

Exercise 1 (Prefix property):

(2 Points)

A language $L \in \Sigma^*$ is called prefix-free, if $L \cap L\Sigma^+ = \emptyset$, i.e. if no proper prefix of a word in L is in L , too.

Show that the following holds for all non prefix-free languages L : $L \notin \mathcal{L}(LR(0))$.

Exercise 2 (LR items):

(3 Points)

The grammar G is defined as:

$$\begin{aligned} S' &\rightarrow S c \\ S &\rightarrow S A \mid A \\ A &\rightarrow a S b \mid a b \end{aligned}$$

Consider a right most derivation: $S' \Rightarrow_{rm}^* \alpha A w \Rightarrow_{rm} \alpha \beta w$. $\alpha \beta w$ is called a *right sentential form*, say γ . THE (unique) *handle* of γ is β . A *viable prefix* of G is a prefix of any right sentential form γ ending no farther right than the right end of the handle of γ .

- Build an NFA $A = (Q, V \cup T, \delta, q_0, Q)$ recognising the viable prefixes of G using the following definition. Q is the set of *items*, V and T are the sets of non-terminals and terminals of G . q_0 is the initial state.
 - $(q_0, \epsilon, S' \rightarrow \cdot \alpha) \in \delta$ iff $S' \rightarrow \alpha$ is a production of G ,
 - $(A \rightarrow \alpha \cdot B \beta, \epsilon, B \rightarrow \cdot \eta) \in \delta$ iff $B \rightarrow \eta$ is a production of G ,
 - $(A \rightarrow \alpha \cdot X \beta, X, A \rightarrow \alpha X \cdot \beta) \in \delta$.
- Determinise A to A' .
- What is the relationship between the states of A' and the LR(0) sets defined in the lecture?
- Is G an LR(0) grammar?

Exercise 3 (Implementation):

(5 Points)

After building a lexer in the previous exercises we now start building a parser for our *WHILE* language. In this exercise we take the first steps towards a parser.

Assume the following grammar for the *WHILE* language. The terminal alphabet is the set of tokens, non-terminals and starting symbol are obvious. The production rules are given below:

- start \rightarrow program EOF
- program \rightarrow statement program \mid statement
- statement \rightarrow declaration SEM \mid assignment SEM \mid branch \mid loop \mid out SEM
- declaration \rightarrow INT ID
- assignment \rightarrow ID ASSIGN expr \mid ID ASSIGN READ LBRAC RBRAC
- out \rightarrow WRITE LBRAC expr RBRAC \mid WRITE LBRAC STRING RBRAC
- branch \rightarrow IF LBRAC guard RBRAC LCBRAC program RCBRAC \mid
 IF LBRAC guard RBRAC LCBRAC program RCBRAC ELSE LCBRAC program RCBRAC
- loop \rightarrow WHILE LBRAC guard RBRAC LCBRAC program RCBRAC
- expr \rightarrow NUM \mid ID \mid subexpr \mid LBRAC subexpr RBRAC
- subexpr \rightarrow expr PLUS expr \mid expr MINUS expr \mid expr TIMES expr \mid expr DIV expr
- guard \rightarrow relation \mid subguard \mid LBRAC subguard RBRAC \mid NOT LBRAC guard RBRAC
- subguard \rightarrow guard AND guard \mid guard OR guard
- relation \rightarrow expr LT expr \mid expr LEQ expr \mid expr EQ expr \mid expr NEQ expr \mid expr GEQ expr \mid expr GT expr

Task:



You will find this grammar hard coded in the file `parser/WhileGrammar.java`. Your task is to

- compute the LR(0) sets for this grammar,
- detect conflicts and indicate where they occur,
- provide the total number of sets and conflicts.

As with the previous exercises, please download the framework from the course website and fill the gaps in `parser/GotoDFA.java` and `parser/LR0Set.java`. **Please submit your code via the L2P system. Do not send it by email any more. Make sure you pack the whole project (not just single files) in one zip file. Name this file with names and matriculation numbers of your group members!**