



**Advanced Model Checking
Summer term 2014**

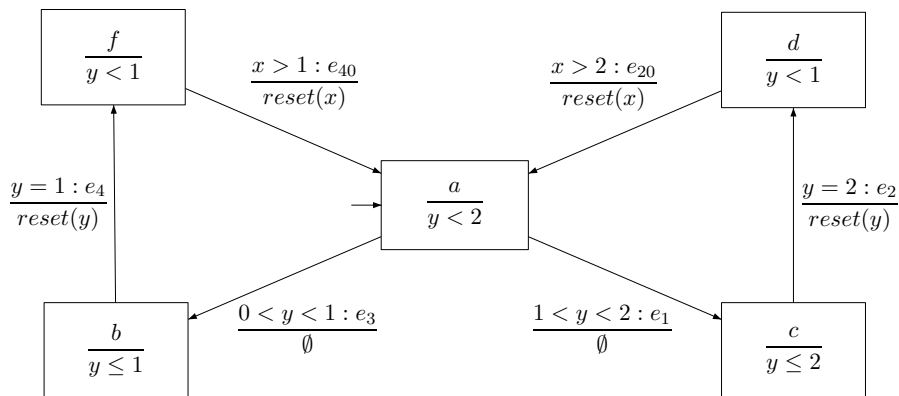
– Series 11 –

Hand in on **9 July** before the exercise class.

Exercise 1

(4 points)

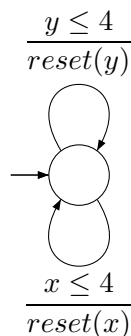
Give the formal semantics of the following timed automaton TA by means of a transition system. That is, formally define the components of the (infinite) transition system.



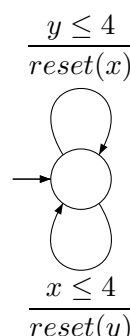
Exercise 2

(2 points)

Consider the following two timed automata TA_1 and TA_2 .



(a)



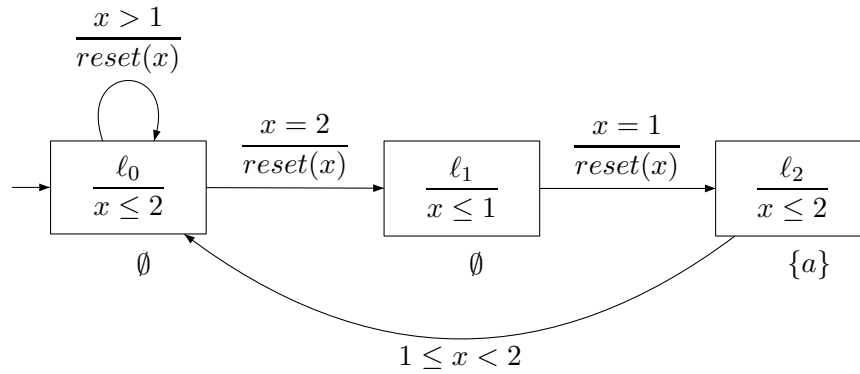
(b)

As these automata only have a single location, their *states* can be thought of as a point in the real plane. A point $(d, e) \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^2$ then represents that clock x has value d and clock y has value e . Determine the reachable state space of both timed automata. Justify your answers.

Exercise 3

(3 points)

Consider the following timed automaton TA .



- (a) Determine the set of states $Sat(\exists \diamond^{<4} a)$.
- (b) Determine the region transition system $RTS(TA, true)$.
- (c) Is the TA timelock-free? Justify your answer.

Exercise 4

(1 points)

- (a) Find a counterexample showing that

$$\forall \diamond^{=d} \Phi \wedge \forall \diamond^{=d} \Psi \not\equiv \forall \diamond^{=d} (\Phi \wedge \Psi),$$

where $\diamond^{=d} = \diamond^{[d,d]}$ for $d \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$.

- (b) Does this also hold for $J = [0, \infty)$? Justify your answer.