I'_2	I'_3
I'_1				accept			
I'_2		shift/ I'_6		red 5			
I'_3				red 2			
I'_4	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5		I'_8	I'_7	
I'_5		red 4		red 4			
I'_6	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_9	
I'_7		red 3		red 3			
I'_8		red 5					
I'_9				red 1			
I'_{10}				red 5			
I'_{11}	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_{13}	
I'_{12}				red 4			
I'_{13}				red 3			

(empty = error/ \emptyset)

LR(1) parsing of $a=*a$:

($a=*a, I'_0, \epsilon$)
 $\vdash (=*a, I'_0 I'_5, \epsilon)$
 $\vdash (=*a, I'_0 I'_2, 4)$
 $\vdash (*a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6, 4)$
 $\vdash (a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11}, 4)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{12}, 4)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{10}, 44)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{13}, 445)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{10}, 4453)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_9, 44535)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_1, 445351)$

LR(1) Parsing

The LR(1) Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.13 (cf. Example 10.7)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S (0) \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R (1,2) \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a (3,4) \quad R \rightarrow L (5)$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto Σ				goto N		
	*	=	a	ϵ	S	L	R
I'_0	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5		I'_1	I'_2	I'_3
I'_1				accept			
I'_2		shift/ I'_6		red 5			
I'_3				red 2			
I'_4	shift/ I'_4		shift/ I'_5		I'_8	I'_7	
I'_5		red 4		red 4			
I'_6	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_9	
I'_7		red 3		red 3			
I'_8		red 5					
I'_9				red 1			
I'_{10}				red 5			
I'_{11}	shift/ I'_{11}		shift/ I'_{12}		I'_{10}	I'_{13}	
I'_{12}				red 4			
I'_{13}				red 3			

(empty = error/ \emptyset)

LR(1) parsing of $a=*a$:

($a=*a, I'_0, \epsilon$)
 $\vdash (= * a, I'_0 I'_5, \epsilon)$
 $\vdash (= * a, I'_0 I'_2, 4)$
 $\vdash (* a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6, 4)$
 $\vdash (a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11}, 4)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{12}, 4)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{10}, 44)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{13}, 445)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{10}, 4453)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_9, 44535)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_1, 445351)$
 $\vdash (\epsilon, \epsilon, 4453510)$

LALR(1) Parsing

Outline of Lecture 10

Recap: $LR(0)$ and $SLR(1)$ Parsing

$LR(1)$ Parsing

LALR(1) Parsing

LALR(1) Parsing

LALR(1) Parsing

- **Motivation:** resolving conflicts using $LR(1)$ too expensive

LALR(1) Parsing

LALR(1) Parsing

- **Motivation:** resolving conflicts using $LR(1)$ too expensive
- Example 10.1/10.7: $|LR(0)(G_{LR})| = 11$, $|LR(1)(G_{LR})| = 15$

LALR(1) Parsing

LALR(1) Parsing

- **Motivation:** resolving conflicts using $LR(1)$ too expensive
- Example 10.1/10.7: $|LR(0)(G_{LR})| = 11$, $|LR(1)(G_{LR})| = 15$
- Empirical evaluations:
 - A. Johnstone, E. Scott: *Generalised Reduction Modified LR Parsing for Domain Specific Language Prototyping*, HICSS '02, IEEE, 2002
 - X. Chen, D. Pager: *Full LR(1) Parser Generator Hyacc and Study on the Performance of LR(1) Algorithms*, C3S2E '11, ACM, 2011

Grammar	$ LR(0)(G) $	$ LR(1)(G) $
Pascal	368	1395
Ansi-C	381	1788
C++	1236	9723

LR(0) Equivalence I

Observation: potential **redundancy by containment** of $LR(0)$ sets in $LR(1)$ sets (cf. Corollary 10.3)

LR(0) Equivalence I

Observation: potential **redundancy by containment** of $LR(0)$ sets in $LR(1)$ sets (cf. Corollary 10.3)

Definition 10.14 ($LR(0)$ equivalence)

Let $lr_0 : LR(1)(G) \rightarrow LR(0)(G)$ be defined by

$$lr_0(I) := \{[A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2] \mid [A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2, x] \in I\}.$$

Two sets $I_1, I_2 \in LR(1)(G)$ are called **$LR(0)$ -equivalent** (notation: $I_1 \sim_0 I_2$) if $lr_0(I_1) = lr_0(I_2)$.

LALR(1) Parsing

LR(0) Equivalence II

Example 10.15 (cf. Example 10.1/10.7)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R$ $L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$	$LR(1)(G_{LR}) :$ $I'_0(\epsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$LR(0)(G_{LR}) :$ $I_0(\epsilon) :$	$I'_1(S) :$ $I'_2(L) :$ $I'_3(R) :$ $I'_4(*) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R]$ $[S \rightarrow \cdot R] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot a] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L]$ $[S' \rightarrow S \cdot]$ $[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot]$ $[S \rightarrow R \cdot]$ $[L \rightarrow * \cdot R] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot *R] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a]$ $[L \rightarrow a \cdot]$ $[S \rightarrow L = \cdot R] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot *R] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a]$ $[L \rightarrow *R \cdot]$ $[R \rightarrow L \cdot]$ $[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot]$
$I_1(S) :$ $I_2(L) :$ $I_3(R) :$ $I_4(*) :$	$I'_5(a) :$ $I'_6(L=) :$ $I'_7(*R) :$ $I'_8(*L) :$ $I'_9(L=R) :$ $I'_{10}(L=L) :$ $I'_{11}(L=*) :$ $I'_{12}(L=a) :$ $I'_{13}(L=*R) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$ $[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$ $[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] \quad [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, =] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow a \cdot, =] \quad [L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$ $[S \rightarrow L = \cdot R, \epsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =] \quad [L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$ $[R \rightarrow L \cdot, =] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$ $[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \epsilon]$ $[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$

LALR(1) Parsing

LR(0) Equivalence II

Example 10.15 (cf. Example 10.1/10.7)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R$ $L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$	$LR(1)(G_{LR}) :$ $I'_0(\epsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$LR(0)(G_{LR}) :$ $I_0(\epsilon) :$	$I'_1(S) :$ $I'_2(L) :$ $I'_3(R) :$ $I'_4(*) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R]$ $[S \rightarrow \cdot R] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot a] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L]$ $[S' \rightarrow S \cdot]$ $[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot]$ $[S \rightarrow R \cdot]$ $[L \rightarrow * \cdot R] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot *R] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a]$
$I_1(S) :$ $I_2(L) :$ $I_3(R) :$ $I_4(*) :$	$I'_5(a) :$ $I'_6(L=) :$ $I'_7(*R) :$ $I'_8(*L) :$ $I'_9(L=R) :$ $I'_{10}(L=L) :$ $I'_{11}(L=*) :$ $I'_{12}(L=a) :$ $I'_{13}(L=*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] \quad [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, =] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow a \cdot, =] \quad [L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$ $[S \rightarrow L = \cdot R, \epsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =] \quad [L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$ $[R \rightarrow L \cdot, =] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$ $[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \epsilon]$ $[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$ $[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$
$I_5(a) :$ $I_6(L=) :$ $I_7(*R) :$ $I_8(*L) :$ $I_9(L=R) :$	$\Rightarrow I'_4 \sim_0 I'_{11}$	

LALR(1) Parsing

LR(0) Equivalence II

Example 10.15 (cf. Example 10.1/10.7)

$$\begin{array}{l}
 G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \\
 \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L \\
 LR(0)(G_{LR}) : \\
 I_0(\varepsilon) : \begin{array}{l} [S' \rightarrow \cdot S] \\ [S \rightarrow \cdot R] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R] \\ [R \rightarrow \cdot L] \end{array} \\
 I_1(S) : [S' \rightarrow S \cdot] \\
 I_2(L) : [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot] \\
 I_3(R) : [S \rightarrow R \cdot] \\
 I_4(*) : [L \rightarrow * \cdot R] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L] \\
 \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a] \\
 I_5(a) : [L \rightarrow a \cdot] \\
 I_6(L=) : [S \rightarrow L= \cdot R] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L] \\
 \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a] \\
 I_7(*R) : [L \rightarrow *R \cdot] \\
 I_8(*L) : [R \rightarrow L \cdot] \\
 I_9(L=R) : [S \rightarrow L=R \cdot] \\
 \implies I_4 \sim_0 I_{11} \quad I_5 \sim_0 I_{12}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{l}
 LR(1)(G_{LR}) : \\
 I'_0(\varepsilon) : \begin{array}{l} [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon] \\ [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \end{array} \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \\
 \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_1(S) : [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_2(L) : [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_3(R) : [S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_4(*) : [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] \quad [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, =] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \\
 \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_5(a) : [L \rightarrow a \cdot, =] \quad [L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_6(L=) : [S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \\
 \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_7(*R) : [L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =] \quad [L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_8(*L) : [R \rightarrow L \cdot, =] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_9(L=R) : [S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_{10}(L=L) : [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_{11}(L=*) : [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_{12}(L=a) : [L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_{13}(L=*R) : [L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \varepsilon]
 \end{array}$$

LALR(1) Parsing

LR(0) Equivalence II

Example 10.15 (cf. Example 10.1/10.7)

$$\begin{array}{l}
 G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \\
 \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L \\
 LR(0)(G_{LR}) : \\
 I_0(\varepsilon) : \begin{array}{ll} [S' \rightarrow \cdot S] & [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R] \\ [S \rightarrow \cdot R] & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a] & [R \rightarrow \cdot L] \end{array} \\
 I_1(S) : [S' \rightarrow S \cdot] \\
 I_2(L) : [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot] \\
 I_3(R) : [S \rightarrow R \cdot] \\
 I_4(*) : \begin{array}{ll} [L \rightarrow * \cdot R] & [R \rightarrow \cdot L] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R] & [L \rightarrow \cdot a] \end{array} \\
 I_5(a) : [L \rightarrow a \cdot] \\
 I_6(L=) : \begin{array}{ll} [S \rightarrow L= \cdot R] & [R \rightarrow \cdot L] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R] & [L \rightarrow \cdot a] \end{array} \\
 I_7(*R) : [L \rightarrow *R \cdot] \\
 I_8(*L) : [R \rightarrow L \cdot] \\
 I_9(L=R) : [S \rightarrow L=R \cdot] \\
 \implies I_4 \sim_0 I_{11} \quad I_5 \sim_0 I_{12} \\
 \quad I_7 \sim_0 I_{13}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{l}
 LR(1)(G_{LR}) : \\
 I'_0(\varepsilon) : \begin{array}{llll} [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon] & [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon] & [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon] & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \end{array} \\
 I'_1(S) : [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_2(L) : [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_3(R) : [S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_4(*) : \begin{array}{llll} [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] & [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon] & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, =] & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \end{array} \\
 I'_5(a) : [L \rightarrow a \cdot, =] \quad [L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
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 I'_8(*L) : [R \rightarrow L \cdot, =] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_9(L=R) : [S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_{10}(L=L) : [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_{11}(L=*) : [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_{12}(L=a) : [L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_{13}(L=*R) : [L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \varepsilon]
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

LALR(1) Parsing

LR(0) Equivalence II

Example 10.15 (cf. Example 10.1/10.7)

$$\begin{array}{l}
 G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \\
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 I_0(\varepsilon) : \begin{array}{ll} [S' \rightarrow \cdot S] & [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R] \\ [S \rightarrow \cdot R] & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a] & [R \rightarrow \cdot L] \end{array} \\
 I_1(S) : [S' \rightarrow S \cdot] \\
 I_2(L) : [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot] \\
 I_3(R) : [S \rightarrow R \cdot] \\
 I_4(*) : \begin{array}{ll} [L \rightarrow * \cdot R] & [R \rightarrow \cdot L] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R] & [L \rightarrow \cdot a] \end{array} \\
 I_5(a) : [L \rightarrow a \cdot] \\
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 I_7(*R) : [L \rightarrow *R \cdot] \\
 I_8(*L) : [R \rightarrow L \cdot] \\
 I_9(L=R) : [S \rightarrow L=R \cdot] \\
 \implies \begin{array}{ll} I_4 \sim_0 I_{11} & I_5 \sim_0 I_{12} \\ I_7 \sim_0 I_{13} & I_8 \sim_0 I_{10} \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{l}
 LR(1)(G_{LR}) : \\
 I'_0(\varepsilon) : \begin{array}{llll} [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon] & [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon] & [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon] & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \end{array} \\
 I'_1(S) : [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_2(L) : [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_3(R) : [S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_4(*) : \begin{array}{llll} [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] & [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon] & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, =] & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \end{array} \\
 I'_5(a) : \begin{array}{ll} [L \rightarrow a \cdot, =] & [L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon] \end{array} \\
 I'_6(L=) : \begin{array}{ll} [S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \varepsilon] & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \end{array} \\
 I'_7(*R) : \begin{array}{ll} [L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =] & [L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \varepsilon] \end{array} \\
 I'_8(*L) : \begin{array}{ll} [R \rightarrow L \cdot, =] & [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon] \end{array} \\
 I'_9(L=R) : [S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_{10}(L=L) : [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_{11}(L=*) : [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_{12}(L=a) : [L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon] \\
 I'_{13}(L=*R) : [L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \varepsilon]
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

LALR(1) Parsing

LALR(1) Sets I

Corollary 10.16

For every $G \in CFG_{\Sigma}$, $|LR(1)(G) / \sim_0| = |LR(0)(G)|$.

LALR(1) Parsing

LALR(1) Sets I

Corollary 10.16

For every $G \in CFG_{\Sigma}$, $|LR(1)(G) / \sim_0| = |LR(0)(G)|$.

Idea: merge $LR(0)$ -equivalent $LR(1)$ sets

(maintaining the lookahead information, but possibly introducing conflicts)

LALR(1) Parsing

LALR(1) Sets I

Corollary 10.16

For every $G \in CFG_{\Sigma}$, $|LR(1)(G) / \sim_0| = |LR(0)(G)|$.

Idea: merge $LR(0)$ -equivalent $LR(1)$ sets

(maintaining the lookahead information, but possibly introducing conflicts)

Definition 10.17 (LALR(1) sets)

Let $G \in CFG_{\Sigma}$.

- An information $I \in LR(1)(G)$ determines the **LALR(1) set**

$$\bigcup [I]_{\sim_0} = \bigcup \{I' \in LR(1)(G) \mid I' \sim_0 I\}.$$

- The set of all **LALR(1)** sets of G is denoted by **LALR(1)(G)**.

LALR(1) Parsing

LALR(1) Sets I

Corollary 10.16

For every $G \in CFG_{\Sigma}$, $|LR(1)(G) / \sim_0| = |LR(0)(G)|$.

Idea: merge $LR(0)$ -equivalent $LR(1)$ sets

(maintaining the lookahead information, but possibly introducing conflicts)

Definition 10.17 (LALR(1) sets)

Let $G \in CFG_{\Sigma}$.

- An information $I \in LR(1)(G)$ determines the $LALR(1)$ set

$$\bigcup [I]_{\sim_0} = \bigcup \{I' \in LR(1)(G) \mid I' \sim_0 I\}.$$

- The set of all $LALR(1)$ sets of G is denoted by $LALR(1)(G)$.

Remark: by Corollary 10.16, $|LALR(1)(G)| = |LR(0)(G)|$
(but $LALR(1)$ sets provide additional lookahead information)

LALR(1) Parsing

LALR(1) Sets II

Example 10.18 (cf. Example 10.15)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$LR(0)(G_{LR}) :$

$I_0(\varepsilon) :$

$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R]$
$[S \rightarrow \cdot R]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R]$
$[L \rightarrow \cdot a]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L]$

$I_1(S) :$

$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot]$

$I_2(L) :$

$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot]$
------------------------------	---------------------------

$I_3(R) :$

$[S \rightarrow R \cdot]$

$I_4(*) :$

$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L]$
$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a]$

$I_5(a) :$

$[L \rightarrow a \cdot]$

$I_6(L=) :$

$[S \rightarrow L= \cdot R]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L]$
$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a]$

$I_7(*R) :$

$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot]$

$I_8(*L) :$

$[R \rightarrow L \cdot]$

$I_9(L=R) :$

$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot]$

$LALR(1)(G_{LR}) :$

$I''_0 := I'_0 :$

$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon]$
$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =/\varepsilon]$
$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =/\varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$

$I''_1 := I'_1 :$

$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$

$I''_2 := I'_2 :$

$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$
---	--

$I''_3 := I'_3 :$

$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon]$
--

$I''_4 := I'_4 \cup I'_{11} :$

$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =/\varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, =/\varepsilon]$
$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =/\varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =/\varepsilon]$

$I''_5 := I'_5 \cup I'_{12} :$

$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, =/\varepsilon]$
--

$I''_6 := I'_6 :$

$[S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$
$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$

$I''_7 := I'_7 \cup I'_{13} :$

$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =/\varepsilon]$

$I''_8 := I'_8 \cup I'_{10} :$

$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, =/\varepsilon]$
--

$I''_9 := I'_9 :$

$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \varepsilon]$
--

The LALR(1) Action Function

The LALR(1) action function is defined in analogy to the LR(1) case (Definition 10.8).

Definition 10.19 (LALR(1) action function)

The LALR(1) action function

$$\text{act} : LALR(1)(G) \times \Sigma_\varepsilon \rightarrow \{\text{red } i \mid i \in [p]\} \cup \{\text{shift, accept, error}\}$$

$$\text{is defined by } \text{act}(I, x) := \begin{cases} \text{red } i & \text{if } i \neq 0, \pi(i) = A \rightarrow \alpha \text{ and } [A \rightarrow \alpha \cdot, x] \in I \\ \text{shift} & \text{if } [A \rightarrow \alpha_1 \cdot x \alpha_2, y] \in I \text{ and } x \in \Sigma \\ \text{accept} & \text{if } [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon] \in I \text{ and } x = \varepsilon \\ \text{error} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

LALR(1) Parsing

The LALR(1) Action Function

The LALR(1) action function is defined in analogy to the LR(1) case (Definition 10.8).

Definition 10.19 (LALR(1) action function)

The LALR(1) action function

$$\text{act} : LALR(1)(G) \times \Sigma_\varepsilon \rightarrow \{\text{red } i \mid i \in [p]\} \cup \{\text{shift, accept, error}\}$$

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Definition 10.20 (LALR(1) grammar)

A grammar $G \in CFG_\Sigma$ has the LALR(1) property (notation: $G \in LALR(1)$) if its LALR(1) action function is well defined.

The LALR(1) goto Function

Example 10.21 (cf. Example 10.18)

$G_{LR} \in LALR(1)$

LALR(1) Parsing

The $LALR(1)$ goto Function

Example 10.21 (cf. Example 10.18)

$G_{LR} \in LALR(1)$

Also the $LR(1)$ goto function (Definition 10.10) carries over to the $LALR(1)$ case.
Reason:

Lemma 10.22

Let $G \in CFG_{\Sigma}$ and $I_1, I_2 \in LR(1)(G)$ such that $I_1 \sim_0 I_2$. Then, for every $Y \in X$, $\text{goto}(I_1, Y) \sim_0 \text{goto}(I_2, Y)$.

LALR(1) Parsing

The $LALR(1)$ goto Function

Example 10.21 (cf. Example 10.18)

$G_{LR} \in LALR(1)$

Also the $LR(1)$ goto function (Definition 10.10) carries over to the $LALR(1)$ case.
Reason:

Lemma 10.22

Let $G \in CFG_{\Sigma}$ and $I_1, I_2 \in LR(1)(G)$ such that $I_1 \sim_0 I_2$. Then, for every $Y \in X$,
 $\text{goto}(I_1, Y) \sim_0 \text{goto}(I_2, Y)$.

Again, act and goto form the $LALR(1)$ parsing table of G .

LALR(1) Parsing

The LALR(1) Parsing Table

Example 10.23 (cf. Example 10.18)

$LALR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto Σ				goto N		
	*	=	a	ϵ	S	L	R
I''_0	shift / I''_4		shift / I''_5		I''_1	I''_2	I''_3
I''_1				accept			
I''_2		shift / I''_6		red 5			
I''_3				red 2			
I''_4	shift / I''_4		shift / I''_5		I''_8	I''_7	
I''_5		red 4		red 4			
I''_6	shift / I''_4		shift / I''_5		I''_8	I''_9	
I''_7		red 3		red 3			
I''_8		red 5		red 5			
I''_9				red 1			

(empty = error / \emptyset)

LALR(1) Parsing

LALR(1) Conflicts

But: merging of $LR(1)$ sets can produce new conflicts (also see exercises):

Example 10.24

$G : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow aAd \mid bBd \mid aBe \mid bAe \quad A \rightarrow c \quad B \rightarrow c$

LALR(1) Parsing

LALR(1) Conflicts

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$G : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow aAd \mid bBd \mid aBe \mid bAe \quad A \rightarrow c \quad B \rightarrow c$

$LR(1)(\epsilon) : [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot aAd, \epsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot bBd, \epsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot aBe, \epsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot bAe, \epsilon]$

$LR(1)(S) : [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$

$LR(1)(a) : [S \rightarrow a \cdot Ad, \epsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow a \cdot Be, \epsilon] \quad [A \rightarrow \cdot c, d] \quad [B \rightarrow \cdot c, e]$

$LR(1)(b) : [S \rightarrow b \cdot Bd, \epsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow b \cdot Ae, \epsilon] \quad [B \rightarrow \cdot c, d] \quad [A \rightarrow \cdot c, e]$

$LR(1)(aA) : [S \rightarrow aA \cdot d, \epsilon] \quad LR(1)(aB) : [S \rightarrow aB \cdot e, \epsilon]$

$LR(1)(ac) : [A \rightarrow c \cdot, d] \quad [B \rightarrow c \cdot, e]$

$LR(1)(bB) : [S \rightarrow bB \cdot d, \epsilon] \quad LR(1)(bA) : [S \rightarrow bA \cdot e, \epsilon]$

$LR(1)(bc) : [B \rightarrow c \cdot, d] \quad [A \rightarrow c \cdot, e]$

$LR(1)(aAd) : [S \rightarrow aAd \cdot, \epsilon] \quad LR(1)(aBe) : [S \rightarrow aBe \cdot, \epsilon]$

$LR(1)(bBd) : [S \rightarrow bBd \cdot, \epsilon] \quad LR(1)(bAe) : [S \rightarrow bAe \cdot, \epsilon]$

LALR(1) Parsing

LALR(1) Conflicts

But: merging of $LR(1)$ sets can produce new conflicts (also see exercises):

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$LR(1)(S) : [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$

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$LR(1)(aA) : [S \rightarrow aA \cdot d, \epsilon] \quad LR(1)(aB) : [S \rightarrow aB \cdot e, \epsilon]$

$LR(1)(ac) : [A \rightarrow c \cdot, d] \quad [B \rightarrow c \cdot, e]$

$LR(1)(bB) : [S \rightarrow bB \cdot d, \epsilon] \quad LR(1)(bA) : [S \rightarrow bA \cdot e, \epsilon]$

$LR(1)(bc) : [B \rightarrow c \cdot, d] \quad [A \rightarrow c \cdot, e]$

$LR(1)(aAd) : [S \rightarrow aAd \cdot, \epsilon] \quad LR(1)(aBe) : [S \rightarrow aBe \cdot, \epsilon]$

$LR(1)(bBd) : [S \rightarrow bBd \cdot, \epsilon] \quad LR(1)(bAe) : [S \rightarrow bAe \cdot, \epsilon]$

No conflicts $\implies G \in LR(1)$

LALR(1) Parsing

LALR(1) Conflicts

But: merging of $LR(1)$ sets can produce new conflicts (also see exercises):

Example 10.24

$G : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow aAd \mid bBd \mid aBe \mid bAe \quad A \rightarrow c \quad B \rightarrow c$

$LR(1)(\epsilon) : [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot aAd, \epsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot bBd, \epsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot aBe, \epsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot bAe, \epsilon]$

$LR(1)(S) : [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$

$LR(1)(a) : [S \rightarrow a \cdot Ad, \epsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow a \cdot Be, \epsilon] \quad [A \rightarrow \cdot c, d] \quad [B \rightarrow \cdot c, e]$

$LR(1)(b) : [S \rightarrow b \cdot Bd, \epsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow b \cdot Ae, \epsilon] \quad [B \rightarrow \cdot c, d] \quad [A \rightarrow \cdot c, e]$

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$LR(1)(bc) : [B \rightarrow c \cdot, d] \quad [A \rightarrow c \cdot, e]$

$LR(1)(aAd) : [S \rightarrow aAd \cdot, \epsilon] \quad LR(1)(aBe) : [S \rightarrow aBe \cdot, \epsilon]$

$LR(1)(bBd) : [S \rightarrow bBd \cdot, \epsilon] \quad LR(1)(bAe) : [S \rightarrow bAe \cdot, \epsilon]$

No conflicts $\implies G \in LR(1)$

$LR(1)(ac) \sim_0 LR(1)(bc)$, but $LR(1)(ac) \cup LR(1)(bc)$ has conflicts $\implies G \notin LALR(1)$