

# Compiler Construction

## Lecture 10: Syntax Analysis VI ( $LR(0)$ and $SLR(1)$ Parsing)

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1 Recap:  $LR(0)$  Grammars

2 The  $LR(0)$  Parsing Automaton

3  $SLR(1)$  Parsing

4  $LR(1)$  Parsing

The case  $k = 0$  is relevant (in contrast to  $LL(0)$ ): here the decision is just based on the contents of the pushdown, **without any lookahead**.

## Corollary ( $LR(0)$ grammar)

$G \in CFG_{\Sigma}$  has the  **$LR(0)$  property** if for all rightmost derivations of the form

$$S \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow_r^* \alpha Aw \Rightarrow_r \alpha \beta w \\ \Rightarrow_r^* \gamma Bx \Rightarrow_r \alpha \beta y \end{array} \right.$$

it follows that  $\alpha = \gamma$ ,  $A = B$ , and  $x = y$ .

**Goal:** derive a **finite information** from the pushdown which suffices to resolve the nondeterminism (similar to abstraction of right context in LL parsing by fo-sets)

## Definition ( $LR(0)$ items and sets)

Let  $G = \langle N, \Sigma, P, S \rangle \in CFG_{\Sigma}$  be start separated by  $S' \rightarrow S$  and  $S' \Rightarrow_r^* \alpha A w \Rightarrow_r \alpha \beta_1 \beta_2 w$  (i.e.,  $A \rightarrow \beta_1 \beta_2 \in P$ ).

- $[A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2]$  is called an  $LR(0)$  item for  $\alpha \beta_1$ .
- Given  $\gamma \in X^*$ ,  $LR(0)(\gamma)$  denotes the set of all  $LR(0)$  items for  $\gamma$ , called the  $LR(0)$  set (or:  $LR(0)$  information) of  $\gamma$ .
- $LR(0)(G) := \{LR(0)(\gamma) \mid \gamma \in X^*\}$ .

## Corollary

- ① For every  $\gamma \in X^*$ ,  $LR(0)(\gamma)$  is finite.
- ②  $LR(0)(G)$  is finite.
- ③ The item  $[A \rightarrow \beta \cdot] \in LR(0)(\gamma)$  indicates the possible reduction  $(w, \alpha \beta, z) \vdash (w, \alpha A, zi)$  where  $\pi_i = A \rightarrow \beta$  and  $\gamma = \alpha \beta$ .
- ④ The item  $[A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot Y \beta_2] \in LR(0)(\gamma)$  indicates an incomplete handle  $\beta_1$  (to be completed by shift operations or  $\varepsilon$ -steps).

# $LR(0)$ Conflicts

## Definition ( $LR(0)$ ) conflicts)

Let  $G = \langle N, \Sigma, P, S \rangle \in CFG_{\Sigma}$  and  $I \in LR(0)(G)$ .

- $I$  has a **shift/reduce conflict** if there exist  $A \rightarrow \alpha_1 a \alpha_2, B \rightarrow \beta \in P$  such that

$$[A \rightarrow \alpha_1 \cdot a \alpha_2], [B \rightarrow \beta \cdot] \in I.$$

- $I$  has a **reduce/reduce conflict** if there exist  $A \rightarrow \alpha, B \rightarrow \beta \in P$  with  $A \neq B$  or  $\alpha \neq \beta$  such that

$$[A \rightarrow \alpha \cdot], [B \rightarrow \beta \cdot] \in I.$$

## Lemma

$G \in LR(0)$  iff no  $I \in LR(0)(G)$  contains conflicting items.

## Proof.

omitted



# The $LR(0)$ Action Function

The parsing automaton will be defined using another table, the **action function**, which determines the shift/reduce decision.  
(Reminder:  $\pi_0 = S' \rightarrow S$ )

## Definition ( $LR(0)$ action function)

### The $LR(0)$ action function

$$\text{act} : LR(0)(G) \rightarrow \{\text{red } i \mid i \in [p]\} \cup \{\text{shift}, \text{accept}, \text{error}\}$$

is defined by

$$\text{act}(I) := \begin{cases} \text{red } i & \text{if } i \neq 0, \pi_i = A \rightarrow \alpha \text{ and } [A \rightarrow \alpha \cdot] \in I \\ \text{shift} & \text{if } [A \rightarrow \alpha_1 \cdot a \alpha_2] \in I \\ \text{accept} & \text{if } [S' \rightarrow S \cdot] \in I \\ \text{error} & \text{if } I = \emptyset \end{cases}$$

## Corollary

For every  $G \in CFG_{\Sigma}$ ,  $G \in LR(0)$  iff  $\text{act}$  is well defined.

- 1 Recap:  $LR(0)$  Grammars
- 2 The  $LR(0)$  Parsing Automaton
- 3  $SLR(1)$  Parsing
- 4  $LR(1)$  Parsing

# The $LR(0)$ Parsing Table

Example 10.1 (cf. Example 9.15)

$$\begin{array}{ll} G : & S' \rightarrow S \quad (0) \\ & S \rightarrow B \mid C \quad (1, 2) \\ & B \rightarrow aB \mid b \quad (3, 4) \\ & C \rightarrow aC \mid c \quad (5, 6) \end{array}$$

$I_0 := LR(0)(\varepsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot B]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot C]$
$I_1 := LR(0)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot]$		
$I_2 := LR(0)(B) :$		$[S \rightarrow B \cdot]$	
$I_3 := LR(0)(C) :$			$[S \rightarrow C \cdot]$
$I_4 := LR(0)(a) :$		$[B \rightarrow a \cdot B]$	$[C \rightarrow a \cdot C]$
		$[B \rightarrow \cdot aB]$	$[B \rightarrow \cdot b]$
		$[C \rightarrow \cdot aC]$	$[C \rightarrow \cdot c]$
$I_5 := LR(0)(b) :$		$[B \rightarrow b \cdot]$	
$I_6 := LR(0)(c) :$			$[C \rightarrow c \cdot]$
$I_7 := LR(0)(aB) :$		$[B \rightarrow aB \cdot]$	
$I_8 := LR(0)(aC) :$			$[C \rightarrow aC \cdot]$
$I_9 := \emptyset$			

# The $LR(0)$ Parsing Table

Example 10.1 (cf. Example 9.15)

$$\begin{array}{ll} G : & S' \rightarrow S \quad (0) \\ & S \rightarrow B \mid C \quad (1, 2) \\ & B \rightarrow aB \mid b \quad (3, 4) \\ & C \rightarrow aC \mid c \quad (5, 6) \end{array}$$

$LR(0)(G)$	act	goto					
		$S$	$B$	$C$	$a$	$b$	$c$
$I_0$	shift	$I_1$	$I_2$	$I_3$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_1$	accept						
$I_2$	red 1						
$I_3$	red 2						
$I_4$	shift		$I_7$	$I_8$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_5$	red 4						
$I_6$	red 6						
$I_7$	red 3						
$I_8$	red 5						
$I_9$	error						
(empty = $I_9$ )							

- $I_0 := LR(0)(\varepsilon) :$   $[S' \rightarrow \cdot S]$   
 $[S \rightarrow \cdot B]$   $[S \rightarrow \cdot C]$   
 $[B \rightarrow \cdot aB]$   $[B \rightarrow \cdot b]$   
 $[C \rightarrow \cdot aC]$   $[C \rightarrow \cdot c]$
- $I_1 := LR(0)(S) :$   $[S' \rightarrow S \cdot]$   
 $I_2 := LR(0)(B) :$   $[S \rightarrow B \cdot]$   
 $I_3 := LR(0)(C) :$   $[S \rightarrow C \cdot]$   
 $I_4 := LR(0)(a) :$   $[B \rightarrow a \cdot B]$   $[C \rightarrow a \cdot C]$   
 $[B \rightarrow \cdot aB]$   $[B \rightarrow \cdot b]$   
 $[C \rightarrow \cdot aC]$   $[C \rightarrow \cdot c]$
- $I_5 := LR(0)(b) :$   $[B \rightarrow b \cdot]$   
 $I_6 := LR(0)(c) :$   $[C \rightarrow c \cdot]$   
 $I_7 := LR(0)(aB) :$   $[B \rightarrow aB \cdot]$   
 $I_8 := LR(0)(aC) :$   $[C \rightarrow aC \cdot]$   
 $I_9 := \emptyset$

# The $LR(0)$ Parsing Automaton I

Definition 10.2 ( $LR(0)$  parsing automaton)

Let  $G = \langle N, \Sigma, P, S \rangle \in LR(0)$ . The (deterministic)  $LR(0)$  parsing automaton of  $G$  is defined by the following components.

- Input alphabet  $\Sigma$
- Pushdown alphabet  $\Gamma := LR(0)(G)$
- Output alphabet  $\Delta := [p] \cup \{0, \text{error}\}$
- Configurations  $\Sigma^* \times \Gamma^* \times \Delta^*$
- Initial configuration  $(w, l_0, \varepsilon)$  where  $l_0 := LR(0)(\varepsilon)$
- Final configurations  $\{\varepsilon\} \times \{\varepsilon\} \times \Delta^*$
- Transitions:

shift:  $(aw, \alpha l, z) \vdash (w, \alpha ll', z)$  if  $\text{act}(l) = \text{shift}$  and  $\text{goto}(l, a) = l'$

reduce:  $(w, \alpha ll_1 \dots l_n, z) \vdash (w, \alpha ll', zi)$  if  $\text{act}(l_n) = \text{red } i$ ,  $\pi_i = A \rightarrow Y_1 \dots Y_n$ ,  
and  $\text{goto}(l, A) = l'$

accept:  $(\varepsilon, l_0 l, z) \vdash (\varepsilon, \varepsilon, z 0)$  if  $\text{act}(l) = \text{accept}$

error:  $(w, \alpha l, z) \vdash (\varepsilon, \varepsilon, z \text{ error})$  if  $\text{act}(l) = \text{error}$

# The $LR(0)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.3 (cf. Example 10.1)

$$\begin{array}{ll} G : & S' \rightarrow S \quad (0) \\ & S \rightarrow B \mid C \quad (1, 2) \\ & B \rightarrow aB \mid b \quad (3, 4) \\ & C \rightarrow aC \mid c \quad (5, 6) \end{array}$$

$LR(0)(G)$	act	goto					
		$S$	$B$	$C$	$a$	$b$	$c$
$I_0$	shift	$I_1$	$I_2$	$I_3$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_1$	accept						
$I_2$	red 1						
$I_3$	red 2						
$I_4$	shift		$I_7$	$I_8$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_5$	red 4						
$I_6$	red 6						
$I_7$	red 3						
$I_8$	red 5						
$I_9$	error						

(empty =  $I_9$ )

# The $LR(0)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.3 (cf. Example 10.1)

$$\begin{array}{ll} G : & S' \rightarrow S \quad (0) \\ & S \rightarrow B \mid C \quad (1, 2) \\ & B \rightarrow aB \mid b \quad (3, 4) \\ & C \rightarrow aC \mid c \quad (5, 6) \end{array}$$

$LR(0)$  parsing of  $aac$ :  
 $(aac, I_0, \varepsilon)$

$LR(0)(G)$	act	goto					
		$S$	$B$	$C$	$a$	$b$	$c$
$I_0$	shift	$I_1$	$I_2$	$I_3$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_1$	accept						
$I_2$	red 1						
$I_3$	red 2						
$I_4$	shift		$I_7$	$I_8$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_5$	red 4						
$I_6$	red 6						
$I_7$	red 3						
$I_8$	red 5						
$I_9$	error						

(empty =  $I_9$ )

# The $LR(0)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.3 (cf. Example 10.1)

$$\begin{array}{ll} G : & S' \rightarrow S \quad (0) \\ & S \rightarrow B \mid C \quad (1, 2) \\ & B \rightarrow aB \mid b \quad (3, 4) \\ & C \rightarrow aC \mid c \quad (5, 6) \end{array}$$

$LR(0)$  parsing of  $aac$ :

$$\vdash (aac, I_0, \varepsilon) \quad \vdash (aac, I_0 I_4, \varepsilon)$$

$LR(0)(G)$	act	goto					
		$S$	$B$	$C$	$a$	$b$	$c$
$I_0$	shift	$I_1$	$I_2$	$I_3$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_1$	accept						
$I_2$	red 1						
$I_3$	red 2						
$I_4$	shift		$I_7$	$I_8$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_5$	red 4						
$I_6$	red 6						
$I_7$	red 3						
$I_8$	red 5						
$I_9$	error						

(empty =  $I_9$ )

# The $LR(0)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.3 (cf. Example 10.1)

$$\begin{array}{ll} G : & S' \rightarrow S \quad (0) \\ & S \rightarrow B \mid C \quad (1, 2) \\ & B \rightarrow aB \mid b \quad (3, 4) \\ & C \rightarrow aC \mid c \quad (5, 6) \end{array}$$

$LR(0)(G)$	act	goto					
		$S$	$B$	$C$	$a$	$b$	$c$
$I_0$	shift	$I_1$	$I_2$	$I_3$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_1$	accept						
$I_2$	red 1						
$I_3$	red 2						
$I_4$	shift		$I_7$	$I_8$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_5$	red 4						
$I_6$	red 6						
$I_7$	red 3						
$I_8$	red 5						
$I_9$	error						

(empty =  $I_9$ )

$LR(0)$  parsing of  $aac$ :

$$\begin{array}{l} (aac, I_0, \varepsilon) \\ \vdash (ac, I_0 I_4, \varepsilon) \\ \vdash (c, I_0 I_4 I_4, \varepsilon) \end{array}$$

# The $LR(0)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.3 (cf. Example 10.1)

$$\begin{array}{ll} G : & S' \rightarrow S \quad (0) \\ & S \rightarrow B \mid C \quad (1, 2) \\ & B \rightarrow aB \mid b \quad (3, 4) \\ & C \rightarrow aC \mid c \quad (5, 6) \end{array}$$

$LR(0)(G)$	act	goto					
		$S$	$B$	$C$	$a$	$b$	$c$
$I_0$	shift	$I_1$	$I_2$	$I_3$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_1$	accept						
$I_2$	red 1						
$I_3$	red 2						
$I_4$	shift		$I_7$	$I_8$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_5$	red 4						
$I_6$	red 6						
$I_7$	red 3						
$I_8$	red 5						
$I_9$	error						

(empty =  $I_9$ )

$LR(0)$  parsing of  $aac$ :

$$\begin{array}{l} (aac, I_0, \varepsilon) \\ \vdash (ac, I_0 I_4, \varepsilon) \\ \vdash (c, I_0 I_4 I_4, \varepsilon) \\ \vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_4 I_6, \varepsilon) \end{array}$$

# The $LR(0)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.3 (cf. Example 10.1)

$$\begin{array}{ll} G : & S' \rightarrow S \quad (0) \\ & S \rightarrow B \mid C \quad (1, 2) \\ & B \rightarrow aB \mid b \quad (3, 4) \\ & \textcolor{red}{C} \rightarrow aC \mid c \quad (5, 6) \end{array}$$

$LR(0)(G)$	act	goto					
		$S$	$B$	$C$	$a$	$b$	$c$
$I_0$	shift	$I_1$	$I_2$	$I_3$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_1$	accept						
$I_2$	red 1						
$I_3$	red 2						
$I_4$	shift		$I_7$	$I_8$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_5$	red 4						
$I_6$	red 6						
$I_7$	red 3						
$I_8$	red 5						
$I_9$	error						

(empty =  $I_9$ )

$LR(0)$  parsing of  $aac$ :

- $\vdash (aac, I_0, \varepsilon)$   
 $\vdash (ac, I_0 I_4, \varepsilon)$   
 $\vdash (c, I_0 I_4 I_4, \varepsilon)$   
 $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_4 I_6, \varepsilon)$   
 $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_4 I_8, 6)$

# The $LR(0)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.3 (cf. Example 10.1)

$$\begin{array}{ll} G : & S' \rightarrow S \quad (0) \\ & S \rightarrow B \mid C \quad (1, 2) \\ & B \rightarrow aB \mid b \quad (3, 4) \\ & \textcolor{red}{C} \rightarrow aC \mid c \quad (5, 6) \end{array}$$

$LR(0)(G)$	act	goto					
		$S$	$B$	$C$	$a$	$b$	$c$
$I_0$	shift	$I_1$	$I_2$	$I_3$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_1$	accept						
$I_2$	red 1						
$I_3$	red 2						
$I_4$	shift		$I_7$	$I_8$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_5$	red 4						
$I_6$	red 6						
$I_7$	red 3						
$I_8$	red 5						
$I_9$	error						

(empty =  $I_9$ )

$LR(0)$  parsing of  $aac$ :

- $\vdash (aac, I_0, \varepsilon)$   
 $\vdash (ac, I_0 I_4, \varepsilon)$   
 $\vdash (c, I_0 I_4 I_4, \varepsilon)$   
 $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_4 I_6, \varepsilon)$   
 $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_4 I_8, 6)$   
(\*)  $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_8, 65)$

# The $LR(0)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.3 (cf. Example 10.1)

$$\begin{array}{lll}
 G : & S' \rightarrow S & (0) \\
 & S \rightarrow B \mid C & (1, 2) \\
 & B \rightarrow aB \mid b & (3, 4) \\
 & C \rightarrow aC \mid c & (5, 6)
 \end{array}$$

$LR(0)(G)$	act	goto					
		$S$	$B$	$C$	$a$	$b$	$c$
$I_0$	shift	$I_1$	$I_2$	$I_3$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_1$	accept						
$I_2$	red 1						
$I_3$	red 2						
$I_4$	shift		$I_7$	$I_8$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_5$	red 4						
$I_6$	red 6						
$I_7$	red 3						
$I_8$	red 5						
$I_9$	error						
(empty = $I_9$ )							

$LR(0)$  parsing of  $aac$ :

- ( $aac, I_0, \varepsilon$ )
- $\vdash (ac, I_0 I_4, \varepsilon)$
- $\vdash (c, I_0 I_4 I_4, \varepsilon)$
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_4 I_6, \varepsilon)$
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_4 I_8, 6)$
- (\*)
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_8, 65)$
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_3, 655)$

# The $LR(0)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.3 (cf. Example 10.1)

$$\begin{array}{ll} G : & S' \rightarrow S \quad (0) \\ & S \rightarrow B \mid C \quad (1, 2) \\ & B \rightarrow aB \mid b \quad (3, 4) \\ & C \rightarrow aC \mid c \quad (5, 6) \end{array}$$

$LR(0)(G)$	act	goto					
		$S$	$B$	$C$	$a$	$b$	$c$
$I_0$	shift	$I_1$	$I_2$	$I_3$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_1$	accept						
$I_2$	red 1						
$I_3$	red 2						
$I_4$	shift		$I_7$	$I_8$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_5$	red 4						
$I_6$	red 6						
$I_7$	red 3						
$I_8$	red 5						
$I_9$	error						

(empty =  $I_9$ )

$LR(0)$  parsing of  $aac$ :

- $(aac, I_0, \varepsilon)$
- $\vdash (ac, I_0 I_4, \varepsilon)$
- $\vdash (c, I_0 I_4 I_4, \varepsilon)$
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_4 I_6, \varepsilon)$
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_4 I_8, 6)$
- (\*)
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_8, 65)$
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_3, 655)$
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_1, 6552)$

# The $LR(0)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.3 (cf. Example 10.1)

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 G : & S' \rightarrow S \quad (0) \\
 & S \rightarrow B \mid C \quad (1, 2) \\
 & B \rightarrow aB \mid b \quad (3, 4) \\
 & C \rightarrow aC \mid c \quad (5, 6)
 \end{array}$$

$LR(0)(G)$	act	goto					
		$S$	$B$	$C$	$a$	$b$	$c$
$I_0$	shift	$I_1$	$I_2$	$I_3$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_1$	accept						
$I_2$	red 1						
$I_3$	red 2						
$I_4$	shift		$I_7$	$I_8$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_5$	red 4						
$I_6$	red 6						
$I_7$	red 3						
$I_8$	red 5						
$I_9$	error						
(empty = $I_9$ )							

$LR(0)$  parsing of  $aac$ :

- ( $aac, I_0, \varepsilon$ )
- $\vdash (ac, I_0 I_4, \varepsilon)$
- $\vdash (c, I_0 I_4 I_4, \varepsilon)$
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_4 I_6, \varepsilon)$
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_4 I_8, 6)$
- (\*)
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_8, 65)$
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_3, 655)$
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_1, 6552)$
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, \varepsilon, 65520)$

# The $LR(0)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.3 (cf. Example 10.1)

$$\begin{array}{ll} G : & S' \rightarrow S \quad (0) \\ & S \rightarrow B \mid C \quad (1, 2) \\ & B \rightarrow aB \mid b \quad (3, 4) \\ & C \rightarrow aC \mid c \quad (5, 6) \end{array}$$

$LR(0)(G)$	act	goto					
		$S$	$B$	$C$	$a$	$b$	$c$
$I_0$	shift	$I_1$	$I_2$	$I_3$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_1$	accept						
$I_2$	red 1						
$I_3$	red 2						
$I_4$	shift		$I_7$	$I_8$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_5$	red 4						
$I_6$	red 6						
$I_7$	red 3						
$I_8$	red 5						
$I_9$	error						

(empty =  $I_9$ )

$LR(0)$  parsing of  $aac$ :

- $\vdash (aac, I_0, \varepsilon)$
- $\vdash (ac, I_0 I_4, \varepsilon)$
- $\vdash (c, I_0 I_4 I_4, \varepsilon)$
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_4 I_6, \varepsilon)$
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_4 I_8, 6)$
- (\*)
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_8, 65)$
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_3, 655)$
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_1, 6552)$
- $\vdash (\varepsilon, \varepsilon, 65520)$

Check by rightmost derivation  
(on the board)

# The $LR(0)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.3 (cf. Example 10.1)

$$\begin{array}{ll} G : & S' \rightarrow S \quad (0) \\ & S \rightarrow B \mid C \quad (1, 2) \\ & B \rightarrow aB \mid b \quad (3, 4) \\ & C \rightarrow aC \mid c \quad (5, 6) \end{array}$$

$LR(0)(G)$	act	goto					
		$S$	$B$	$C$	$a$	$b$	$c$
$I_0$	shift	$I_1$	$I_2$	$I_3$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_1$	accept						
$I_2$	red 1						
$I_3$	red 2						
$I_4$	shift		$I_7$	$I_8$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$
$I_5$	red 4						
$I_6$	red 6						
$I_7$	red 3						
$I_8$	red 5						
$I_9$	error						

(empty =  $I_9$ )

$LR(0)$  parsing of  $aac$ :

$$\begin{array}{l} (aac, I_0, \varepsilon) \\ \vdash (ac, I_0 I_4, \varepsilon) \\ \vdash (c, I_0 I_4 I_4, \varepsilon) \\ \vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_4 I_6, \varepsilon) \\ \vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_4 I_8, 6) \\ (*) \\ \vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_4 I_8, 65) \\ \vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_3, 655) \\ \vdash (\varepsilon, I_0 I_1, 6552) \\ \vdash (\varepsilon, \varepsilon, 65520) \end{array}$$

Check by rightmost derivation  
(on the board)

**Remark:** in the corresponding computation of  $NBA(G)$ ,  $(*)$  is nondeterministic

# The $LR(0)$ Parsing Automaton III

Theorem 10.4 (Correctness of  $LR(0)$  Parsing Automaton)

If  $G \in LR(0)$ , then the  $LR(0)$  parsing automaton of  $G$  is deterministic, and for every  $w \in \Sigma^*$  and  $z \in \{0, \dots, p\}^*$ :

$(w, I_0, \varepsilon) \vdash^* (\varepsilon, \varepsilon, z)$  iff  $\overleftarrow{z}$  is a rightmost analysis of  $w$

Proof.

omitted



- 1 Recap:  $LR(0)$  Grammars
- 2 The  $LR(0)$  Parsing Automaton
- 3  $SLR(1)$  Parsing
- 4  $LR(1)$  Parsing

# Removing Conflicts in $LR(0)$ Parsing

In practice: often  $G \notin LR(0)$

## Example 10.5

$$G_{AE} : \begin{array}{ll} E' \rightarrow E & E \rightarrow E+T \mid T \\ T \rightarrow T*F \mid F & F \rightarrow (E) \mid a \mid b \end{array}$$

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LR(0)( $G_{AE}$ ) with conflicts:

$$\begin{array}{ll} I_0 : [E' \rightarrow \cdot E] & [E \rightarrow \cdot E+T] \\ [E \rightarrow \cdot T] & [T \rightarrow \cdot T*F] \\ [T \rightarrow \cdot F] & [F \rightarrow \cdot (E)] \\ [F \rightarrow \cdot a] & [F \rightarrow \cdot b] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ll} I_1 : [E' \rightarrow E \cdot] & [E \rightarrow E \cdot + T] \\ [E \rightarrow T \cdot] & [T \rightarrow T \cdot * F] \\ [T \rightarrow F \cdot] & \end{array}$$
$$\begin{array}{ll} I_4 : [F \rightarrow (\cdot E)] & [E \rightarrow \cdot E+T] \\ [E \rightarrow \cdot T] & [T \rightarrow \cdot T*F] \\ [T \rightarrow \cdot F] & [F \rightarrow \cdot (E)] \\ [F \rightarrow \cdot a] & [F \rightarrow \cdot b] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ll} I_5 : [F \rightarrow a \cdot] & \\ [F \rightarrow b \cdot] & \\ [T \rightarrow \cdot F] & [F \rightarrow \cdot (E)] \\ [F \rightarrow \cdot a] & [F \rightarrow \cdot b] \end{array}$$
$$\begin{array}{ll} I_8 : [T \rightarrow T* \cdot F] & [F \rightarrow \cdot (E)] \\ [F \rightarrow \cdot a] & [F \rightarrow \cdot b] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ll} I_9 : [F \rightarrow (E \cdot)] & [E \rightarrow E \cdot + T] \\ I_{10} : [E \rightarrow E+T \cdot] & [T \rightarrow T \cdot * F] \end{array}$$
$$I_{11} : [T \rightarrow T*F \cdot] \quad I_{12} : [F \rightarrow (E \cdot)]$$

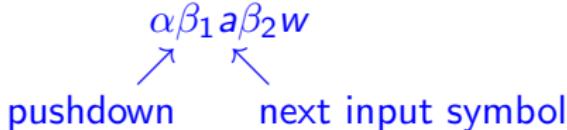
# Adding Lookahead I

**Goal:** resolving conflicts by considering next input symbol

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**Observations:**

- $[A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot a\beta_2] \in LR(0)(\alpha\beta_1)$   
 $\implies S' \Rightarrow_r^* \alpha A w \Rightarrow_r$    
 $\alpha\beta_1 a \beta_2 w$

**Thus:** shift only on lookahead  $a$

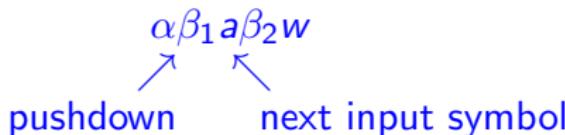
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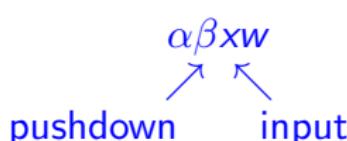
$$\Rightarrow S' \xrightarrow{r}^* \alpha A w \xrightarrow{r}$$



**Thus:** shift only on lookahead  $a$

- $[A \rightarrow \beta \cdot] \in LR(0)(\alpha\beta)$

$$\Rightarrow S' \xrightarrow{r}^* \alpha A x w \xrightarrow{r}$$



$$\Rightarrow x \in \text{fo}(A) \subseteq \Sigma_\varepsilon \quad (x = \varepsilon \text{ only if } w = \varepsilon)$$

**Thus:** reduce with  $A \rightarrow \beta$  only if lookahead  $x \in \text{fo}(A)$

# Adding Lookahead II

Example 10.6 (cf. Example 10.5)

$$\begin{array}{ll} G_{AE} : & E' \rightarrow E \quad (0) \\ & E \rightarrow E+T \mid T \quad (1, 2) \\ & T \rightarrow T*F \mid F \quad (3, 4) \\ & F \rightarrow (E) \mid a \mid b \quad (5, 6, 7) \end{array}$$

$A \in N$	$\text{fo}(A)$
$E'$	$\{\varepsilon\}$
$E$	$\{+, ), \varepsilon\}$

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- $I_1 = \{[E' \rightarrow E \cdot], [E \rightarrow E \cdot + T]\}$ :
  - accept on lookahead  $\varepsilon$
  - shift on lookahead  $+$

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  - shift on lookahead  $+$
- $I_2 = \{[E \rightarrow T \cdot], [T \rightarrow T \cdot * F]\}$ :
  - red 2 on lookahead  $+/\rangle/\varepsilon$
  - shift on lookahead  $*$

# Adding Lookahead II

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  - shift on lookahead  $*$
- $I_{10} = \{[E \rightarrow E+T \cdot], [T \rightarrow T \cdot * F]\}$ :
  - red 1 on lookahead  $+/\varepsilon$
  - shift on lookahead  $*$

# Adding Lookahead II

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⇒ SLR(1) parsing (Simple LR(1))

# The $SLR(1)$ Action Function

Definition 10.7 ( $SLR(1)$  action function)

The  $SLR(1)$  action function

$$\text{act} : LR(0)(G) \times \Sigma_\varepsilon \rightarrow \{\text{red } i \mid i \in [p]\} \cup \{\text{shift, accept, error}\}$$

is defined by

$$\text{act}(I, x) := \begin{cases} \text{red } i & \text{if } i \neq 0, \pi_i = A \rightarrow \alpha, [A \rightarrow \alpha \cdot] \in I, \\ & \text{and } x \in \text{fo}(A) \\ \text{shift} & \text{if } [A \rightarrow \alpha_1 \cdot x \alpha_2] \in I \text{ and } x \in \Sigma \\ \text{accept} & \text{if } [S' \rightarrow S \cdot] \in I \text{ and } x = \varepsilon \\ \text{error} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

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Definition 10.8 ( $SLR(1)$  grammar)

A grammar  $G \in CFG_\Sigma$  has the  $SLR(1)$  property (notation:  $G \in SLR(1)$ ) if its  $SLR(1)$  action function is well defined.

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$$\text{act}(I, x) := \begin{cases} \text{red } i & \text{if } i \neq 0, \pi_i = A \rightarrow \alpha, [A \rightarrow \alpha \cdot] \in I, \\ & \text{and } x \in \text{fo}(A) \\ \text{shift} & \text{if } [A \rightarrow \alpha_1 \cdot x \alpha_2] \in I \text{ and } x \in \Sigma \\ \text{accept} & \text{if } [S' \rightarrow S \cdot] \in I \text{ and } x = \varepsilon \\ \text{error} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Definition 10.8 ( $SLR(1)$  grammar)

A grammar  $G \in CFG_\Sigma$  has the  $SLR(1)$  property (notation:  $G \in SLR(1)$ ) if its  $SLR(1)$  action function is well defined.

Together, `act` and the  $LR(0)$  goto function (cf. Definition 9.14) form the  $SLR(1)$  parsing table of  $G$ .

# The $SLR(1)$ Parsing Table

Example 10.9 (cf. Example 10.5)

$I_0 :$	$[E' \rightarrow \cdot E]$	$[E \rightarrow \cdot E + T]$	$I_1 :$	$[E' \rightarrow E \cdot]$	$[E \rightarrow E \cdot + T]$
	$[E \rightarrow \cdot T]$	$[T \rightarrow \cdot T * F]$	$I_2 :$	$[E \rightarrow T \cdot]$	$[T \rightarrow T \cdot * F]$
	$[T \rightarrow \cdot F]$	$[F \rightarrow \cdot (E)]$	$I_3 :$	$[T \rightarrow F \cdot]$	
	$[F \rightarrow \cdot a]$	$[F \rightarrow \cdot b]$			
$I_4 :$	$[F \rightarrow (\cdot E)]$	$[E \rightarrow \cdot E + T]$	$I_5 :$	$[F \rightarrow a \cdot]$	
	$[E \rightarrow \cdot T]$	$[T \rightarrow \cdot T * F]$	$I_6 :$	$[F \rightarrow b \cdot]$	
	$[T \rightarrow \cdot F]$	$[F \rightarrow \cdot (E)]$	$I_7 :$	$[E \rightarrow E + \cdot T]$	$[T \rightarrow \cdot T * F]$
	$[F \rightarrow \cdot a]$	$[F \rightarrow \cdot b]$		$[T \rightarrow \cdot F]$	$[F \rightarrow \cdot (E)]$
				$[F \rightarrow \cdot a]$	$[F \rightarrow \cdot b]$
$I_8 :$	$[T \rightarrow T * \cdot F]$	$[F \rightarrow \cdot (E)]$	$I_9 :$	$[F \rightarrow (E \cdot)]$	$[E \rightarrow E \cdot + T]$
	$[F \rightarrow \cdot a]$	$[F \rightarrow \cdot b]$	$I_{10} :$	$[E \rightarrow E + T \cdot]$	$[T \rightarrow T \cdot * F]$
$I_{11} :$	$[T \rightarrow T * F \cdot]$		$I_{12} :$	$[F \rightarrow (E) \cdot]$	

$A \in N$	$fo(A)$
$E'$	$\{\varepsilon\}$
$E$	$\{+, )\}, \varepsilon\}$
$T$	$\{+, *, ), \varepsilon\}$
$F$	$\{+, *, ), \varepsilon\}$

# The $SLR(1)$ Parsing Table

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	$[T \rightarrow \cdot F]$	$[F \rightarrow \cdot (E)]$	$I_3 :$	$[T \rightarrow F \cdot]$	
	$[F \rightarrow \cdot a]$	$[F \rightarrow \cdot b]$			
$I_4 :$	$[F \rightarrow (\cdot E)]$	$[E \rightarrow \cdot E + T]$	$I_5 :$	$[F \rightarrow a \cdot]$	
	$[E \rightarrow \cdot T]$	$[T \rightarrow \cdot T * F]$	$I_6 :$	$[F \rightarrow b \cdot]$	
	$[T \rightarrow \cdot F]$	$[F \rightarrow \cdot (E)]$	$I_7 :$	$[E \rightarrow E + \cdot T]$	$[T \rightarrow \cdot T * F]$
	$[F \rightarrow \cdot a]$	$[F \rightarrow \cdot b]$		$[T \rightarrow \cdot F]$	$[F \rightarrow \cdot (E)]$
				$[F \rightarrow \cdot a]$	$[F \rightarrow \cdot b]$
$I_8 :$	$[T \rightarrow T * \cdot F]$	$[F \rightarrow \cdot (E)]$	$I_9 :$	$[F \rightarrow (E \cdot)]$	$[E \rightarrow E \cdot + T]$
	$[F \rightarrow \cdot a]$	$[F \rightarrow \cdot b]$	$I_{10} :$	$[E \rightarrow E + T \cdot]$	$[T \rightarrow T \cdot * F]$
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$A \in N$	$\text{fo}(A)$
$E'$	$\{\epsilon\}$
$E$	$\{+, *\}, \epsilon\}$
$T$	$\{+, *, \cdot, \epsilon\}$
$F$	$\{+, *, \cdot, \epsilon\}$

$LR(0)(GAE)$	act						goto											
	+	*	(	)	a	b	$\epsilon$	E	T	F	+	*	(	)	a	b		
$I_0$																		
$I_1$	shift																	
$I_2$	red 2	shift																
$I_3$	red 4	red 4																
$I_4$			shift															
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$I_9$	shift																	
$I_{10}$	red 1	shift																
$I_{11}$	red 3	red 3																
$I_{12}$	red 5	red 5																

# The $SLR(1)$ Parsing Automaton

Definition 10.10 ( $SLR(1)$  parsing automaton)

The  $SLR(1)$  parsing automaton is defined as in the  $LR(0)$  case (see Definition 10.2), except for the transition relation:

shift:  $(aw, \alpha I, z) \vdash (w, \alpha II', z)$  if  $\text{act}(I, a) = \text{shift}$  and  
 $\text{goto}(I, a) = I'$

reduce<sub>a</sub>:  $(aw, \alpha II_1 \dots I_n, z) \vdash (aw, \alpha II', zi)$  if  $\text{act}(I_n, a) = \text{red } i$ ,  
 $\pi_i = A \rightarrow Y_1 \dots Y_n$ , and  $\text{goto}(I, A) = I'$

reduce <sub>$\epsilon$</sub> :  $(\epsilon, \alpha II_1 \dots I_n, z) \vdash (\epsilon, \alpha II', zi)$  if  $\text{act}(I_n, \epsilon) = \text{red } i$ ,  
 $\pi_i = A \rightarrow Y_1 \dots Y_n$ , and  $\text{goto}(I, A) = I'$

accept:  $(\epsilon, I_0 I, z) \vdash (\epsilon, \epsilon, z 0)$  if  $\text{act}(I, \epsilon) = \text{accept}$

error<sub>a</sub>:  $(aw, \alpha I, z) \vdash (\epsilon, \epsilon, z \text{ error})$  if  $\text{act}(I, a) = \text{error}$

error <sub>$\epsilon$</sub> :  $(\epsilon, \alpha I, z) \vdash (\epsilon, \epsilon, z \text{ error})$  if  $\text{act}(I, \epsilon) = \text{error}$

- 1 Recap:  $LR(0)$  Grammars
- 2 The  $LR(0)$  Parsing Automaton
- 3  $SLR(1)$  Parsing
- 4  $LR(1)$  Parsing

**Problem:** not all conflicts can be resolved using **fo** sets

## Example 10.11

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

# SLR(1) Conflicts

**Problem:** not all conflicts can be resolved using **fo** sets

Example 10.11

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$$

$LR(0)(G_{LR})$ :

$I_0 := LR(0)(\varepsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L]$
$I_1 := LR(0)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot]$		
$I_2 := LR(0)(L) :$		$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot]$
$I_3 := LR(0)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot]$		
$I_4 := LR(0)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot a]$
$I_5 := LR(0)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot]$		
$I_6 := LR(0)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L= \cdot R]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot a]$
$I_7 := LR(0)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot]$		
$I_8 := LR(0)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot]$		
$I_9 := LR(0)(L=R) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot]$		

# SLR(1) Conflicts

**Problem:** not all conflicts can be resolved using  $\text{fo}$  sets

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$I_4 := LR(0)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot a]$
$I_5 := LR(0)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot]$		
$I_6 := LR(0)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L= \cdot R]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R]$ $[L \rightarrow \cdot a]$
$I_7 := LR(0)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot]$		
$I_8 := LR(0)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot]$		
$I_9 := LR(0)(L=R) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot]$		

But: conflict in  $I_2$  not  $SLR(1)$ -solvable since  $= \in \text{fo}(R)$

**Observation:** not every element of  $fo(A)$  can follow every occurrence of  $A$   
⇒ refinement of  $LR(0)$  items by adding possible lookahead symbols

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## Definition 10.12 ( $LR(1)$ items and sets)

Let  $G = \langle N, \Sigma, P, S \rangle \in CFG_{\Sigma}$  be start separated by  $S' \rightarrow S$ .

- If  $S' \xrightarrow{r}^* \alpha A a w \Rightarrow_r \alpha \beta_1 \beta_2 a w$ , then  $[A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2, a]$  is called an  $LR(1)$  item for  $\alpha \beta_1$ .

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- If  $S' \xrightarrow{*} \alpha A \Rightarrow_r \alpha \beta_1 \beta_2$ , then  $[A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2, \varepsilon]$  is called an  $LR(1)$  item for  $\alpha \beta_1$ .

**Observation:** not every element of  $fo(A)$  can follow every occurrence of  $A$   
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- If  $S' \xrightarrow{r}^* \alpha A \Rightarrow_r \alpha \beta_1 \beta_2$ , then  $[A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2, \varepsilon]$  is called an  $LR(1)$  item for  $\alpha \beta_1$ .
- Given  $\gamma \in X^*$ ,  $LR(1)(\gamma)$  denotes the set of all  $LR(1)$  items for  $\gamma$ , called the  $LR(1)$  set (or:  $LR(1)$  information) of  $\gamma$ .

**Observation:** not every element of  $fo(A)$  can follow every occurrence of  $A$   
 $\implies$  refinement of  $LR(0)$  items by adding possible lookahead symbols

## Definition 10.12 ( $LR(1)$ items and sets)

Let  $G = \langle N, \Sigma, P, S \rangle \in CFG_{\Sigma}$  be start separated by  $S' \rightarrow S$ .

- If  $S' \Rightarrow_r^* \alpha A a w \Rightarrow_r \alpha \beta_1 \beta_2 a w$ , then  $[A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2, a]$  is called an  $LR(1)$  item for  $\alpha \beta_1$ .
- If  $S' \Rightarrow_r^* \alpha A \Rightarrow_r \alpha \beta_1 \beta_2$ , then  $[A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2, \varepsilon]$  is called an  $LR(1)$  item for  $\alpha \beta_1$ .
- Given  $\gamma \in X^*$ ,  $LR(1)(\gamma)$  denotes the set of all  $LR(1)$  items for  $\gamma$ , called the  $LR(1)$  set (or:  $LR(1)$  information) of  $\gamma$ .
- $LR(1)(G) := \{LR(1)(\gamma) \mid \gamma \in X^*\}$ .

## Corollary 10.13

- ① For every  $\gamma \in X^*$ ,  $LR(1)(\gamma)$  is finite.

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$$\{[A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2] \mid [A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2, x] \in LR(1)(\gamma)\} = LR(0)(\gamma).$$

## Corollary 10.13

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$$\{[A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2] \mid [A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2, x] \in LR(1)(\gamma)\} = LR(0)(\gamma).$$
- ④  $[A \rightarrow \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2, x] \in I \in LR(1)(G) \implies x \in fo(A)$

# $LR(1)$ Conflicts

Definition 10.14 ( $LR(1)$  conflicts)

Let  $G = \langle N, \Sigma, P, S \rangle \in CFG_{\Sigma}$  and  $I \in LR(1)(G)$ .

- $I$  has a **shift/reduce conflict** if there exist  $A \rightarrow \alpha_1 a \alpha_2, B \rightarrow \beta \in P$  and  $x \in \Sigma_{\varepsilon}$  such that

$$[A \rightarrow \alpha_1 \cdot a \alpha_2, x], [B \rightarrow \beta \cdot, a] \in I.$$

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- $I$  has a **reduce/reduce conflict** if there exist  $x \in \Sigma_{\varepsilon}$  and  $A \rightarrow \alpha, B \rightarrow \beta \in P$  with  $A \neq B$  or  $\alpha \neq \beta$  such that

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# $LR(1)$ Conflicts

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$$[A \rightarrow \alpha \cdot, x], [B \rightarrow \beta \cdot, x] \in I.$$

## Lemma 10.15

$G \in LR(1)$  iff no  $I \in LR(1)(G)$  contains conflicting items.

The computation of  $LR(0)$  sets (cf. Theorem 9.10) can be extended to cover right contexts:

## Theorem 10.16 (Computing $LR(1)$ sets)

Let  $G = \langle N, \Sigma, P, S \rangle \in CFG_{\Sigma}$  be start separated by  $S' \rightarrow S$  and reduced.

①  $LR(1)(\varepsilon)$  is the least set such that

- $[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon] \in LR(1)(\varepsilon)$  and
- if  $[A \rightarrow \cdot B\gamma, x] \in LR(1)(\varepsilon)$ ,  $B \rightarrow \beta \in P$ , and  $y \in fi(\gamma x)$ , then  $[B \rightarrow \cdot \beta, y] \in LR(1)(\varepsilon)$ .

# Computing $LR(1)$ Sets I

The computation of  $LR(0)$  sets (cf. Theorem 9.10) can be extended to cover right contexts:

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Let  $G = \langle N, \Sigma, P, S \rangle \in CFG_{\Sigma}$  be start separated by  $S' \rightarrow S$  and reduced.

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②  $LR(1)(\alpha Y)$  ( $\alpha \in X^*$ ,  $Y \in X$ ) is the least set such that

- if  $[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y\gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha)$ ,  
then  $[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$  and
- if  $[A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot B\gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$ ,  $B \rightarrow \beta \in P$ , and  $y \in fi(\gamma_2 x)$ , then  $[B \rightarrow \cdot \beta, y] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$ .

# Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

# Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ :  $[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon] \in LR(1)(\varepsilon)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) : \quad [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon]$

# Computing LR(1) Sets II

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$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) :$   $[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon]$      $[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon]$      $[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon]$

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                                 $[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$

# Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$$

$$\begin{aligned} LR(1)(G_{LR}) : \quad & [A \rightarrow \cdot B\gamma, x] \in LR(1)(\varepsilon), B \rightarrow \beta \in P, y \in \text{fi}(\gamma x) \\ & \implies [B \rightarrow \cdot \beta, y] \in LR(1)(\varepsilon) \end{aligned}$$

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$$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) : \quad \begin{array}{cccc} [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon] & [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon] & [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon] & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \end{array}$$

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$$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) : \quad \begin{array}{c} [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon] \\ [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \end{array}$$

$$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) : \quad [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

# Computing LR(1) Sets II

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$$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) : \quad [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

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# Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$$

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$$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) : \quad [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

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$$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) : \quad [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) : \quad [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) : \quad [S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) : \quad [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] \quad [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon]$$

# Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$$

$$\begin{aligned} LR(1)(G_{LR}) : \quad [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot B\gamma_2, x] &\in LR(1)(\alpha Y), B \rightarrow \beta \in P, y \in \text{fi}(\gamma_2 x) \\ \implies [B \rightarrow \cdot\beta, y] &\in LR(1)(\alpha Y) \end{aligned}$$

$$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) : \quad [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$$
$$\quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) : \quad [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) : \quad [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

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$$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) : \quad [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] \quad [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, =] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$$

# Computing LR(1) Sets II

## Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$LR(1)(G_{LR}) : [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot B\gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y), B \rightarrow \beta \in P, y \in fi(\gamma_2 x)$   
 $\qquad \qquad \qquad \Rightarrow [B \rightarrow \cdot\beta, y] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) : [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$   
 $\qquad \qquad \qquad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$

$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) : [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$

$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) : [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$

$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) : [S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon]$

$I'_4 := LR(1)(*): [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] \quad [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, =] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$   
 $\qquad \qquad \qquad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$

# Computing LR(1) Sets II

## Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$$

$$\begin{aligned} LR(1)(G_{LR}) : \quad & [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha) \\ & \Rightarrow [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y) \end{aligned}$$

$$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) : \quad \begin{array}{c} [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon] \\ [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \end{array}$$

$$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) : \quad [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) : \quad [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) : \quad [S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_4 := LR(1)(*): \quad \begin{array}{c} [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [R \rightarrow \cdot L, =] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \end{array}$$

$$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) : \quad [L \rightarrow a \cdot, =]$$

# Computing LR(1) Sets II

## Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$$\begin{aligned} LR(1)(G_{LR}) : \quad & [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha) \\ & \Rightarrow [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y) \end{aligned}$$

$$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) : \quad \begin{array}{c} [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon] \\ [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \end{array}$$

$$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) : \quad [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) : \quad [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) : \quad [S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_4 := LR(1)(*): \quad \begin{array}{c} [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [R \rightarrow \cdot L, =] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \end{array}$$

$$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) : \quad [L \rightarrow a \cdot, =] \quad [L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) : \quad [S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

# Computing LR(1) Sets II

## Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$

$LR(1)(G_{LR}) : [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot B\gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y), B \rightarrow \beta \in P, y \in fi(\gamma_2 x)$   
 $\qquad \qquad \qquad \Rightarrow [B \rightarrow \cdot\beta, y] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) : [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon] \quad [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$   
 $\qquad \qquad \qquad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$

$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) : [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$

$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) : [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$

$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) : [S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon]$

$I'_4 := LR(1)(*): [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] \quad [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, =] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$   
 $\qquad \qquad \qquad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$

$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) : [L \rightarrow a \cdot, =] \quad [L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon]$

$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) : [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$

# Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$$

$$\begin{aligned} LR(1)(G_{LR}) : \quad & [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot B\gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y), B \rightarrow \beta \in P, y \in \text{fi}(\gamma_2 x) \\ & \implies [B \rightarrow \cdot\beta, y] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y) \end{aligned}$$

$$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) : \quad \begin{array}{cccc} [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon] & [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon] & [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon] & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \end{array}$$

$$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) : \quad [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) : \quad [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) : \quad [S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_4 := LR(1)(*): \quad \begin{array}{cccc} [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] & [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon] & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, =] & [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] & [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] & [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \end{array}$$

$$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) : \quad [L \rightarrow a \cdot, =] \quad [L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) : \quad [S \rightarrow L \cdot = R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$$

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Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

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$$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) : \quad \begin{array}{c} [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon] \\ [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \end{array}$$

$$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) : \quad [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) : \quad [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) : \quad [S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_4 := LR(1)(*): \quad \begin{array}{c} [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [R \rightarrow \cdot L, =] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \end{array}$$

$$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) : \quad [L \rightarrow a \cdot, =] \quad [L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) : \quad [S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) : \quad [L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =] \quad [L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

# Computing $LR(1)$ Sets II

Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$$

$$\begin{aligned} LR(1)(G_{LR}) : \quad & [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha) \\ & \Rightarrow [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y) \end{aligned}$$

$$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) : \quad \begin{array}{c} [S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon] \\ [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \end{array}$$

$$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) : \quad [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) : \quad [S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) : \quad [S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) : \quad \begin{array}{c} [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, =] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [R \rightarrow \cdot L, =] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \\ [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon] \end{array}$$

$$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) : \quad [L \rightarrow a \cdot, =] \quad [L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) : \quad [S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \varepsilon] \quad [R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon] \quad [L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) : \quad [L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =] \quad [L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

$$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) : \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, =] \quad [R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$$

# Computing $LR(1)$ Sets II

Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$$

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$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot = R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, =]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_9 := LR(1)(L=R) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \varepsilon]$			

# Computing LR(1) Sets II

## Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$$

$$\begin{aligned} LR(1)(G_{LR}) : \quad & [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha) \\ & \Rightarrow [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y) \end{aligned}$$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, =]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_9 := LR(1)(L=R) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_{10} := LR(1)(L=L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$			

# Computing $LR(1)$ Sets II

Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

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$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, =]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_9 := LR(1)(L=R) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_{10} := LR(1)(L=L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_{11} := LR(1)(L=*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon]$			

# Computing $LR(1)$ Sets II

Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

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$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, =]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_9 := LR(1)(L=R) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_{10} := LR(1)(L=L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_{11} := LR(1)(L=*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$		

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$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, =]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_9 := LR(1)(L=R) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_{10} := LR(1)(L=L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_{11} := LR(1)(L=*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$

# Computing LR(1) Sets II

## Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

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$LR(1)(G_{LR}) : [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 \cdot Y \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha)$   
 $\Rightarrow [A \rightarrow \gamma_1 Y \cdot \gamma_2, x] \in LR(1)(\alpha Y)$

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, =]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_9 := LR(1)(L=R) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_{10} := LR(1)(L=L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_{11} := LR(1)(L=*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_{12} := LR(1)(L=a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon]$			

# Computing LR(1) Sets II

## Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

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$I'_0 := LR(1)(\varepsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \varepsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, =]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$		
$I'_9 := LR(1)(L=R) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_{10} := LR(1)(L=L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_{11} := LR(1)(L=*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \varepsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \varepsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \varepsilon]$
$I'_{12} := LR(1)(L=a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \varepsilon]$			
$I'_{13} := LR(1)(L=*=R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \varepsilon]$			

# Computing LR(1) Sets II

## Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$$

LR(1)( $G_{LR}$ ):

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\epsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_4 := LR(1)(*):$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, =]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_9 := LR(1)(L=R) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{10} := LR(1)(L=L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{11} := LR(1)(L=*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_{12} := LR(1)(L=a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{13} := LR(1)(L=*=R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{14} := \emptyset$				

# Computing LR(1) Sets II

Example 10.17 (cf. Example 10.11)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \quad R \rightarrow L$$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$ :

$I'_0 := LR(1)(\epsilon) :$	$[S' \rightarrow \cdot S, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot L=R, \epsilon]$	$[S \rightarrow \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$
$I'_1 := LR(1)(S) :$	$[S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_2 := LR(1)(L) :$	$[S \rightarrow L \cdot =R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_3 := LR(1)(R) :$	$[S \rightarrow R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_4 := LR(1)(*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, =]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$
	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, =]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_5 := LR(1)(a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_6 := LR(1)(L=) :$	$[S \rightarrow L= \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_7 := LR(1)(*R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, =]$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_8 := LR(1)(*L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, =]$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$		
$I'_9 := LR(1)(L=R) :$	$[S \rightarrow L=R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{10} := LR(1)(L=L) :$	$[R \rightarrow L \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{11} := LR(1)(L=*) :$	$[L \rightarrow * \cdot R, \epsilon]$	$[R \rightarrow \cdot L, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot *R, \epsilon]$	$[L \rightarrow \cdot a, \epsilon]$
$I'_{12} := LR(1)(L=a) :$	$[L \rightarrow a \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{13} := LR(1)(L=*=R) :$	$[L \rightarrow *R \cdot, \epsilon]$			
$I'_{14} := \emptyset$				

In  $I'_2$ : shift on  $=$ /reduce on  $\epsilon \implies G_{LR} \in LR(1)$

# The $LR(1)$ Action Function

Definition 10.18 ( $LR(1)$  action function)

The  $LR(1)$  action function

$$\text{act} : LR(1)(G) \times \Sigma_\varepsilon \rightarrow \{\text{red } i \mid i \in [p]\} \cup \{\text{shift, accept, error}\}$$

is defined by

$$\text{act}(I, x) := \begin{cases} \text{red } i & \text{if } i \neq 0, \pi_i = A \rightarrow \alpha \text{ and } [A \rightarrow \alpha \cdot, x] \in I \\ \text{shift} & \text{if } [A \rightarrow \alpha_1 \cdot x \alpha_2, y] \in I \text{ and } x \in \Sigma \\ \text{accept} & \text{if } [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon] \in I \text{ and } x = \varepsilon \\ \text{error} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

# The $LR(1)$ Action Function

Definition 10.18 ( $LR(1)$  action function)

The  $LR(1)$  action function

$$\text{act} : LR(1)(G) \times \Sigma_\varepsilon \rightarrow \{\text{red } i \mid i \in [p]\} \cup \{\text{shift, accept, error}\}$$

is defined by

$$\text{act}(I, x) := \begin{cases} \text{red } i & \text{if } i \neq 0, \pi_i = A \rightarrow \alpha \text{ and } [A \rightarrow \alpha \cdot, x] \in I \\ \text{shift} & \text{if } [A \rightarrow \alpha_1 \cdot x \alpha_2, y] \in I \text{ and } x \in \Sigma \\ \text{accept} & \text{if } [S' \rightarrow S \cdot, \varepsilon] \in I \text{ and } x = \varepsilon \\ \text{error} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Corollary 10.19

For every  $G \in CFG_\Sigma$ ,  $G \in LR(1)$  iff its  $LR(1)$  action function is well defined.

# The $LR(1)$ goto Function

The `goto` function is defined in analogy to the  $LR(0)$  case (Definition 9.14).

## Definition 10.20 ( $LR(1)$ goto function)

The function  $\text{goto} : LR(1)(G) \times X \rightarrow LR(1)(G)$  is determined by

$$\text{goto}(I, Y) = I' \quad \text{iff} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{there exists } \gamma \in X^* \text{ such that} \\ I = LR(1)(\gamma) \text{ and } I' = LR(1)(\gamma Y). \end{array}$$

# The $LR(1)$ goto Function

The `goto` function is defined in analogy to the  $LR(0)$  case (Definition 9.14).

## Definition 10.20 ( $LR(1)$ goto function)

The function  $\text{goto} : LR(1)(G) \times X \rightarrow LR(1)(G)$  is determined by

$$\text{goto}(I, Y) = I' \quad \text{iff} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{there exists } \gamma \in X^* \text{ such that} \\ I = LR(1)(\gamma) \text{ and } I' = LR(1)(\gamma Y). \end{array}$$

Again, `act` and `goto` form the  $LR(1)$  parsing table of  $G$ .

# The $LR(1)$ Parsing Table

Example 10.21 (cf. Example 10.17)

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto  $\Sigma$				goto  $N$ $S \quad L \quad R$
	*	=	a	$\epsilon$	
$I'_0$	shift/ $I'_4$		shift/ $I'_5$		$I'_1 \quad I'_2 \quad I'_3$
$I'_1$				accept	
$I'_2$		shift/ $I'_6$		red 5	
$I'_3$				red 2	
$I'_4$	shift/ $I'_4$		shift/ $I'_5$		$I'_8 \quad I'_7$
$I'_5$		red 4		red 4	
$I'_6$	shift/ $I'_{11}$		shift/ $I'_{12}$		$I'_{10} \quad I'_9$
$I'_7$		red 3		red 3	
$I'_8$		red 5			
$I'_9$				red 1	
$I'_{10}$				red 5	
$I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{11}$		shift/ $I'_{12}$		$I'_{10} \quad I'_{13}$
$I'_{12}$				red 4	
$I'_{13}$				red 3	

(empty = error/ $\emptyset$ )

# The $LR(1)$ Parsing Automaton I

Definition 10.22 ( $LR(1)$  parsing automaton)

The  $LR(1)$  parsing automaton is defined as in the  $LR(0)$  case (see Definition 10.2), except for the transition relation:

shift:  $(aw, \alpha I, z) \vdash (w, \alpha II', z)$  if  $\text{act}(I, a) = \text{shift}$  and  
 $\text{goto}(I, a) = I'$

reduce<sub>a</sub>:  $(aw, \alpha II_1 \dots I_n, z) \vdash (aw, \alpha II', zi)$  if  $\text{act}(I_n, a) = \text{red } i$ ,  
 $\pi_i = A \rightarrow Y_1 \dots Y_n$ , and  $\text{goto}(I, A) = I'$

reduce <sub>$\epsilon$</sub> :  $(\epsilon, \alpha II_1 \dots I_n, z) \vdash (\epsilon, \alpha II', zi)$  if  $\text{act}(I_n, \epsilon) = \text{red } i$ ,  
 $\pi_i = A \rightarrow Y_1 \dots Y_n$ , and  $\text{goto}(I, A) = I'$

accept:  $(\epsilon, I_0 I, z) \vdash (\epsilon, \epsilon, z 0)$  if  $\text{act}(I, \epsilon) = \text{accept}$

error<sub>a</sub>:  $(aw, \alpha I, z) \vdash (\epsilon, \epsilon, z \text{ error})$  if  $\text{act}(I, a) = \text{error}$

error <sub>$\epsilon$</sub> :  $(\epsilon, \alpha I, z) \vdash (\epsilon, \epsilon, z \text{ error})$  if  $\text{act}(I, \epsilon) = \text{error}$

# The $LR(1)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.23 (cf. Example 10.17)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \text{ (0)} \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \text{ (1,2)} \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \text{ (3,4)} \quad R \rightarrow L \text{ (5)}$$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto $ \Sigma$				goto $ \mathcal{N}$
	*	=	a	$\epsilon$	S L R
$I'_0$	shift/ $I'_4$		shift/ $I'_5$		$I'_1 \ I'_2 \ I'_3$
$I'_1$				accept	
$I'_2$		shift/ $I'_6$		red 5	
$I'_3$				red 2	
$I'_4$	shift/ $I'_4$		shift/ $I'_5$		$I'_8 \ I'_7$
$I'_5$		red 4		red 4	
$I'_6$	shift/ $I'_{11}$		shift/ $I'_{12}$		$I'_{10} \ I'_{11}$
$I'_7$		red 3		red 3	
$I'_8$		red 5			
$I'_9$				red 1	
$I'_{10}$				red 5	
$I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{11}$		shift/ $I'_{12}$		$I'_{10} \ I'_{13}$
$I'_{12}$				red 4	
$I'_{13}$				red 3	

(empty = error/ $\emptyset$ )

# The $LR(1)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.23 (cf. Example 10.17)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \text{ (0)} \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \text{ (1,2)} \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \text{ (3,4)} \quad R \rightarrow L \text{ (5)}$$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	*	$\text{act/goto}_{\Sigma}$	$\text{goto}_N$
	*	= a $\epsilon$	S L R
$I'_0$	shift/ $I'_4$	shift/ $I'_5$	$I'_1 \ I'_2 \ I'_3$
$I'_1$		accept	
$I'_2$		red 5	
$I'_3$		red 2	
$I'_4$	shift/ $I'_4$	shift/ $I'_5$	$I'_8 \ I'_7$
$I'_5$	red 4	red 4	
$I'_6$	shift/ $I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{12}$	$I'_{10} \ I'_9$
$I'_7$	red 3	red 3	
$I'_8$	red 5		
$I'_9$		red 1	
$I'_{10}$		red 5	
$I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{12}$	$I'_{10} \ I'_{13}$
$I'_{12}$		red 4	
$I'_{13}$		red 3	

(empty = error/ $\emptyset$ )

$LR(1)$  parsing of  $a==a$ :  
 $(a==a, I'_0, , \epsilon)$

# The $LR(1)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.23 (cf. Example 10.17)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \text{ (0)} \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \text{ (1,2)} \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \text{ (3,4)} \quad R \rightarrow L \text{ (5)}$$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	*	$\text{act/goto}_{\Sigma}$	$\text{goto}_N$
	*	= a $\epsilon$	S L R
$I'_0$	shift/ $I'_4$	shift/ $I'_5$	$I'_1 I'_2 I'_3$
$I'_1$			accept
$I'_2$		shift/ $I'_6$	red 5
$I'_3$			red 2
$I'_4$	shift/ $I'_4$	shift/ $I'_5$	$I'_8 I'_7$
$I'_5$	red 4		red 4
$I'_6$	shift/ $I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{12}$	$I'_{10} I'_9$
$I'_7$	red 3		red 3
$I'_8$	red 5		
$I'_9$			red 1
$I'_{10}$			red 5
$I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{12}$	$I'_{10} I'_{13}$
$I'_{12}$			red 4
$I'_{13}$			red 3

(empty = error/ $\emptyset$ )

$LR(1)$  parsing of  $a==a$ :

$(a==a, I'_0, \dots, \epsilon)$   
 $\vdash ( ==a, I'_0 I'_5, \dots, \epsilon )$

# The $LR(1)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.23 (cf. Example 10.17)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \text{ (0)} \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \text{ (1,2)} \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \text{ (3,4)} \quad R \rightarrow L \text{ (5)}$$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto $ \Sigma$				goto $ \mathcal{N}$
	*	=	a	$\epsilon$	S L R
$I'_0$	shift/ $I'_4$		shift/ $I'_5$		$I'_1 \ I'_2 \ I'_3$
$I'_1$				accept	
$I'_2$		shift/ $I'_6$		red 5	
$I'_3$				red 2	
$I'_4$	shift/ $I'_4$		shift/ $I'_5$		$I'_8 \ I'_7$
$I'_5$		red 4		red 4	
$I'_6$	shift/ $I'_{11}$		shift/ $I'_{12}$		$I'_{10} \ I'_9$
$I'_7$		red 3		red 3	
$I'_8$		red 5			
$I'_9$				red 1	
$I'_{10}$				red 5	
$I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{11}$		shift/ $I'_{12}$		$I'_{10} \ I'_{13}$
$I'_{12}$				red 4	
$I'_{13}$				red 3	

(empty = error/ $\emptyset$ )

$LR(1)$  parsing of  $a==a$ :

$\vdash (a==a, I'_0, , \epsilon)$   
 $\vdash (==a, I'_0 I'_5, , \epsilon)$   
 $\vdash (=a, I'_0 I'_2, , 4)$

# The $LR(1)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.23 (cf. Example 10.17)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \text{ (0)} \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \text{ (1,2)} \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \text{ (3,4)} \quad R \rightarrow L \text{ (5)}$$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto $ \Sigma$				goto $ \mathcal{N}$
	*	=	a	$\epsilon$	S L R
$I'_0$	shift/ $I'_4$		shift/ $I'_5$		$I'_1 \ I'_2 \ I'_3$
$I'_1$				accept	
$I'_2$		shift/ $I'_6$		red 5	
$I'_3$				red 2	
$I'_4$	shift/ $I'_4$		shift/ $I'_5$		$I'_8 \ I'_7$
$I'_5$		red 4		red 4	
$I'_6$	shift/ $I'_{11}$		shift/ $I'_{12}$		$I'_{10} \ I'_9$
$I'_7$		red 3		red 3	
$I'_8$		red 5			
$I'_9$				red 1	
$I'_{10}$				red 5	
$I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{11}$		shift/ $I'_{12}$		$I'_{10} \ I'_{13}$
$I'_{12}$				red 4	
$I'_{13}$				red 3	

(empty = error/ $\emptyset$ )

$LR(1)$  parsing of  $a==a$ :

$(a==a, I'_0, , \epsilon)$   
 $\vdash ( ==a, I'_0 I'_5, , \epsilon)$   
 $\vdash ( ==a, I'_0 I'_2, , 4)$   
 $\vdash ( *a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6, , 4)$

# The $LR(1)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.23 (cf. Example 10.17)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \text{ (0)} \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \text{ (1,2)} \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \text{ (3,4)} \quad R \rightarrow L \text{ (5)}$$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto $ \Sigma$				goto $ \mathcal{N}$
	*	=	a	$\epsilon$	S L R
$I'_0$	shift/ $I'_4$		shift/ $I'_5$		$I'_1 \ I'_2 \ I'_3$
$I'_1$				accept	
$I'_2$		shift/ $I'_6$		red 5	
$I'_3$				red 2	
$I'_4$	shift/ $I'_4$		shift/ $I'_5$		$I'_8 \ I'_7$
$I'_5$		red 4		red 4	
$I'_6$	shift/ $I'_{11}$		shift/ $I'_{12}$		$I'_{10} \ I'_9$
$I'_7$		red 3		red 3	
$I'_8$		red 5			
$I'_9$				red 1	
$I'_{10}$				red 5	
$I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{11}$		shift/ $I'_{12}$		$I'_{10} \ I'_{13}$
$I'_{12}$				red 4	
$I'_{13}$				red 3	

(empty = error/ $\emptyset$ )

$LR(1)$  parsing of  $a==a$ :

$\vdash (a==a, I'_0, , \epsilon)$   
 $\vdash (==a, I'_0 I'_5, , \epsilon)$   
 $\vdash (==a, I'_0 I'_2, , 4)$   
 $\vdash (*a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6, , 4)$   
 $\vdash (a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11}, , 4)$

# The $LR(1)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.23 (cf. Example 10.17)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \text{ (0)} \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \text{ (1,2)} \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \text{ (3,4)} \quad R \rightarrow L \text{ (5)}$$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	*	$\text{act/goto}_{\Sigma}$	$\text{goto}_N$
	*	= a $\epsilon$	S L R
$I'_0$	shift/ $I'_4$	shift/ $I'_5$	$I'_1 \ I'_2 \ I'_3$
$I'_1$			accept
$I'_2$		shift/ $I'_6$	red 5
$I'_3$			red 2
$I'_4$	shift/ $I'_4$	shift/ $I'_5$	$I'_8 \ I'_7$
$I'_5$		red 4	red 4
$I'_6$	shift/ $I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{12}$	$I'_{10} \ I'_9$
$I'_7$		red 3	red 3
$I'_8$		red 5	
$I'_9$			red 1
$I'_{10}$			red 5
$I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{12}$	$I'_{10} \ I'_{13}$
$I'_{12}$			red 4
$I'_{13}$			red 3

(empty = error/ $\emptyset$ )

$LR(1)$  parsing of  $a==a$ :

- $\vdash (a==a, I'_0, , \epsilon)$
- $\vdash (==a, I'_0 I'_5, , \epsilon)$
- $\vdash (==a, I'_0 I'_2, , 4)$
- $\vdash (*a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6, , 4)$
- $\vdash (a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11}, 4)$
- $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{12}, 4)$

# The $LR(1)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.23 (cf. Example 10.17)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \text{ (0)} \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \text{ (1,2)} \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \text{ (3,4)} \quad R \rightarrow L \text{ (5)}$$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	*	=	a	$\epsilon$	act/goto $ \Sigma$	goto $ _N$
					$S \quad L \quad R$	
$I'_0$	shift/ $I'_4$		shift/ $I'_5$			$I'_1 \quad I'_2 \quad I'_3$
$I'_1$				accept		
$I'_2$		shift/ $I'_6$		red 5		
$I'_3$				red 2		
$I'_4$	shift/ $I'_4$		shift/ $I'_5$			$I'_8 \quad I'_7$
$I'_5$		red 4		red 4		
$I'_6$	shift/ $I'_{11}$		shift/ $I'_{12}$			$I'_{10} \quad I'_9$
$I'_7$		red 3		red 3		
$I'_8$		red 5				
$I'_9$				red 1		
$I'_{10}$				red 5		
$I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{11}$		shift/ $I'_{12}$			$I'_{10} \quad I'_{13}$
$I'_{12}$				red 4		
$I'_{13}$				red 3		

(empty = error/ $\emptyset$ )

$LR(1)$  parsing of  $a==a$ :

- ( $a==a$ ,  $I'_0$ ,  $\epsilon$ )
- $\vdash ( ==a, I'_0 I'_5, \epsilon )$
- $\vdash ( ==a, I'_0 I'_2, 4 )$
- $\vdash ( *a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6, 4 )$
- $\vdash ( a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11}, 4 )$
- $\vdash ( \epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{12}, 4 )$
- $\vdash ( \epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{10}, 44 )$

# The $LR(1)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.23 (cf. Example 10.17)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \text{ (0)} \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \text{ (1,2)} \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \text{ (3,4)} \quad R \rightarrow L \text{ (5)}$$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto $ \Sigma$				goto $ \mathcal{N}$
	*	=	a	$\epsilon$	S L R
$I'_0$	shift/ $I'_4$		shift/ $I'_5$		$I'_1 \ I'_2 \ I'_3$
$I'_1$				accept	
$I'_2$		shift/ $I'_6$		red 5	
$I'_3$				red 2	
$I'_4$	shift/ $I'_4$		shift/ $I'_5$		$I'_8 \ I'_7$
$I'_5$		red 4		red 4	
$I'_6$	shift/ $I'_{11}$		shift/ $I'_{12}$		$I'_{10} \ I'_9$
$I'_7$		red 3		red 3	
$I'_8$		red 5			
$I'_9$				red 1	
$I'_{10}$				red 5	
$I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{11}$		shift/ $I'_{12}$		$I'_{10} \ I'_{13}$
$I'_{12}$				red 4	
$I'_{13}$				red 3	

(empty = error/ $\emptyset$ )

$LR(1)$  parsing of  $a==a$ :

- $\vdash (a==a, I'_0, , \epsilon)$
- $\vdash (=a, I'_0 I'_5, , \epsilon)$
- $\vdash (==a, I'_0 I'_2, , 4)$
- $\vdash (*a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6, , 4)$
- $\vdash (a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11}, , 4)$
- $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{12}, 4)$
- $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{10}, 44)$
- $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{13}, 445)$

# The $LR(1)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.23 (cf. Example 10.17)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \text{ (0)} \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \text{ (1,2)} \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \text{ (3,4)} \quad R \rightarrow L \text{ (5)}$$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	*	$\text{act/goto}_{\Sigma}$	$\text{goto}_N$
	*	= a $\epsilon$	$S \ L \ R$
$I'_0$	shift/ $I'_4$	shift/ $I'_5$	$I'_1 \ I'_2 \ I'_3$
$I'_1$			accept
$I'_2$		shift/ $I'_6$	red 5
$I'_3$			red 2
$I'_4$	shift/ $I'_4$	shift/ $I'_5$	$I'_8 \ I'_7$
$I'_5$		red 4	red 4
$I'_6$	shift/ $I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{12}$	$I'_{10} \ I'_9$
$I'_7$		red 3	red 3
$I'_8$		red 5	
$I'_9$			red 1
$I'_{10}$			red 5
$I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{12}$	$I'_{10} \ I'_{13}$
$I'_{12}$			red 4
$I'_{13}$			red 3

(empty = error/ $\emptyset$ )

$LR(1)$  parsing of  $a==a$ :

- $\vdash (a==a, I'_0, , \epsilon)$
- $\vdash (==a, I'_0 I'_5, , \epsilon)$
- $\vdash (==a, I'_0 I'_2, , 4)$
- $\vdash (*a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6, , 4)$
- $\vdash (a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11}, , 4)$
- $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{12}, 4)$
- $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{10}, 44)$
- $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{13}, 445)$
- $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{10}, 4453)$

# The $LR(1)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.23 (cf. Example 10.17)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \text{ (0)} \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \text{ (1,2)} \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \text{ (3,4)} \quad R \rightarrow L \text{ (5)}$$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto $ \Sigma$				goto $ \mathcal{N}$
	*	=	a	$\epsilon$	$S \quad L \quad R$
$I'_0$	shift/ $I'_4$		shift/ $I'_5$		$I'_1 \quad I'_2 \quad I'_3$
$I'_1$				accept	
$I'_2$		shift/ $I'_6$		red 5	
$I'_3$				red 2	
$I'_4$	shift/ $I'_4$		shift/ $I'_5$		$I'_8 \quad I'_7$
$I'_5$		red 4		red 4	
$I'_6$	shift/ $I'_{11}$		shift/ $I'_{12}$		$I'_{10} \quad I'_9$
$I'_7$		red 3		red 3	
$I'_8$		red 5			
$I'_9$				red 1	
$I'_{10}$				red 5	
$I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{11}$		shift/ $I'_{12}$		$I'_{10} \quad I'_{13}$
$I'_{12}$				red 4	
$I'_{13}$				red 3	

(empty = error/ $\emptyset$ )

$LR(1)$  parsing of  $a==a$ :

- $\vdash (a==a, I'_0, , \epsilon)$
- $\vdash (==a, I'_0 I'_5, , \epsilon)$
- $\vdash (==a, I'_0 I'_2, , 4)$
- $\vdash (*a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6, , 4)$
- $\vdash (a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11}, , 4)$
- $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{12}, 4)$
- $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{10}, 44)$
- $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{13}, 445)$
- $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{10}, 4453)$
- $\vdash (\epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_9, 44535)$

# The $LR(1)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.23 (cf. Example 10.17)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \text{ (0)} \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \text{ (1,2)} \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \text{ (3,4)} \quad R \rightarrow L \text{ (5)}$$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	*	$\text{act/goto}_{\Sigma}$	$\text{goto}_N$
	*	= a $\epsilon$	$S \ L \ R$
$I'_0$	shift/ $I'_4$	shift/ $I'_5$	$I'_1 \ I'_2 \ I'_3$
$I'_1$			accept
$I'_2$		shift/ $I'_6$	red 5
$I'_3$			red 2
$I'_4$	shift/ $I'_4$	shift/ $I'_5$	$I'_8 \ I'_7$
$I'_5$		red 4	red 4
$I'_6$	shift/ $I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{12}$	$I'_{10} \ I'_9$
$I'_7$		red 3	red 3
$I'_8$		red 5	
$I'_9$			red 1
$I'_{10}$			red 5
$I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{12}$	$I'_{10} \ I'_{13}$
$I'_{12}$			red 4
$I'_{13}$			red 3

(empty = error/ $\emptyset$ )

$LR(1)$  parsing of  $a==a$ :

- $(a==a, I'_0, , \epsilon)$
- $\vdash ( ==a, I'_0 I'_5, , \epsilon)$
- $\vdash ( ==a, I'_0 I'_2, , 4)$
- $\vdash ( *a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6, , 4)$
- $\vdash ( a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11}, , 4)$
- $\vdash ( \epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{12}, 4)$
- $\vdash ( \epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{10}, 44)$
- $\vdash ( \epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{13}, 445)$
- $\vdash ( \epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{10}, 4453)$
- $\vdash ( \epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_9, 44535)$
- $\vdash ( \epsilon, I'_0 I'_1, , 445351)$

# The $LR(1)$ Parsing Automaton II

Example 10.23 (cf. Example 10.17)

$$G_{LR} : S' \rightarrow S \text{ (0)} \quad S \rightarrow L=R \mid R \text{ (1,2)} \quad L \rightarrow *R \mid a \text{ (3,4)} \quad R \rightarrow L \text{ (5)}$$

$LR(1)(G_{LR})$	act/goto $ \Sigma$				goto $ \mathcal{N}$ $S \quad L \quad R$
	*	=	a	$\epsilon$	
$I'_0$	shift/ $I'_4$		shift/ $I'_5$		$I'_1 \quad I'_2 \quad I'_3$
$I'_1$				accept	
$I'_2$		shift/ $I'_6$		red 5	
$I'_3$				red 2	
$I'_4$	shift/ $I'_4$		shift/ $I'_5$		$I'_8 \quad I'_7$
$I'_5$		red 4		red 4	
$I'_6$	shift/ $I'_{11}$		shift/ $I'_{12}$		$I'_{10} \quad I'_{11}$
$I'_7$		red 3		red 3	
$I'_8$		red 5			
$I'_9$				red 1	
$I'_{10}$				red 5	
$I'_{11}$	shift/ $I'_{11}$		shift/ $I'_{12}$		$I'_{10} \quad I'_{13}$
$I'_{12}$				red 4	
$I'_{13}$				red 3	

(empty = error/ $\emptyset$ )

$LR(1)$  parsing of  $a==a$ :

- $\vdash (a==a, I'_0, , \epsilon)$
- $\vdash ( ==a, I'_0 I'_5, , \epsilon)$
- $\vdash ( ==a, I'_0 I'_2, , 4)$
- $\vdash ( *a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6, , 4)$
- $\vdash ( a, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11}, , 4)$
- $\vdash ( \epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{12}, 4)$
- $\vdash ( \epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{10}, 44)$
- $\vdash ( \epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{11} I'_{13}, 445)$
- $\vdash ( \epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_{10}, 4453)$
- $\vdash ( \epsilon, I'_0 I'_2 I'_6 I'_9, 44535)$
- $\vdash ( \epsilon, I'_0 I'_1, , 445351)$
- $\vdash ( \epsilon, \epsilon, , 4453510)$