

Introduction

Modelling parallel systems

Linear Time Properties

Regular Properties

Linear Temporal Logic (LTL)

Computation-Tree Logic

Equivalences and Abstraction

bisimulation

CTL, CTL*-equivalence

computing the bisimulation quotient ←

abstraction stutter steps

simulation relations

\mathcal{T}/\sim arises by collapsing all bisimilar states in \mathcal{T}

\mathcal{T}/\sim arises by collapsing all **bisimilar states** in \mathcal{T}

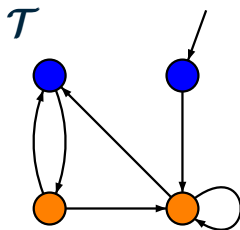
- *states* of \mathcal{T}/\sim : bisimulation equivalence classes of \mathcal{T}

\mathcal{T}/\sim arises by collapsing all **bisimilar states** in \mathcal{T}

- *states* of \mathcal{T}/\sim : bisimulation equivalence classes of \mathcal{T}
- *transitions*: arise by lifting \mathcal{T} 's transitions to the bisimulation equivalence classes

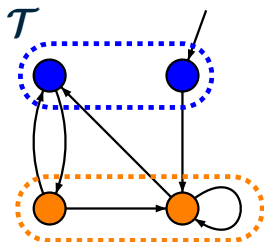
\mathcal{T}/\sim arises by collapsing all **bisimilar states** in \mathcal{T}

- *states* of \mathcal{T}/\sim : bisimulation equivalence classes of \mathcal{T}
 - *transitions*: arise by lifting \mathcal{T} 's transitions to the bisimulation equivalence classes
-



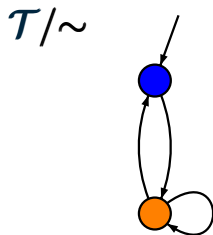
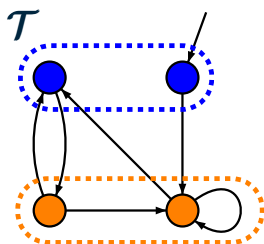
\mathcal{T}/\sim arises by collapsing all **bisimilar states** in \mathcal{T}

- *states* of \mathcal{T}/\sim : bisimulation equivalence classes of \mathcal{T}
- *transitions*: arise by lifting \mathcal{T} 's transitions to the bisimulation equivalence classes



\mathcal{T}/\sim arises by collapsing all **bisimilar states** in \mathcal{T}

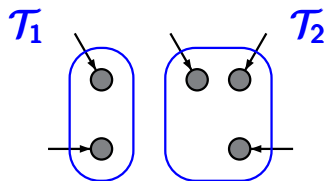
- *states* of \mathcal{T}/\sim : bisimulation equivalence classes of \mathcal{T}
- *transitions*: arise by lifting \mathcal{T} 's transitions to the bisimulation equivalence classes



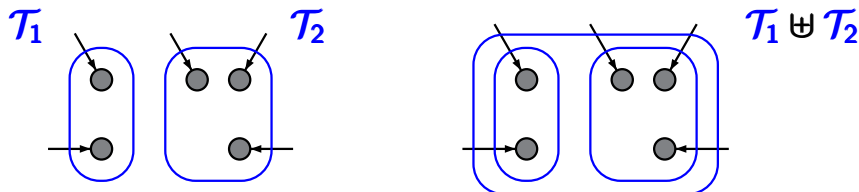
1. **equivalence checking**: check whether $\mathcal{T}_1 \sim \mathcal{T}_2$

1. **equivalence checking**: check whether $\mathcal{T}_1 \sim \mathcal{T}_2$
for two transition systems $\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$,
e.g., abstract model and its refinement

1. **equivalence checking**: check whether $\mathcal{T}_1 \sim \mathcal{T}_2$
for two transition systems $\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$,
e.g., abstract model and its refinement



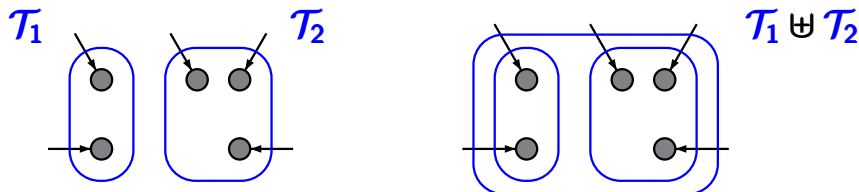
1. **equivalence checking**: check whether $\mathcal{T}_1 \sim \mathcal{T}_2$
for two transition systems $\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$,
e.g., abstract model and its refinement
regard $\mathcal{T}_1 \uplus \mathcal{T}_2$



1. **equivalence checking**: check whether $\mathcal{T}_1 \sim \mathcal{T}_2$ for two transition systems $\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$, e.g., abstract model and its refinement regard $\mathcal{T}_1 \uplus \mathcal{T}_2$ and check whether for all bisimulation equivalence classes C in $\mathcal{T}_1 \uplus \mathcal{T}_2$:

$$C \cap S_{0,1} \neq \emptyset \quad \text{iff} \quad C \cap S_{0,2} \neq \emptyset$$

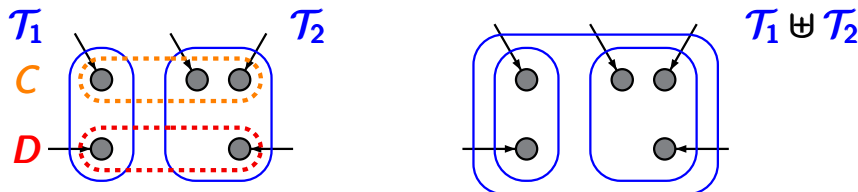
where $S_{0,i}$ is the set of initial states in \mathcal{T}_i



- equivalence checking**: check whether $\mathcal{T}_1 \sim \mathcal{T}_2$ for two transition systems $\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$, e.g., abstract model and its refinement regard $\mathcal{T}_1 \uplus \mathcal{T}_2$ and check whether for all bisimulation equivalence classes C in $\mathcal{T}_1 \uplus \mathcal{T}_2$:

$$C \cap S_{0,1} \neq \emptyset \quad \text{iff} \quad C \cap S_{0,2} \neq \emptyset$$

where $S_{0,i}$ is the set of initial states in \mathcal{T}_i



1. **equivalence checking**: check whether $\mathcal{T}_1 \sim \mathcal{T}_2$ for two transition systems $\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$, e.g., abstract model and its refinement regard $\mathcal{T}_1 \uplus \mathcal{T}_2$ and check whether for all bisimulation equivalence classes C in $\mathcal{T}_1 \uplus \mathcal{T}_2$:

$$C \cap S_{0,1} \neq \emptyset \quad \text{iff} \quad C \cap S_{0,2} \neq \emptyset$$

where $S_{0,i}$ is the set of initial states in \mathcal{T}_i

2. **graph minimization**:

1. **equivalence checking**: check whether $\mathcal{T}_1 \sim \mathcal{T}_2$ for two transition systems $\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$, e.g., abstract model and its refinement regard $\mathcal{T}_1 \uplus \mathcal{T}_2$ and check whether for all bisimulation equivalence classes C in $\mathcal{T}_1 \uplus \mathcal{T}_2$:

$$C \cap S_{0,1} \neq \emptyset \quad \text{iff} \quad C \cap S_{0,2} \neq \emptyset$$

where $S_{0,i}$ is the set of initial states in \mathcal{T}_i

2. **graph minimization**:
replace \mathcal{T} with \mathcal{T}/\sim and analyze \mathcal{T}/\sim

.... relies on a **partitioning refinement** algorithm ...

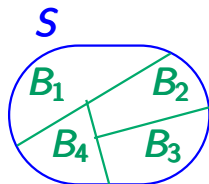
.... relies on a **partitioning refinement** algorithm ...

here: only explanations for **finite** transition systems,
possibly with terminal states

$\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, AP, L)$ finite transition system

$\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, AP, L)$ finite transition system

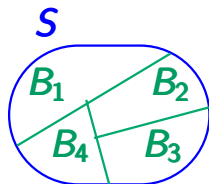
partition for \mathcal{T} : decomposition of the state space \mathcal{S} into pairwise disjoint nonempty subsets



$$\mathcal{B} = \{B_1, \dots, B_k\}$$

$\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, AP, L)$ finite transition system

partition for \mathcal{T} : decomposition of the state space \mathcal{S} into pairwise disjoint nonempty subsets



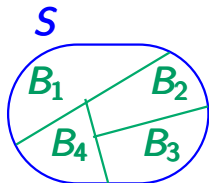
$$\mathcal{B} = \{B_1, \dots, B_k\} \quad \text{s.t.}$$

- $B_i \neq \emptyset$
- $B_i \cap B_j = \emptyset$ for $i \neq j$
- $\mathcal{S} = B_1 \cup \dots \cup B_k$

The B_i 's are called **blocks** of \mathcal{B} .

$\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, \text{Act}, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, \text{AP}, L)$ finite transition system

partition for \mathcal{T} : decomposition of the state space \mathcal{S} into pairwise disjoint nonempty subsets



$$\mathcal{B} = \{B_1, \dots, B_k\} \quad \text{s.t.}$$

- $B_i \neq \emptyset$
- $B_i \cap B_j = \emptyset$ for $i \neq j$
- $\mathcal{S} = B_1 \cup \dots \cup B_k$

The B_i 's are called **blocks** of \mathcal{B} .

A **superblock** denotes any union of blocks.

partitions $\hat{=}$ equivalences on S

partitions $\hat{=}$ equivalences on S

- partition B \rightsquigarrow equivalence relation \mathcal{R}_B where

$$\mathcal{R}_B = \{(s, s') : [s]_B = [s']_B\}$$

partitions $\hat{=}$ equivalences on S

- partition \mathcal{B} \rightsquigarrow equivalence relation $\mathcal{R}_{\mathcal{B}}$ where

$$\mathcal{R}_{\mathcal{B}} = \{(s, s') : [s]_{\mathcal{B}} = [s']_{\mathcal{B}}\}$$

$$[s]_{\mathcal{B}} = \text{unique block } B_i \in \mathcal{B} \text{ with } s \in B_i$$

partitions $\hat{=}$ equivalences on S

- partition \mathcal{B} \rightsquigarrow equivalence relation $\mathcal{R}_{\mathcal{B}}$ where
$$\mathcal{R}_{\mathcal{B}} = \{(s, s') : [s]_{\mathcal{B}} = [s']_{\mathcal{B}}\}$$
$$[s]_{\mathcal{B}} = \text{unique block } B_i \in \mathcal{B} \text{ with } s \in B_i$$
- equivalence \mathcal{R} on S \rightsquigarrow partition $\mathcal{B} = S/\mathcal{R}$

Notations for partitions: finer, coarser

PARTSPLITALG5.3-5

Let \mathcal{B}_1 and \mathcal{B}_2 be partitions for \mathcal{T} .

Let \mathcal{B}_1 and \mathcal{B}_2 be partitions for \mathcal{T} .

\mathcal{B}_1 is called *finer* than \mathcal{B}_2 (and \mathcal{B}_2 *coarser* than \mathcal{B}_1) if

$$\forall B \in \mathcal{B}_1 \exists B' \in \mathcal{B}_2 \text{ such that } B \subseteq B'$$

Let \mathcal{B}_1 and \mathcal{B}_2 be partitions for \mathcal{T} .

\mathcal{B}_1 is called *finer* than \mathcal{B}_2 (and \mathcal{B}_2 *coarser* than \mathcal{B}_1) if

$$\forall B \in \mathcal{B}_1 \exists B' \in \mathcal{B}_2 \text{ such that } B \subseteq B',$$

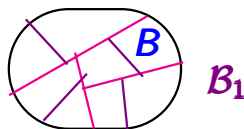
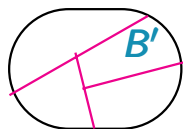
i.e., if all blocks $B' \in \mathcal{B}_2$ are superblocks of \mathcal{B}_1

Let \mathcal{B}_1 and \mathcal{B}_2 be partitions for \mathcal{T} .

\mathcal{B}_1 is called *finer* than \mathcal{B}_2 (and \mathcal{B}_2 *coarser* than \mathcal{B}_1) if

$$\forall B \in \mathcal{B}_1 \exists B' \in \mathcal{B}_2 \text{ such that } B \subseteq B',$$

i.e., if all blocks $B' \in \mathcal{B}_2$ are superblocks of \mathcal{B}_1



Let \mathcal{B}_1 and \mathcal{B}_2 be partitions for \mathcal{T} .

\mathcal{B}_1 is called *finer* than \mathcal{B}_2 (and \mathcal{B}_2 *coarser* than \mathcal{B}_1) if

$$\forall B \in \mathcal{B}_1 \exists B' \in \mathcal{B}_2 \text{ such that } B \subseteq B',$$

i.e., if all blocks $B' \in \mathcal{B}_2$ are superblocks of \mathcal{B}_1



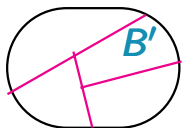
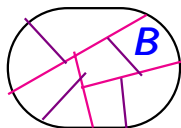
Example: if \mathcal{R} is a bisimulation for \mathcal{T} and an equivalence then S/\mathcal{R} is *finer* than S/\sim

Let \mathcal{B}_1 and \mathcal{B}_2 be partitions for \mathcal{T} .

\mathcal{B}_1 is called *finer* than \mathcal{B}_2 (and \mathcal{B}_2 *coarser* than \mathcal{B}_1) if

$$\forall B \in \mathcal{B}_1 \exists B' \in \mathcal{B}_2 \text{ such that } B \subseteq B',$$

i.e., if all blocks $B' \in \mathcal{B}_2$ are superblocks of \mathcal{B}_1

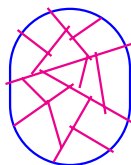
 \mathcal{B}_2  \mathcal{B}_1

\mathcal{B}_1 is called *strictly finer* than \mathcal{B}_2 if

- (1) \mathcal{B}_1 is finer than \mathcal{B}_2 and
- (2) $\mathcal{B}_1 \neq \mathcal{B}_2$

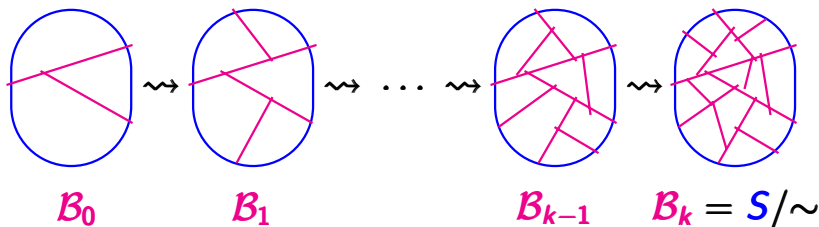
by stepwise **refinement** of partitions the state set S

by stepwise **refinement** of partitions the state set S

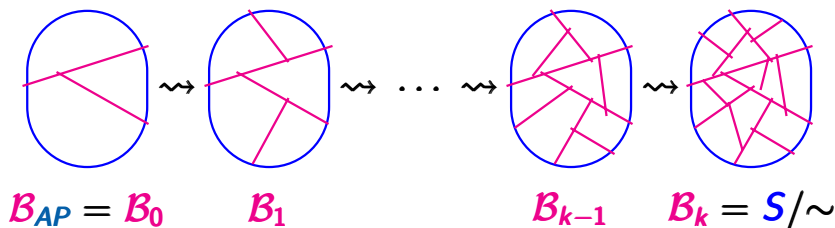


S/\sim

by stepwise refinement of partitions the state set S



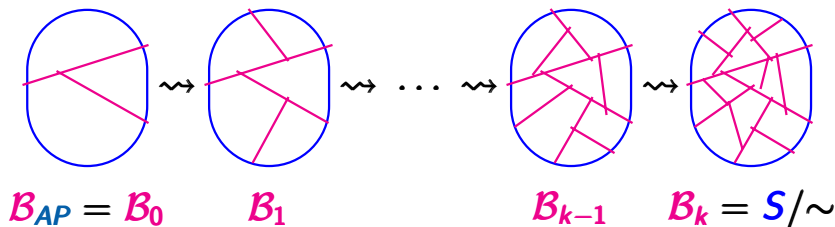
by stepwise **refinement** of partitions the state set S



initial partition: $B_{AP} = B_0$

identifies all states with the same labeling

by stepwise **refinement** of partitions the state set S



initial partition: $B_{AP} = B_0 = S/\mathcal{R}_{AP}$ where

$$\mathcal{R}_{AP} = \{ (s_1, s_2) : L(s_1) = L(s_2) \}$$

... as the coarsest partition of the
state space S such that

$\sim_{\mathcal{T}}$ is the coarsest equivalence on \mathcal{S} s.t.

$\sim_{\mathcal{T}}$ is the coarsest equivalence on \mathcal{S} s.t.

1. $s_1 \sim_{\mathcal{T}} s_2$ implies $L(s_1) = L(s_2)$

2. $s_1 \sim_{\mathcal{T}} s_2$

\downarrow
 s'_1

can be completed to

$s_1 \sim_{\mathcal{T}} s_2$
 $\downarrow \quad \quad \downarrow$
 $s'_1 \sim_{\mathcal{T}} s'_2$

$\sim_{\mathcal{T}}$ is the coarsest equivalence on S s.t.

1. $s_1 \sim_{\mathcal{T}} s_2$ implies $L(s_1) = L(s_2)$

2. $s_1 \sim_{\mathcal{T}} s_2$

\downarrow
 s'_1

can be completed to

$s_1 \sim_{\mathcal{T}} s_2$
 $\downarrow \quad \quad \downarrow$
 $s'_1 \sim_{\mathcal{T}} s'_2$

bisimulation quotient space $S/\sim_{\mathcal{T}}$:

coarsest partition \mathcal{B} of the state space S s.t.

$\sim_{\mathcal{T}}$ is the coarsest equivalence on S s.t.

1. $s_1 \sim_{\mathcal{T}} s_2$ implies $L(s_1) = L(s_2)$

2. $s_1 \sim_{\mathcal{T}} s_2$

\downarrow
 s'_1

can be completed to

$s_1 \sim_{\mathcal{T}} s_2$
 $\downarrow \quad \quad \downarrow$
 $s'_1 \sim_{\mathcal{T}} s'_2$

bisimulation quotient space $S/\sim_{\mathcal{T}}$:

coarsest partition \mathcal{B} of the state space S s.t.

1. \mathcal{B} is finer than \mathcal{B}_{AP}

$\sim_{\mathcal{T}}$ is the coarsest equivalence on S s.t.

1. $s_1 \sim_{\mathcal{T}} s_2$ implies $L(s_1) = L(s_2)$

2. $s_1 \sim_{\mathcal{T}} s_2$

\downarrow
 s'_1

can be completed to

$s_1 \sim_{\mathcal{T}} s_2$
 $\downarrow \quad \quad \downarrow$
 $s'_1 \sim_{\mathcal{T}} s'_2$

bisimulation quotient space $S/\sim_{\mathcal{T}}$:

coarsest partition \mathcal{B} of the state space S s.t.

1. \mathcal{B} is finer than \mathcal{B}_{AP}

2. for all blocks $B, C \in \mathcal{B}$:

$$B \subseteq Pre(C) \text{ or } B \cap Pre(C) = \emptyset$$

\sim_T is the coarsest equivalence on S s.t.

1. $s_1 \sim_T s_2$ implies $L(s_1) = L(s_2)$

2. $s_1 \sim_T s_2$
 \downarrow
 s'_1 can be completed to $s_1 \sim_T s_2$
 \downarrow \downarrow
 $s'_1 \sim_T s'_2$

bisimulation quotient space S/\sim_T :

coarsest partition \mathcal{B} of the state space S s.t.

1. \mathcal{B} is finer than \mathcal{B}_{AP}

2. for all blocks $B, C \in \mathcal{B}$:

$$B \subseteq Pre(C) \text{ or } B \cap Pre(C) = \emptyset$$

where $Pre(C) = \{s \in S : \exists s' \in C \text{ s.t. } s \rightarrow s'\}$

- input:* finite TS \mathcal{T} with state space S over AP
(possibly with terminal states)
- output:* bisimulation quotient $S/\sim_{\mathcal{T}}$

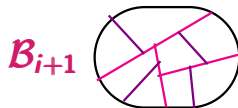
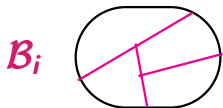
$$B_0 := B_{AP}$$
$$i := 0$$

$B_0 := B_{AP} \leftarrow$ identifies states with the same labeling
 $i := 0$

$\mathcal{B}_0 := \mathcal{B}_{AP}$ ← identifies states with the same labeling

$i := 0$

REPEAT $\mathcal{B}_{i+1} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}_i)$



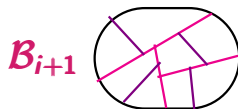
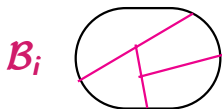
$B_0 := B_{AP}$ ← identifies states with the same labeling

$i := 0$

REPEAT $B_{i+1} := \text{Refine}(B_i)$

$i := i+1$

UNTIL $B_i = B_{i-1}$ ← no more refinement possible



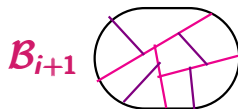
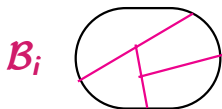
$B_0 := B_{AP}$ ← identifies states with the same labeling

$i := 0$

REPEAT $B_{i+1} := Refine(B_i)$

$i := i+1$

UNTIL $B_i = B_{i-1}$ ← no more refinement possible
hence: $B_i = S/\sim_T$



$B_0 := B_{AP}$ ← identifies states with the same labeling

$i := 0$

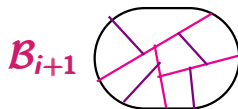
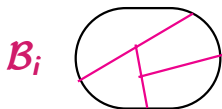
REPEAT $B_{i+1} := Refine(B_i)$

$i := i+1$

UNTIL $B_i = B_{i-1}$ ← no more refinement possible

hence: $B_i = S/\sim_T$

return B_i



$B_0 := B_{AP}$ ← identifies states with the same labeling

$i := 0$

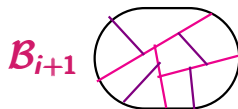
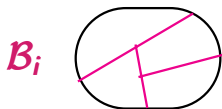
REPEAT $B_{i+1} := \text{Refine}(B_i)$

$i := i+1$

UNTIL $B_i = B_{i-1}$ ← no more refinement possible

hence: $B_i = S/\sim_T$

return B_i



loop invariant:

B_i is coarser than S/\sim_T and finer than B_{AP}

$\mathcal{B}_0 := \mathcal{B}_{AP}; i := 0$

REPEAT

$\mathcal{B}_{i+1} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}_i); i := i+1$

UNTIL no further refinement is possible

$$\mathcal{B}_0 := \mathcal{B}_{AP}; \quad i := 0$$

REPEAT

$$\mathcal{B}_{i+1} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}_i); \quad i := i+1$$

UNTIL no further refinement is possible

Assuming that \mathcal{B}_i is strictly coarser than \mathcal{B}_{i+1} for all i , what is the maximal number of refinement steps ?

$$\mathcal{B}_0 := \mathcal{B}_{AP}; \quad i := 0$$

REPEAT

$$\mathcal{B}_{i+1} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}_i); \quad i := i+1$$

UNTIL no further refinement is possible

Assuming that \mathcal{B}_i is strictly coarser than \mathcal{B}_{i+1} for all i , what is the maximal number of refinement steps ?

answer: $|\mathcal{S}| - 1$

Note that $|\mathcal{B}_i| \geq i+1$.

$$\mathcal{B}_0 := \mathcal{B}_{AP}; \quad i := 0$$

REPEAT

$$\mathcal{B}_{i+1} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}_i); \quad i := i+1$$

UNTIL no further refinement is possible

Assuming that \mathcal{B}_i is strictly coarser than \mathcal{B}_{i+1} for all i , what is the maximal number of refinement steps ?

answer: $|\mathcal{S}| - 1$

Note that $|\mathcal{B}_i| \geq i+1$.

Hence: if there are $k = |\mathcal{S}| - 1$ iterations then \mathcal{B}_k consists of singletons

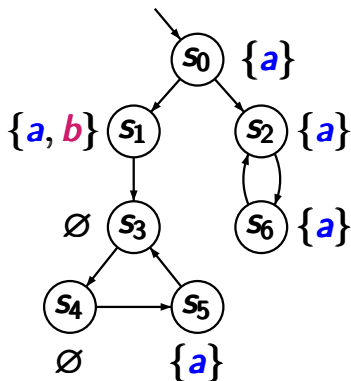
initial partition \mathcal{B}_{AP} :

identifies all states s, t

s.t. $L(s) = L(t)$

The initial partition

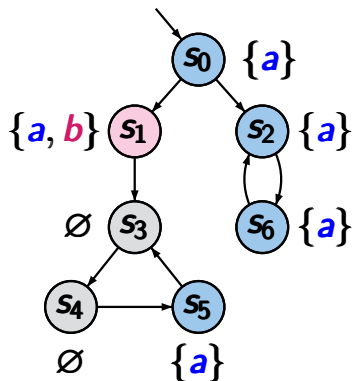
initial partition \mathcal{B}_{AP} :
identifies all states s, t
s.t. $L(s) = L(t)$



The initial partition

PARTSPLITALG5.3-9

initial partition \mathcal{B}_{AP} :
identifies all states s, t
s.t. $L(s) = L(t)$



$$\mathcal{B}_{AP} = \left\{ \{s_0, s_2, s_6, s_5\}, \{s_1\}, \{s_3, s_4\} \right\}$$

initial partition \mathcal{B}_{AP} :

- identifies all states with the same labeling
- agrees with the quotient under the equivalence

$$s \equiv_{AP} t \quad \text{iff} \quad L(s) = L(t)$$

initial partition \mathcal{B}_{AP} :

- identifies all states with the same labeling
- agrees with the quotient under the equivalence

$$s \equiv_{AP} t \quad \text{iff} \quad L(s) = L(t)$$

compute \mathcal{B}_{AP} by an on-the-fly generation of
the decision tree for AP

compute \mathcal{B}_{AP} by an on-the-fly generation of the
decision tree for $AP = \{a_1, \dots, a_k\}$

compute \mathcal{B}_{AP} by an on-the-fly generation of the
decision tree for $AP = \{a_1, \dots, a_k\}$



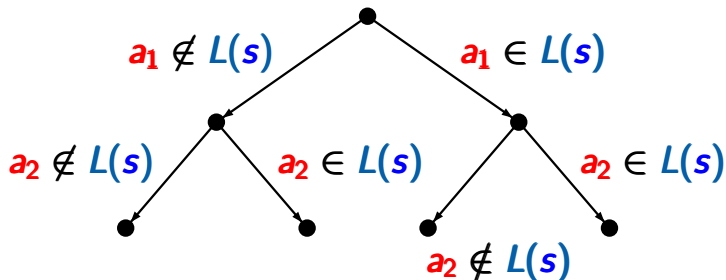
inner nodes at level i : decision “ $a_i \in L(s)$?”
leaves: sets of states with the same labeling

Initial partition

compute \mathcal{B}_{AP} by an on-the-fly generation of the decision tree for $AP = \{a_1, \dots, a_k\}$



inner nodes at level i : decision “ $a_i \in L(s)$?”
leaves: sets of states with the same labeling



compute \mathcal{B}_{AP} by an **on-the-fly** generation of the decision tree for $AP = \{a_1, \dots, a_k\}$

compute \mathcal{B}_{AP} by an **on-the-fly** generation of the decision tree for $AP = \{a_1, \dots, a_k\}$

initially: each leaf represents the empty state-set

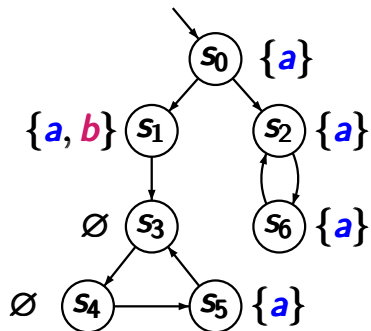
for each state s :

traverse the decision tree from the root to a leaf v

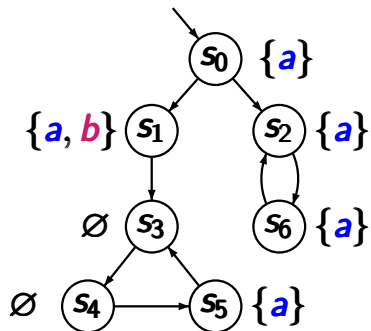
insert s in the set for v

Example: initial partition

PARTSPLITALG5.3-8B



Example: initial partition

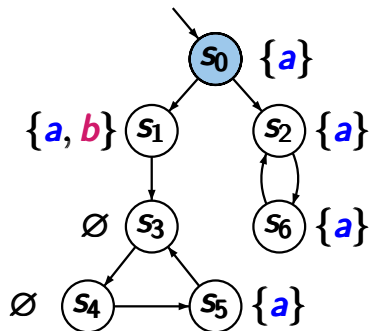


decision tree for

$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

1. level: $a \in L(s) ?$
2. level: $b \in L(s) ?$

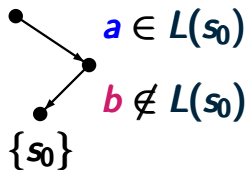
Example: initial partition



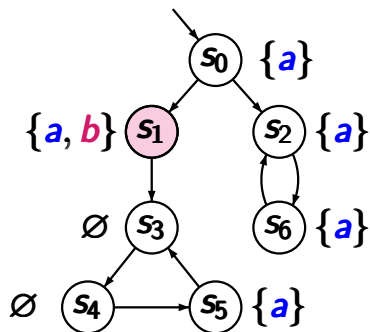
decision tree for

$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

1. level: $a \in L(s)$?
2. level: $b \in L(s)$?

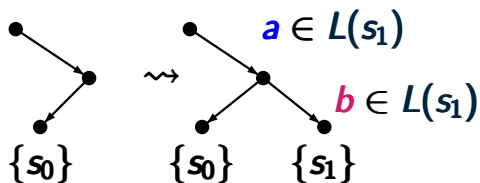


Example: initial partition

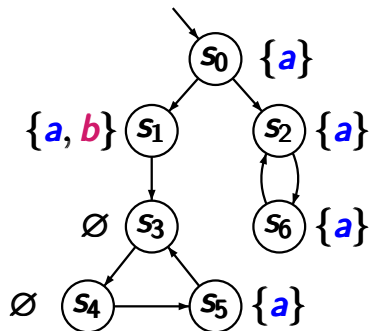


decision tree for
 $AP = \{a, b\}$

1. level: $a \in L(s)$?
2. level: $b \in L(s)$?

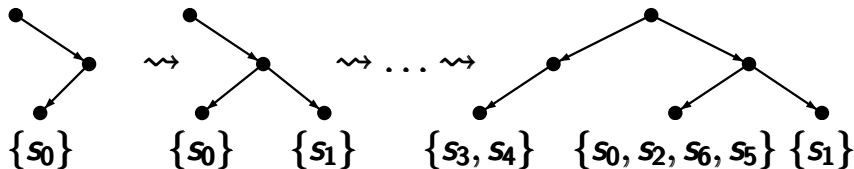


Example: initial partition

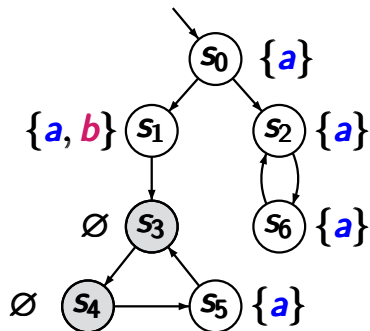


decision tree for
 $AP = \{a, b\}$

1. level: $a \in L(s) ?$
2. level: $b \in L(s) ?$

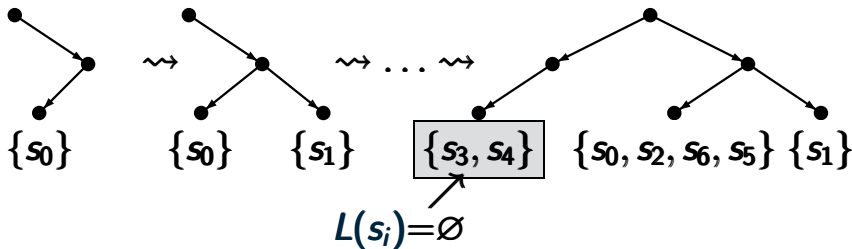


Example: initial partition

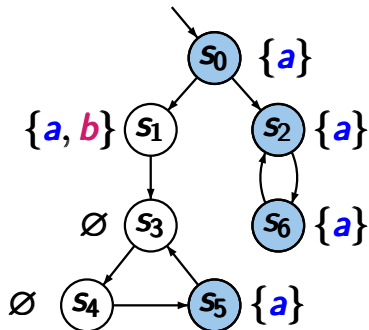


decision tree for
 $AP = \{a, b\}$

1. level: $a \in L(s) ?$
2. level: $b \in L(s) ?$

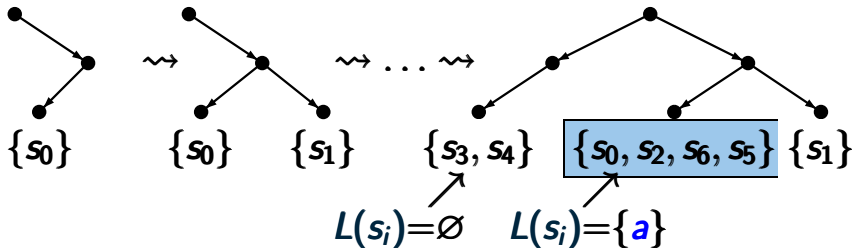


Example: initial partition

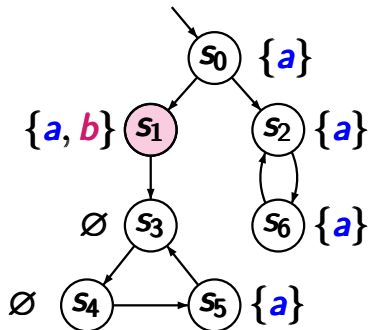


decision tree for
 $AP = \{a, b\}$

1. level: $a \in L(s) ?$
2. level: $b \in L(s) ?$

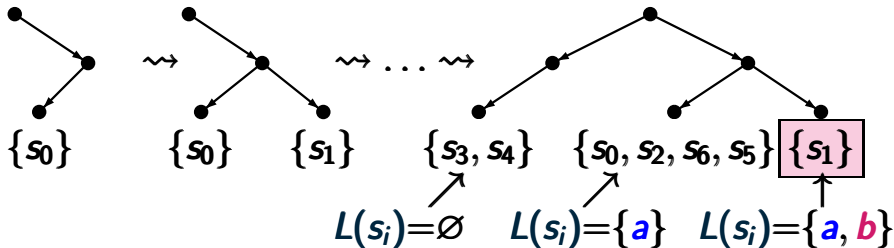


Example: initial partition



decision tree for
 $AP = \{a, b\}$

1. level: $a \in L(s) ?$
2. level: $b \in L(s) ?$



generate the root node v_0 of the decision tree

FOR ALL states s DO

$v := v_0$

FOR $i = 1, \dots, k$ OD

IF $a_i \in L(s)$

THEN $v := \text{find_or_add}(\text{right son of } v)$

ELSE $v := \text{find_or_add}(\text{left son of } v)$

FI

OD

OD

suppose

$AP = \{a_1, \dots, a_k\}$

generate the root node v_0 of the decision tree

FOR ALL states s DO

$v := v_0$

FOR $i = 1, \dots, k$ OD

IF $a_i \in L(s)$

THEN $v := \text{find_or_add}(\text{right son of } v)$

ELSE $v := \text{find_or_add}(\text{left son of } v)$

FI

OD \leftarrow v is a leaf of depth k

OD

suppose

$AP = \{a_1, \dots, a_k\}$

generate the root node v_0 of the decision tree

FOR ALL states s DO

$v := v_0$

FOR $i = 1, \dots, k$ OD

IF $a_i \in L(s)$

THEN $v := \text{find_or_add}(\text{right son of } v)$

ELSE $v := \text{find_or_add}(\text{left son of } v)$

FI

OD \leftarrow v is a leaf of depth k

add s into the state-set of v

OD

suppose

$AP = \{a_1, \dots, a_k\}$

```
generate the root node  $v_0$  of the decision tree
FOR ALL states  $s$  DO
   $v := v_0$ 
  FOR  $i = 1, \dots, k$  OD
    IF  $a_i \in L(s)$ 
      THEN  $v := \text{find\_or\_add}(\text{right son of } v)$ 
      ELSE  $v := \text{find\_or\_add}(\text{left son of } v)$ 
    FI
  OD  $\leftarrow$   $v$  is a leaf of depth  $k$ 
  add  $s$  into the state-set of  $v$ 
OD
```

suppose

$$AP = \{a_1, \dots, a_k\}$$

The state-sets of the leaves are the blocks in B_{AP} .

generate the root node v_0 of the decision tree

FOR ALL states s DO

$v := v_0$

FOR $i = 1, \dots, k$ OD

IF $a_i \in L(s)$

THEN $v := \text{find_or_add}(\text{right son of } v)$

ELSE $v := \text{find_or_add}(\text{left son of } v)$

FI

OD \leftarrow v is a leaf of depth k

add s into the state-set of v

OD

complexity:

$\mathcal{O}(|S| \cdot |AP|)$

The state-sets of the leaves are the blocks in \mathcal{B}_{AP} .

$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}$

WHILE refinements are possible DO

$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B})$

OD

return \mathcal{B}

$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP} \leftarrow$ complexity: $\mathcal{O}(|S| \cdot |AP|)$

WHILE refinements are possible DO

$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B})$

OD

return \mathcal{B}

Partitioning refinement (schema)

$B := B_{AP} \leftarrow$ complexity: $\mathcal{O}(|S| \cdot |AP|)$

WHILE refinements are possible DO

$B := \text{Refine}(B)$

OD

return $B \leftarrow$ $B = S / \sim_T$

$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}$

WHILE refinements are possible DO

$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B})$

OD

return \mathcal{B}

$B := B_{AP}$

WHILE refinements are possible DO

$B := \text{Refine}(B)$

OD

return B

refinement: stabilization for some superblock C of B :

$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}$

WHILE refinements are possible DO

$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B})$

OD

return \mathcal{B}

refinement: stabilization for some **superblock** C of \mathcal{B} :

split each block $B \in \mathcal{B}$ into two blocks:

$B \cap \text{Pre}(C)$ and $B \setminus \text{Pre}(C)$

$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}$

WHILE refinements are possible DO

$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$ for some splitter C

OD

return \mathcal{B}

refinement: stabilization for some **superblock** C of \mathcal{B} :

split each block $B \in \mathcal{B}$ into two blocks:

$B \cap \text{Pre}(C)$ and $B \setminus \text{Pre}(C)$

$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}$

WHILE refinements are possible DO

$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$ for some splitter C

OD

return \mathcal{B}

refinement: stabilization for some superblock C of \mathcal{B} :

split each block $B \in \mathcal{B}$ into two blocks:

$B \cap \text{Pre}(C)$ and $B \setminus \text{Pre}(C)$

$B := B_{AP}$

WHILE refinements are possible DO
 choose some superblock C of B ;
 $B := \text{Refine}(B, C)$

OD

return B

$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}$

WHILE refinements are possible DO

 choose some superblock C of \mathcal{B} ;

$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \text{Refine}(B, C)$

OD

return \mathcal{B}

$$B := B_{AP}$$

WHILE refinements are possible DO

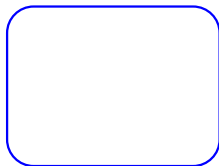
 choose some superblock C of B ;

$$B := \text{Refine}(B, C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \text{Refine}(B, C)$$

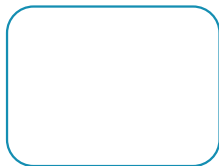
OD

return B

$\text{Refine}(B, C)$



block B



superblock C

$$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}$$

WHILE refinements are possible DO

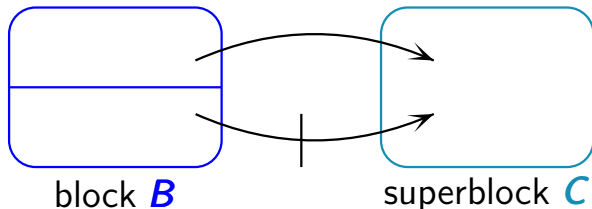
 choose some superblock C of \mathcal{B} ;

$$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \text{Refine}(B, C)$$

OD

return \mathcal{B}

$\text{Refine}(B, C)$



$$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}$$

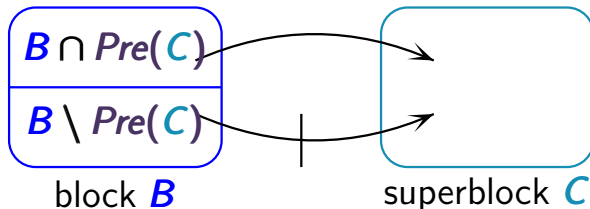
WHILE refinements are possible DO

 choose some superblock C of \mathcal{B} ;

$$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \text{Refine}(B, C)$$

OD

return \mathcal{B}

$$\text{Refine}(B, C) = \{B \cap \text{Pre}(C), B \setminus \text{Pre}(C)\}$$


$$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}$$

WHILE refinements are possible DO

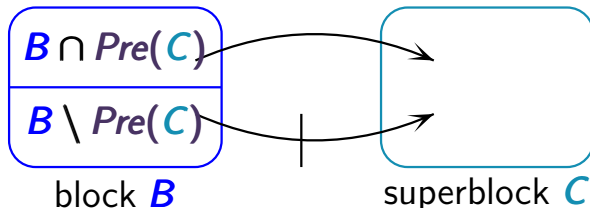
 choose some superblock C of \mathcal{B} ;

$$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \text{Refine}(B, C)$$

OD

return \mathcal{B}

$$\text{Refine}(B, C) = \{B \cap \text{Pre}(C), B \setminus \text{Pre}(C)\} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$$



Let \mathcal{B} be a partition for S and C a superblock of \mathcal{B} .

$$\mathit{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \mathit{Refine}(B, C)$$

where $\mathit{Refine}(B, C) = \{B \cap \mathit{Pre}(C), B \setminus \mathit{Pre}(C)\} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$

The refinement operator

Let \mathcal{B} be a partition for S and C a superblock of \mathcal{B} .

$$\text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \text{Refine}(B, C)$$

where $\text{Refine}(B, C) = \{B \cap \text{Pre}(C), B \setminus \text{Pre}(C)\} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$

If \mathcal{B} is finer than \mathcal{B}_{AP} and coarser than S/\sim_T then:

Let \mathcal{B} be a partition for S and C a superblock of \mathcal{B} .

$$\mathit{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \mathit{Refine}(B, C)$$

where $\mathit{Refine}(B, C) = \{B \cap \mathit{Pre}(C), B \setminus \mathit{Pre}(C)\} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$

If \mathcal{B} is finer than \mathcal{B}_{AP} and coarser than S/\sim_T then:

- (a) $\mathit{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$ is finer than \mathcal{B}

Let \mathcal{B} be a partition for S and C a superblock of \mathcal{B} .

$$\text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \text{Refine}(B, C)$$

where $\text{Refine}(B, C) = \{B \cap \text{Pre}(C), B \setminus \text{Pre}(C)\} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$

If \mathcal{B} is finer than \mathcal{B}_{AP} and coarser than S/\sim_T then:

- (a) $\text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$ is finer than \mathcal{B} and \mathcal{B}_{AP}

Let \mathcal{B} be a partition for S and C a superblock of \mathcal{B} .

$$\mathit{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \mathit{Refine}(B, C)$$

where $\mathit{Refine}(B, C) = \{B \cap \mathit{Pre}(C), B \setminus \mathit{Pre}(C)\} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$

If \mathcal{B} is finer than \mathcal{B}_{AP} and coarser than S/\sim_T then:

- (a) $\mathit{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$ is finer than \mathcal{B} and \mathcal{B}_{AP}
- (b) $\mathit{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$ is coarser than S/\sim_T

Let \mathcal{B} be a partition for S and C a superblock of \mathcal{B} .

$$\text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \text{Refine}(B, C)$$

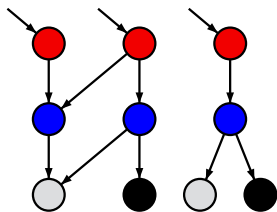
where $\text{Refine}(B, C) = \{B \cap \text{Pre}(C), B \setminus \text{Pre}(C)\} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$

If \mathcal{B} is finer than \mathcal{B}_{AP} and coarser than S/\sim_T then:

- (a) $\text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$ is finer than \mathcal{B} and \mathcal{B}_{AP}
- (b) $\text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$ is coarser than S/\sim_T
- (c) $\text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C) = \mathcal{B}$ for all $C \in \mathcal{B}$ iff $\mathcal{B} = S/\sim_T$

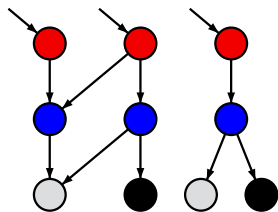
Example: partitioning splitter algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-12



Example: partitioning splitter algorithm

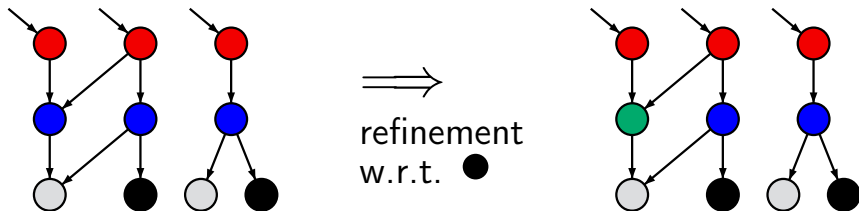
PARTSPLITALG5.3-12



\Rightarrow
refinement
w.r.t. ●

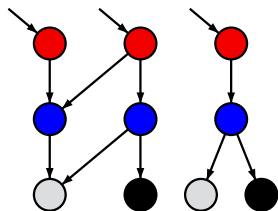
Example: partitioning splitter algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-12

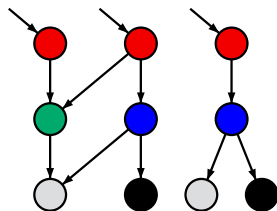


Example: partitioning splitter algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-12



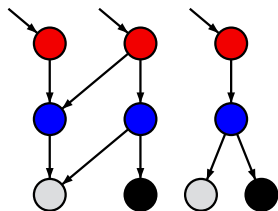
\Rightarrow
refinement
w.r.t. ●



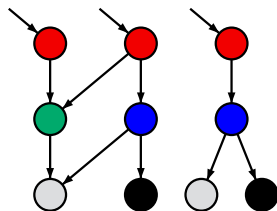
\Downarrow
refinement
w.r.t. ●

Example: partitioning splitter algorithm

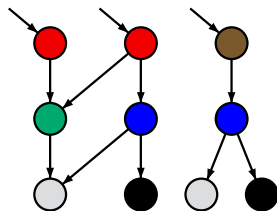
PARTSPLITALG5.3-12



\Rightarrow
refinement
w.r.t. ●

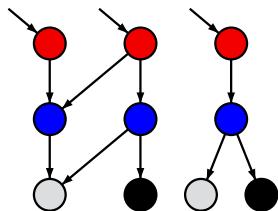


\Downarrow
refinement
w.r.t. ●

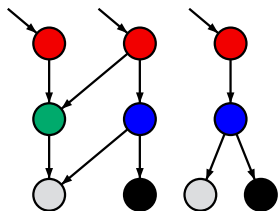


Example: partitioning splitter algorithm

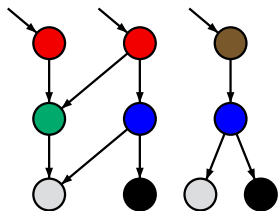
PARTSPLITALG5.3-12



\Rightarrow
refinement
w.r.t. ●



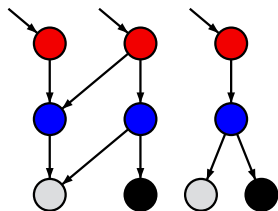
\Downarrow
refinement
w.r.t. ●



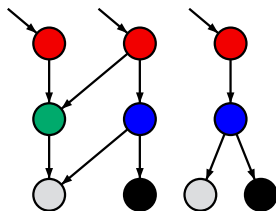
\Leftarrow
refinement
w.r.t. ●

Example: partitioning splitter algorithm

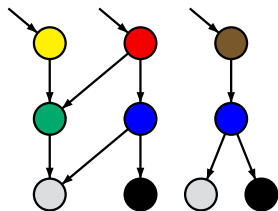
PARTSPLITALG5.3-12



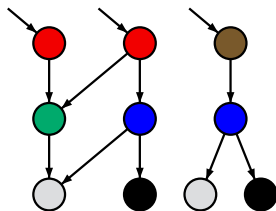
\Rightarrow
refinement
w.r.t. ●



\Downarrow
refinement
w.r.t. ●

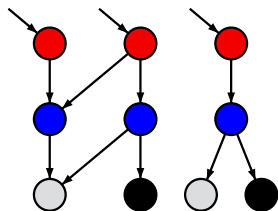


\Leftarrow
refinement
w.r.t. ●

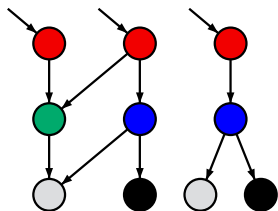


Example: partitioning splitter algorithm

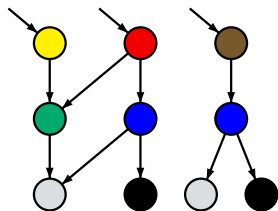
PARTSPLITALG5.3-12



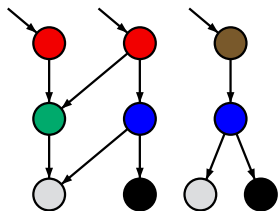
\Rightarrow
refinement
w.r.t. ●



\Downarrow
refinement
w.r.t. ●



\Leftarrow
refinement
w.r.t. ●



7 bisimulation equivalence classes

given a partition \mathcal{B} and a superblock \mathcal{C} of \mathcal{B} ,
how to compute

$$\mathit{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, \mathcal{C})$$

efficiently ?

given a partition \mathcal{B} and a superblock C of \mathcal{B} ,
how to compute

$$\mathit{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \mathit{Refine}(B, C)$$

efficiently ?

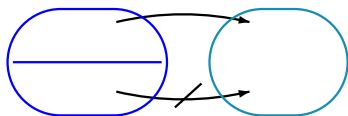
given a partition \mathcal{B} and a superblock C of \mathcal{B} ,
how to compute

$$\text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \text{Refine}(B, C)$$

efficiently ?

where for all blocks $B \in \mathcal{B}$:

$$\text{Refine}(B, C) = \{ B \cap \text{Pre}(C), B \setminus \text{Pre}(C) \} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$$



block B superblock C

Refinement operator $\text{Refine}(B, C)$

PARTSPLITALG5.3-13A

FOR ALL $s' \in C$ DO

OD

```
FOR ALL  $s' \in C$  DO
  FOR ALL  $s \in Pre(s')$  DO

    OD
  OD
```

```
FOR ALL  $s' \in C$  DO
  FOR ALL  $s \in Pre(s')$  DO
    "move" state  $s$  from block  $[s]_B = B$ 
      to the new block  $B \cap Pre(C)$ 
  OD
OD
```

```
FOR ALL  $s' \in C$  DO
  FOR ALL  $s \in Pre(s')$  DO
    "move" state  $s$  from block  $[s]_{\mathcal{B}} = B$ 
      to the new block  $B \cap Pre(C)$ 
  OD
OD
```

... states left in block $B \in \mathcal{B}$ belong to the
new block $B \setminus Pre(C)$

```

FOR ALL  $s' \in C$  DO
  FOR ALL  $s \in Pre(s')$  DO
    "move" state  $s$  from block  $[s]_{\mathcal{B}} = B$ 
      to the new block  $B \cap Pre(C)$ 
  OD
OD

```

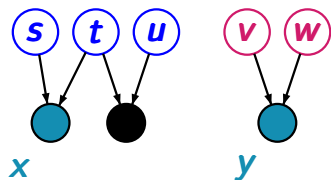
... states left in block $B \in \mathcal{B}$ belong to the
new block $B \setminus Pre(C)$

time complexity:

$$\mathcal{O}\left(\sum_{s' \in C} |Pre(s')| + |C|\right)$$

Example: refinement operator

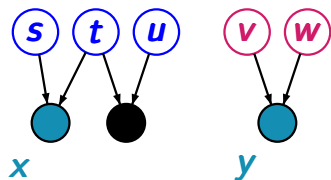
PARTSPLITALG5.3-14



partition \mathcal{B}

Example: refinement operator

PARTSPLITALG5.3-14

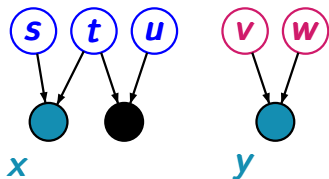


superblock $C = \{x, y\}$

partition $\mathcal{B} \rightsquigarrow \mathit{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$

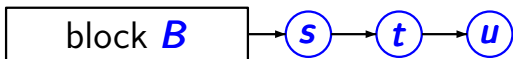
Example: refinement operator

PARTSPLITALG5.3-14



superblock $C = \{x, y\}$

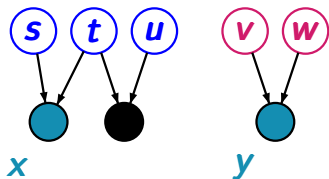
partition $\mathcal{B} \rightsquigarrow \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$



...

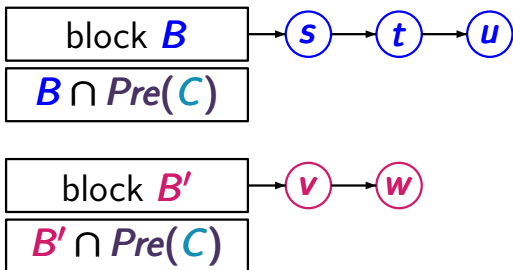
Example: refinement operator

PARTSPLITALG5.3-14



superblock $C = \{x, y\}$

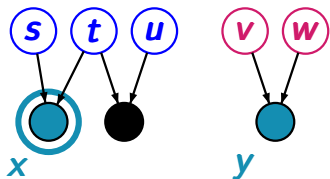
partition $\mathcal{B} \rightsquigarrow \mathit{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$



...

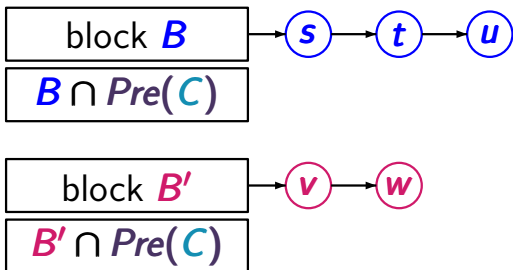
Example: refinement operator

PARTSPLITALG5.3-14



superblock $C = \{x, y\}$

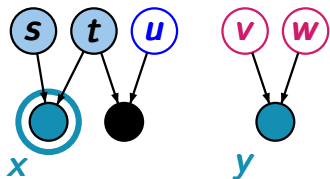
partition $\mathcal{B} \rightsquigarrow \mathit{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$



...

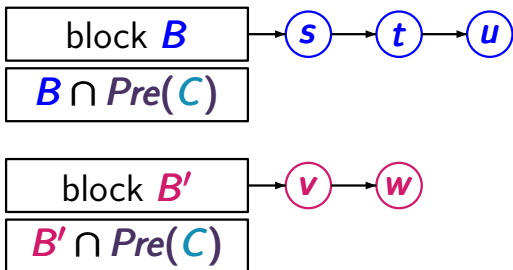
Example: refinement operator

PARTSPLITALG5.3-14



superblock $C = \{x, y\}$

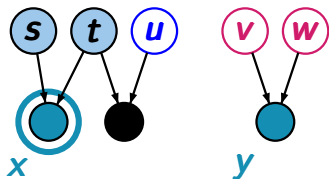
partition $\mathcal{B} \rightsquigarrow \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$



...

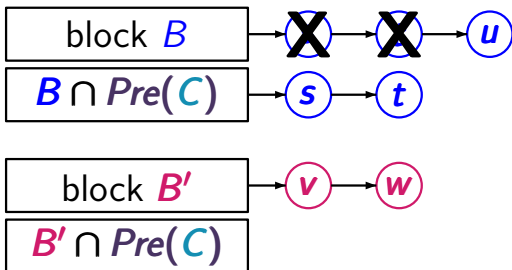
Example: refinement operator

PARTSPLITALG5.3-14



superblock $C = \{x, y\}$

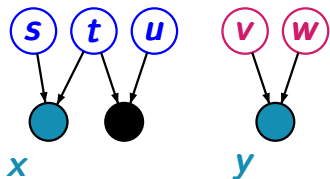
partition $\mathcal{B} \rightsquigarrow \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$



...

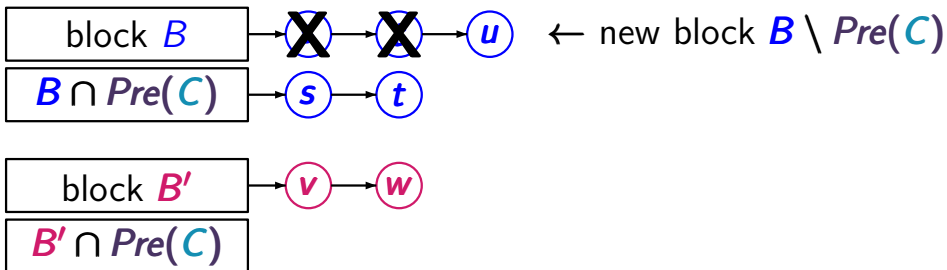
Example: refinement operator

PARTSPLITALG5.3-14



superblock $C = \{x, y\}$

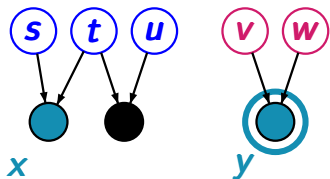
partition $\mathcal{B} \rightsquigarrow \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$



...

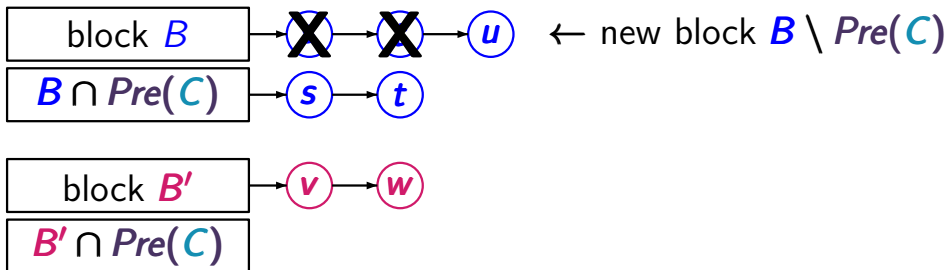
Example: refinement operator

PARTSPLITALG5.3-14



superblock $C = \{x, y\}$

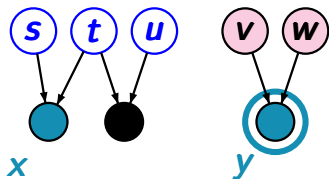
partition $\mathcal{B} \rightsquigarrow \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$



...

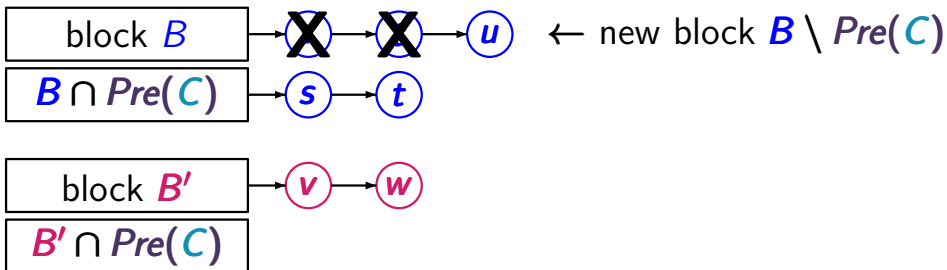
Example: refinement operator

PARTSPLITALG5.3-14



superblock $C = \{x, y\}$

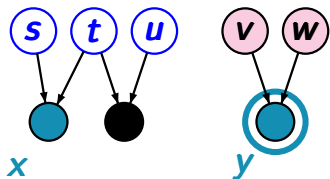
partition $\mathcal{B} \rightsquigarrow \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$



...

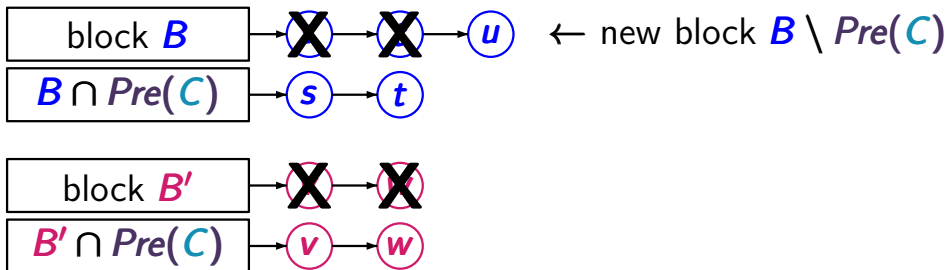
Example: refinement operator

PARTSPLITALG5.3-14



superblock $C = \{x, y\}$

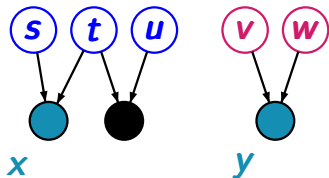
partition $\mathcal{B} \rightsquigarrow \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$



...

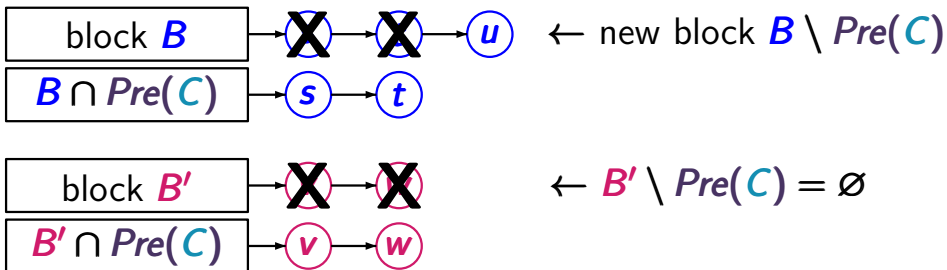
Example: refinement operator

PARTSPLITALG5.3-14



superblock $C = \{x, y\}$

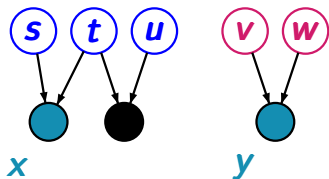
partition $\mathcal{B} \rightsquigarrow \mathit{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$



...

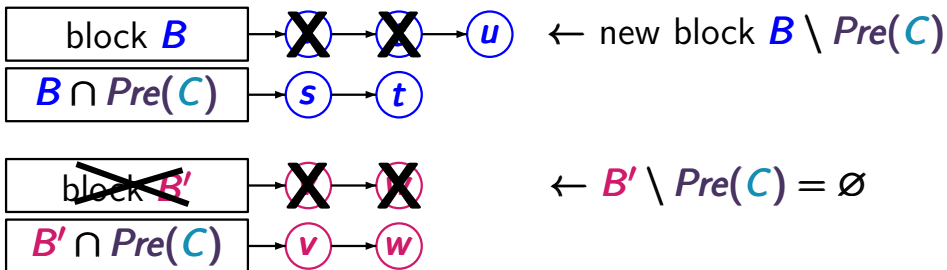
Example: refinement operator

PARTSPLITALG5.3-14



superblock $C = \{x, y\}$

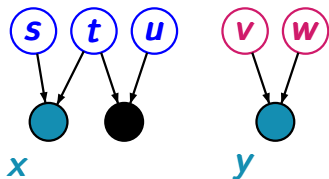
partition $\mathcal{B} \rightsquigarrow \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$



...

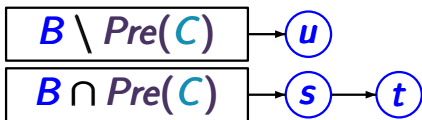
Example: refinement operator

PARTSPLITALG5.3-14



superblock $C = \{x, y\}$

Refine(B, C)



...

$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}$

WHILE there is a splitter \mathcal{C} for \mathcal{B} DO

 select such a splitter \mathcal{C} ;

$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, \mathcal{C})$

OD

return \mathcal{B}

$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}$ ← time complexity: $\mathcal{O}(|S| \cdot |AP|)$

WHILE there is a splitter \mathcal{C} for \mathcal{B} DO

 select such a splitter \mathcal{C} ;

$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, \mathcal{C})$

OD

return \mathcal{B}

$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}$ ← time complexity: $\mathcal{O}(|S| \cdot |AP|)$

WHILE there is a splitter \mathcal{C} for \mathcal{B} DO

 select such a splitter \mathcal{C} ;

$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, \mathcal{C})$

OD

return \mathcal{B}

each state $s' \in \mathcal{C}$ causes
the costs $\mathcal{O}(|\text{Pre}(s')| + 1)$

$B := B_{AP}$ ← time complexity: $\mathcal{O}(|S| \cdot |AP|)$

WHILE there is a splitter C for B DO

 select such a splitter C ;

$B := \text{Refine}(B, C)$

OD

return B

each state $s' \in C$ causes
the costs $\mathcal{O}(|\text{Pre}(s')| + 1)$

time complexity:

$$\mathcal{O}\left(\sum_C \left(\sum_{s' \in C} |\text{Pre}(s')| + |C|\right) + |S| \cdot |AP|\right)$$

$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}$ ← time complexity: $\mathcal{O}(|S| \cdot |AP|)$

WHILE there is a splitter \mathcal{C} for \mathcal{B} DO

 select such a splitter \mathcal{C} ;

$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, \mathcal{C})$

OD

return \mathcal{B}

each state $s' \in \mathcal{C}$ causes
the costs $\mathcal{O}(|\text{Pre}(s')| + 1)$

time complexity:

$$\mathcal{O}\left(\sum_{\mathcal{C}} \left(\sum_{s' \in \mathcal{C}} |\text{Pre}(s')| + |\mathcal{C}|\right) + |S| \cdot |AP|\right)$$

+ cost for splitter search and management

2 instances of the partitioning splitter algorithm
that differ in the **choice** and **management** of **splitters**

2 instances of the partitioning splitter algorithm that differ in the **choice** and **management** of **splitters**

- *Kanellakis-Smolka algorithm:*
refinement according to all blocks of the partition of the previous iteration

2 instances of the partitioning splitter algorithm that differ in the **choice** and **management** of **splitters**

- *Kanellakis-Smolka algorithm:*
refinement according to all blocks of the partition of the previous iteration
- *Paige-Tarjan-algorithm:*
simultaneous refinement according to **2** superblocks

$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}; \mathcal{B}_{old} := \{S\}$

REPEAT

$\mathcal{B}_{old} := \mathcal{B};$

 FOR ALL $C \in \mathcal{B}_{old}$ DO $\mathcal{B} := Refine(\mathcal{B}, C)$ OD

UNTIL $\mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B}_{old}$

return \mathcal{B}

$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}; \mathcal{B}_{old} := \{S\}$ ← cost: $\mathcal{O}(|S| \cdot |AP|)$

REPEAT

$\mathcal{B}_{old} := \mathcal{B};$

 FOR ALL $C \in \mathcal{B}_{old}$ DO $\mathcal{B} := Refine(\mathcal{B}, C)$ OD

UNTIL $\mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B}_{old}$

return \mathcal{B}

$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}; \mathcal{B}_{old} := \{S\}$ ← cost: $\mathcal{O}(|S| \cdot |AP|)$

REPEAT

$\mathcal{B}_{old} := \mathcal{B};$

FOR ALL $C \in \mathcal{B}_{old}$ DO $\mathcal{B} := Refine(\mathcal{B}, C)$ OD

UNTIL $\mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B}_{old}$

return \mathcal{B}

- maximal $|S|$ iterations

$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}; \mathcal{B}_{old} := \{S\}$ ← cost: $\mathcal{O}(|S| \cdot |AP|)$

REPEAT

$\mathcal{B}_{old} := \mathcal{B};$

FOR ALL $C \in \mathcal{B}_{old}$ DO $\mathcal{B} := Refine(\mathcal{B}, C)$ OD

UNTIL $\mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B}_{old}$

return \mathcal{B}

- maximal $|S|$ iterations
- per iteration: each state $s' \in C$ causes the costs $\mathcal{O}(|Pre(s')| + 1)$

$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}; \mathcal{B}_{old} := \{S\}$ ← cost: $\mathcal{O}(|S| \cdot |AP|)$

REPEAT

$\mathcal{B}_{old} := \mathcal{B};$

 FOR ALL $C \in \mathcal{B}_{old}$ DO $\mathcal{B} := Refine(\mathcal{B}, C)$ OD

UNTIL $\mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B}_{old}$

return \mathcal{B}

- maximal $|S|$ iterations
- per iteration: each state $s' \in C$ causes the costs $\mathcal{O}(|Pre(s')| + 1)$
- cost per iteration: $\mathcal{O}(m + |S|)$

$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}; \mathcal{B}_{old} := \{S\}$ ← cost: $\mathcal{O}(|S| \cdot |AP|)$

REPEAT

$\mathcal{B}_{old} := \mathcal{B};$

 FOR ALL $C \in \mathcal{B}_{old}$ DO $\mathcal{B} := Refine(\mathcal{B}, C)$ OD

UNTIL $\mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B}_{old}$

return \mathcal{B}

- maximal $|S|$ iterations
- per iteration: each state $s' \in C$ causes the costs $\mathcal{O}(|Pre(s')| + 1)$
- cost per iteration: $\mathcal{O}(m + |S|)$
 if $m = \text{number of edges} = \sum_{s'} |Pre(s')|$

$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}; \mathcal{B}_{old} := \{S\} \leftarrow \text{cost: } \mathcal{O}(|S| \cdot |AP|)$

REPEAT

$\mathcal{B}_{old} := \mathcal{B};$

 FOR ALL $C \in \mathcal{B}_{old}$ DO $\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C)$ OD

UNTIL $\mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B}_{old}$

return \mathcal{B}

- maximal $|S|$ iterations
- per iteration: each state $s' \in C$ causes the costs $\mathcal{O}(|Pre(s')| + 1)$
- cost per iteration: $\mathcal{O}(m + |S|) = \mathcal{O}(m)$
 if $m = \text{number of edges} = \sum_{s'} |Pre(s')| \geq |S|$

$$\mathcal{B} := \mathcal{B}_{AP}; \mathcal{B}_{old} := \{S\}$$

REPEAT

$$\mathcal{B}_{old} := \mathcal{B};$$

FOR ALL $\mathcal{C} \in \mathcal{B}_{old}$ DO $\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, \mathcal{C})$ OD

UNTIL $\mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B}_{old}$

return \mathcal{B}

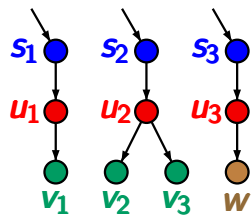
time complexity:

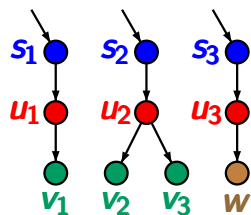
$$\mathcal{O}(|S| \cdot m + |S| \cdot |AP|)$$

- maximal $|S|$ iterations
- per iteration: each state $s' \in \mathcal{C}$ causes the costs $\mathcal{O}(|\text{Pre}(s')| + 1)$
- cost per iteration: $\mathcal{O}(m + |S|) = \mathcal{O}(m)$
if $m = \text{number of edges} = \sum_{s'} |\text{Pre}(s')| \geq |S|$

Example: Kanellakis-Smolka algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-17



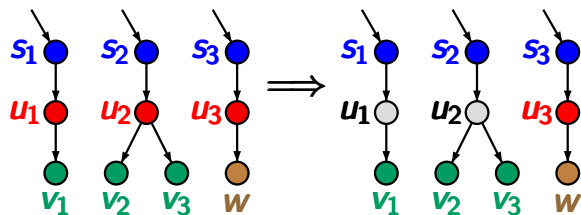


1. iteration:

1. refinement w.r.t. $\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$

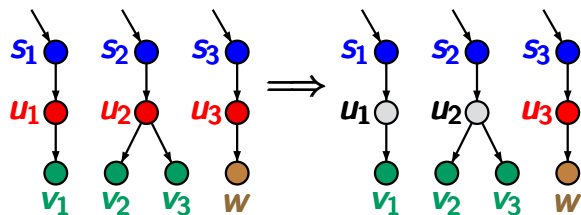
Example: Kanellakis-Smolka algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-17



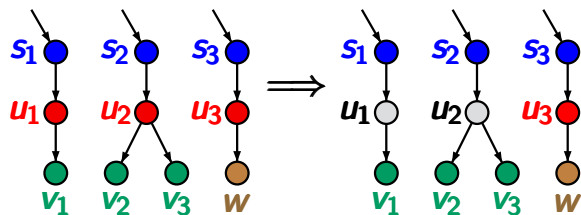
1. iteration:

1. refinement w.r.t. $\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$



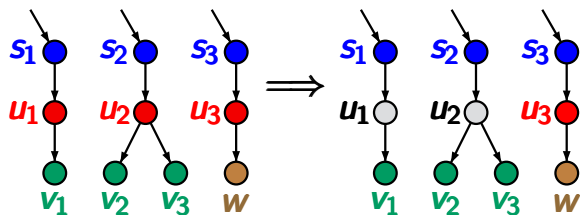
1. iteration:

1. refinement w.r.t. $\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$
2. refinement w.r.t. $\{w\}$: no changes



1. iteration:

1. refinement w.r.t. $\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$
2. refinement w.r.t. $\{w\}$: no changes
3. refinement w.r.t. $\{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$: no changes

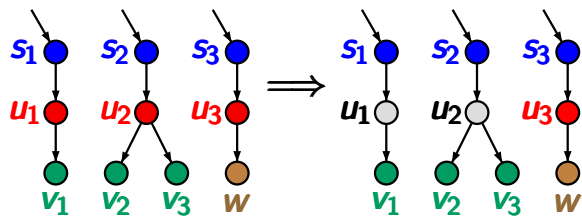


1. iteration:

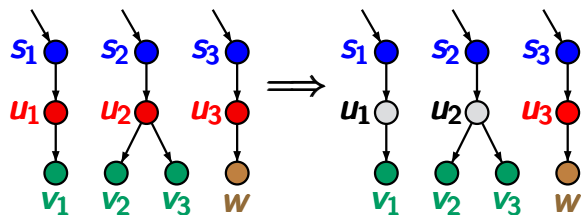
1. refinement w.r.t. $\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$
2. refinement w.r.t. $\{w\}$: no changes
3. refinement w.r.t. $\{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$: no changes
4. refinement w.r.t. $\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}$: no changes

Example: Kanellakis-Smolka algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-17



2. iteration:

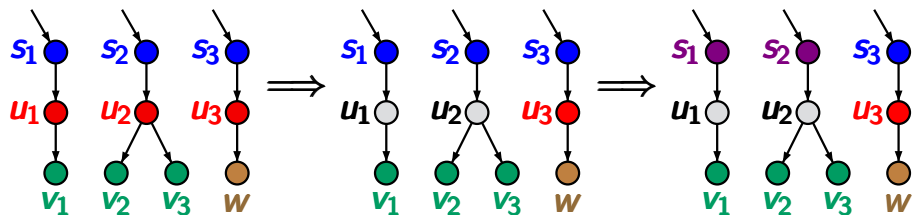


2. iteration:

1. refinement w.r.t. $\{u_3\}$

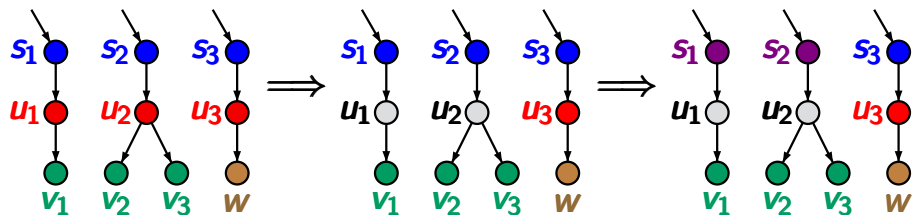
Example: Kanellakis-Smolka algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-17



2. iteration:

1. refinement w.r.t. $\{U_3\}$

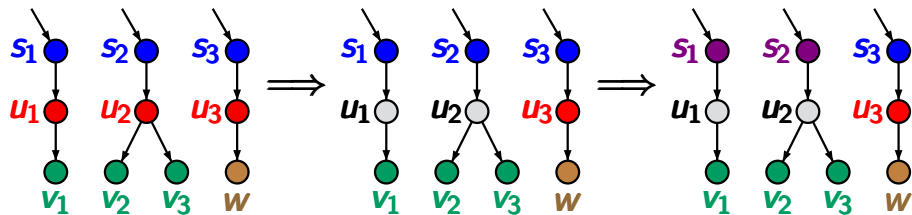


2. iteration:

1. refinement w.r.t. $\{U_3\}$
2. refinement w.r.t. other blocks of the first iteration: no changes

Example: Kanellakis-Smolka algorithm

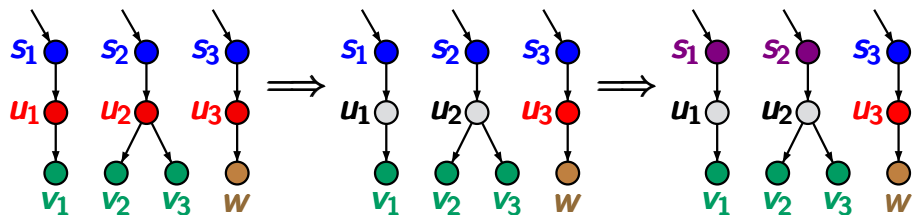
PARTSPLITALG5.3-17



3. iteration:

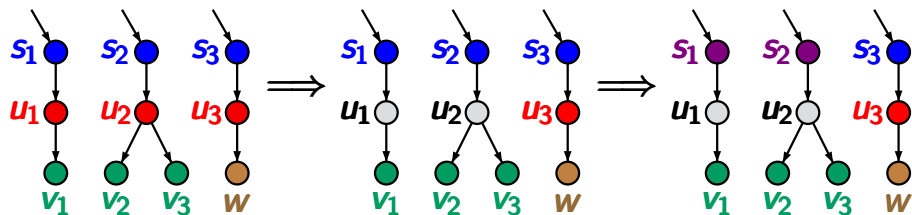
Example: Kanellakis-Smolka algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-17



3. iteration:

refinement w.r.t. all blocks of the second iteration:
no changes



3. iteration:

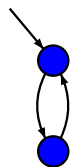
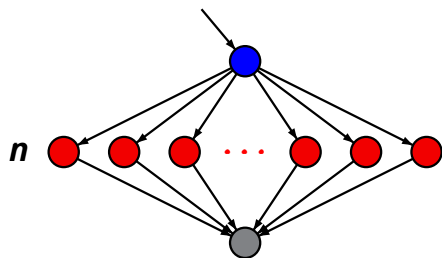
refinement w.r.t. all blocks of the second iteration:
no changes

6 bisimulation equivalence classes:

$\{s_1, s_2\}, \{s_3\}, \{u_1, u_2\}, \{u_3\}, \{v_1, v_2, v_3\}, \{w\}$

Partitioning splitter algorithm

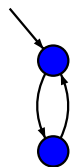
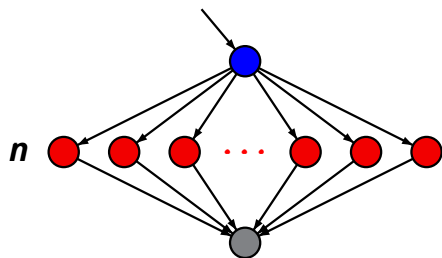
PARTSPLITALG5.3-18



AP	$=$	$\{a, b\}$
● (blue)	$\hat{=}$	$\{a\}$
● (red)	$\hat{=}$	$\{b\}$
● (gray)	$\hat{=}$	\emptyset

Partitioning splitter algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-18

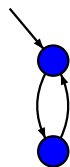
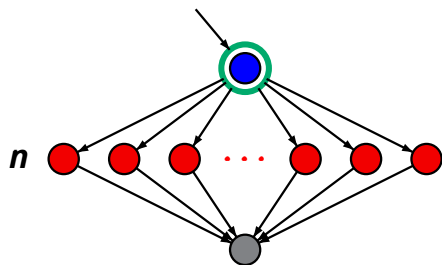


AP	$=$	$\{a, b\}$
● (blue)	$\hat{=}$	$\{a\}$
● (red)	$\hat{=}$	$\{b\}$
● (gray)	$\hat{=}$	\emptyset

refinement w.r.t. ●:

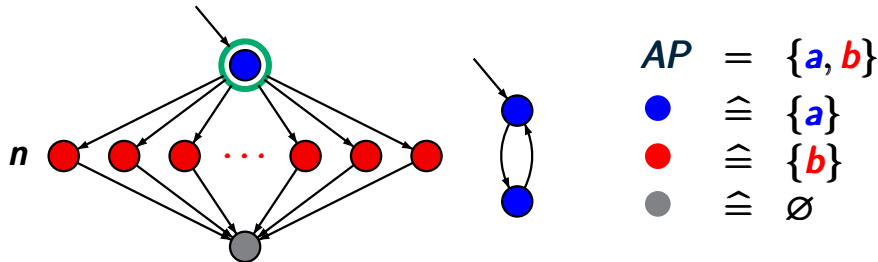
Partitioning splitter algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-18



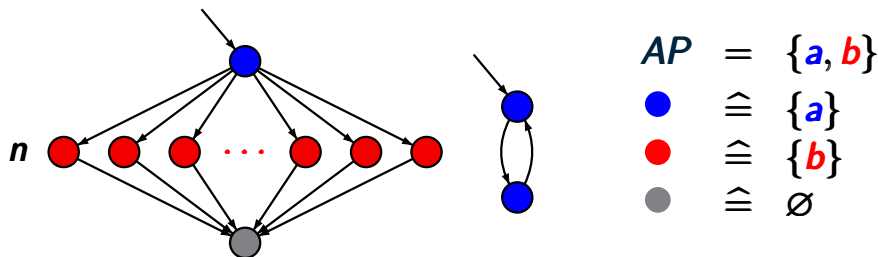
AP	$=$	$\{a, b\}$
●	$\hat{=}$	$\{a\}$
●	$\hat{=}$	$\{b\}$
●	$\hat{=}$	\emptyset

refinement w.r.t. ●:



refinement w.r.t. \bullet : causes the costs

$$\sum_{s'} |Pre(s')| = n$$



refinement w.r.t. \bullet (red): causes the costs

$$\sum_{s'} |Pre(s')| = n$$

alternatively: refinement w.r.t. \bullet (blue): constant costs

Kanellakis-Smolka algorithm:

initially: $B_{\text{old}} = B = B_{AP}$

Kanellakis-Smolka algorithm:

initially: $\mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} = \mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B}_{AP}$

iteration: **stabilization** for each block in \mathcal{B}_{old}

Kanellakis-Smolka algorithm:

initially: $\mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} = \mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B}_{AP}$

iteration: **stabilization** for each block in \mathcal{B}_{old}

loop invariant: \mathcal{B} finer than \mathcal{B}_{old} and coarser than S/\sim

Kanellakis-Smolka algorithm:

initially: $B_{\text{old}} = B = B_{AP}$

iteration: **stabilization** for each block in B_{old}

loop invariant: B finer than B_{old} and coarser than S/\sim

Paige-Tarjan algorithm:

Kanellakis-Smolka algorithm:

initially: $\mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} = \mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B}_{AP}$

iteration: **stabilization** for each block in \mathcal{B}_{old}

loop invariant: \mathcal{B} finer than \mathcal{B}_{old} and coarser than S/\sim

Paige-Tarjan algorithm:

loop invariant:

- (1) \mathcal{B} finer than \mathcal{B}_{old} and coarser than S/\sim
- (2) \mathcal{B} is **stable** for each block in \mathcal{B}_{old}

Kanellakis-Smolka algorithm:

initially: $\mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} = \mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B}_{AP}$

iteration: **stabilization** for each block in \mathcal{B}_{old}

loop invariant: \mathcal{B} finer than \mathcal{B}_{old} and coarser than S/\sim

Paige-Tarjan algorithm:

loop invariant:

- (1) \mathcal{B} finer than \mathcal{B}_{old} and coarser than S/\sim
- (2) \mathcal{B} is **stable** for each block in \mathcal{B}_{old}

iteration: ternary refinement operator

Kanellakis-Smolka algorithm:

initially: $\mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} = \mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B}_{AP}$

iteration: **stabilization** for each block in \mathcal{B}_{old}

loop invariant: \mathcal{B} finer than \mathcal{B}_{old} and coarser than S/\sim

Paige-Tarjan algorithm:

loop invariant:

- (1) \mathcal{B} finer than \mathcal{B}_{old} and coarser than S/\sim
- (2) \mathcal{B} is **stable** for each block in \mathcal{B}_{old}

iteration: ternary refinement operator

initially: $\mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} = \{S\}$

Kanellakis-Smolka algorithm:

initially: $\mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} = \mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B}_{AP}$

iteration: **stabilization** for each block in \mathcal{B}_{old}

loop invariant: \mathcal{B} finer than \mathcal{B}_{old} and coarser than S/\sim

Paige-Tarjan algorithm:

loop invariant:

- (1) \mathcal{B} finer than \mathcal{B}_{old} and coarser than S/\sim
- (2) \mathcal{B} is **stable** for each block in \mathcal{B}_{old}

iteration: ternary refinement operator

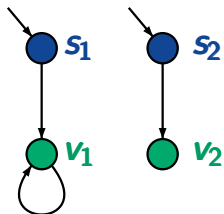
initially: $\mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} = \{S\}$, $\mathcal{B} = \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}_{AP}, S)$

\mathcal{B}_{AP} is generally not stable w.r.t. S

PARTSPLITALG5.3-20

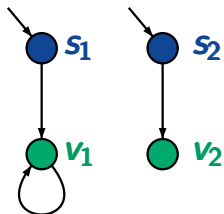
\mathcal{B}_{AP} is generally not stable w.r.t. \mathcal{S}

PARTSPLITALG5.3-20



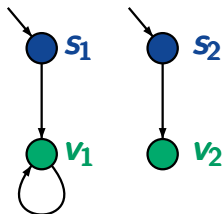
\mathcal{B}_{AP} is generally not stable w.r.t. \mathcal{S}

PARTSPLITALG5.3-20



state space $\mathcal{S} = \{s_1, s_2, v_1, v_2\}$

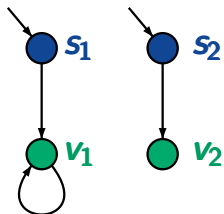
$$\mathcal{B}_{AP} = \left\{ \{s_1, s_2\}, \{v_1, v_2\} \right\}$$



state space $S = \{s_1, s_2, v_1, v_2\}$

$$\mathcal{B}_{AP} = \left\{ \{s_1, s_2\}, \{v_1, v_2\} \right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Pre}(S) &= \text{set of nonterminal states} \\ &= \{s_1, s_2, v_1\} \end{aligned}$$



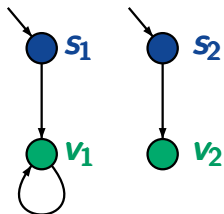
state space $S = \{s_1, s_2, v_1, v_2\}$

$$\mathcal{B}_{AP} = \left\{ \{s_1, s_2\}, \{v_1, v_2\} \right\}$$

$Pre(S)$ = set of nonterminal states
= $\{s_1, s_2, v_1\}$

$$\{v_1, v_2\} \cap Pre(S) = \{v_1\}$$

$$\{v_1, v_2\} \setminus Pre(S) = \{v_2\}$$



state space $S = \{s_1, s_2, v_1, v_2\}$

$$\mathcal{B}_{AP} = \left\{ \{s_1, s_2\}, \{v_1, v_2\} \right\}$$

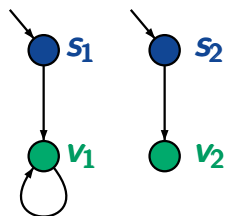
$Pre(S)$ = set of nonterminal states
= $\{s_1, s_2, v_1\}$

$$\{v_1, v_2\} \cap Pre(S) = \{v_1\}$$

$$\{v_1, v_2\} \setminus Pre(S) = \{v_2\}$$

initial partition of Paige/Tarjan algorithm:

$$Refine(\mathcal{B}_{AP}, S)$$



state space $S = \{s_1, s_2, v_1, v_2\}$

$$\mathcal{B}_{AP} = \left\{ \{s_1, s_2\}, \{v_1, v_2\} \right\}$$

$Pre(S) =$ set of nonterminal states
 $= \{s_1, s_2, v_1\}$

$$\{v_1, v_2\} \cap Pre(S) = \{v_1\}$$

$$\{v_1, v_2\} \setminus Pre(S) = \{v_2\}$$

initial partition of Paige/Tarjan algorithm:

$$Refine(\mathcal{B}_{AP}, S) = \left\{ \{s_1, s_2\}, \{v_1\}, \{v_2\} \right\}$$

$B_{\text{old}} := \{S\}; B := \text{Refine}(B_{AP}, S);$

WHILE $B \neq B_{\text{old}}$ DO

OD

$B_{\text{old}} := \{S\}; B := \text{Refine}(B_{AP}, S);$

WHILE $B \neq B_{\text{old}}$ DO

 select a block $C' \in B_{\text{old}} \setminus B;$

OD

$\mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} := \{S\}; \mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}_{AP}, S);$

WHILE $\mathcal{B} \neq \mathcal{B}_{\text{old}}$ DO

 select a block $C' \in \mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} \setminus \mathcal{B};$

 select a block $C \in \mathcal{B}$ with $C \subseteq C'$

OD

$\mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} := \{S\}; \mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}_{AP}, S);$

WHILE $\mathcal{B} \neq \mathcal{B}_{\text{old}}$ DO

 select a block $C' \in \mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} \setminus \mathcal{B};$

 select a block $C \in \mathcal{B}$ with $C \subseteq C'$ and $|C| \leq |C'|/2;$

OD

Paige-Tarjan algorithm

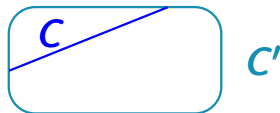
PARTSPLITALG5.3-21

$B_{\text{old}} := \{S\}; B := \text{Refine}(B_{AP}, S);$

WHILE $B \neq B_{\text{old}}$ DO

 select a block $C' \in B_{\text{old}} \setminus B;$

 select a block $C \in B$ with $C \subseteq C'$ and $|C| \leq |C'|/2;$



OD

Paige-Tarjan algorithm

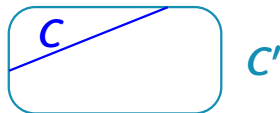
PARTSPLITALG5.3-21

$B_{\text{old}} := \{S\}; B := \text{Refine}(B_{AP}, S);$

WHILE $B \neq B_{\text{old}}$ DO

 select a block $C' \in B_{\text{old}} \setminus B;$

 select a block $C \in B$ with $C \subseteq C'$ and $|C| \leq |C'|/2;$



refine B
w.r.t. C and $C' \setminus C$

OD

Paige-Tarjan algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-21

$B_{old} := \{S\}; B := Refine(B_{AP}, S);$

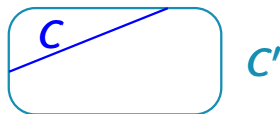
WHILE $B \neq B_{old}$ DO

select a block $C' \in B_{old} \setminus B;$

select a block $C \in B$ with $C \subseteq C'$ and $|C| \leq |C'|/2;$

$B := Refine(B, C)$

$B := Refine(B, C')$



refine B

w.r.t. C and $C' \setminus C$

OD

Paige-Tarjan algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-21

$B_{old} := \{S\}; B := Refine(B_{AP}, S);$

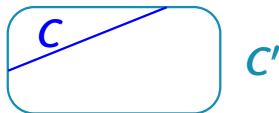
WHILE $B \neq B_{old}$ DO

select a block $C' \in B_{old} \setminus B;$

select a block $C \in B$ with $C \subseteq C'$ and $|C| \leq |C'|/2;$

$B := Refine(B, C)$

$B := Refine(B, C')$



refine B simultaneously
w.r.t. C and $C' \setminus C$

OD

Paige-Tarjan algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-21

$B_{old} := \{S\}; B := Refine(B_{AP}, S);$

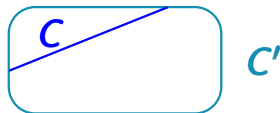
WHILE $B \neq B_{old}$ DO

select a block $C' \in B_{old} \setminus B;$

select a block $C \in B$ with $C \subseteq C'$ and $|C| \leq |C'|/2;$

$B := Refine(B, C, C' \setminus C)$

refine B simultaneously
w.r.t. C and $C' \setminus C$



OD

Paige-Tarjan algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-21

$B_{old} := \{S\}; B := Refine(B_{AP}, S);$

WHILE $B \neq B_{old}$ DO

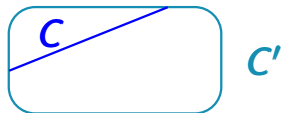
select a block $C' \in B_{old} \setminus B;$

select a block $C \in B$ with $C \subseteq C'$ and $|C| \leq |C'|/2;$

$B := Refine(B, C, C' \setminus C)$

add C and $C' \setminus C$ to B_{old}

OD



refine B simultaneously
w.r.t. C and $C' \setminus C$

Paige-Tarjan algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-21

$\mathcal{B}_{old} := \{S\}; \mathcal{B} := Refine(\mathcal{B}_{AP}, S);$

WHILE $\mathcal{B} \neq \mathcal{B}_{old}$ DO

select a block $C' \in \mathcal{B}_{old} \setminus \mathcal{B};$

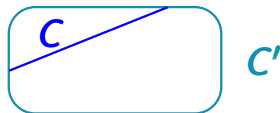
select a block $C \in \mathcal{B}$ with $C \subseteq C'$ and $|C| \leq |C'|/2;$

$\mathcal{B} := Refine(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C)$

refine \mathcal{B} simultaneously
w.r.t. C and $C' \setminus C$

add C and $C' \setminus C$ to \mathcal{B}_{old} and remove C' from \mathcal{B}_{old}

OD



Paige-Tarjan algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-21

$B_{old} := \{S\}; B := Refine(B_{AP}, S);$

WHILE $B \neq B_{old}$ DO

select a block $C' \in B_{old} \setminus B;$

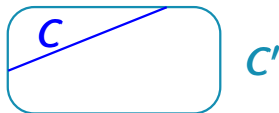
select a block $C \in B$ with $C \subseteq C'$ and $|C| \leq |C'|/2;$

$B := Refine(B, C, C' \setminus C)$

refine B simultaneously
w.r.t. C and $C' \setminus C$

add C and $C' \setminus C$ to B_{old} and remove C' from B_{old}

OD



loop invariant: B is stable w.r.t. each block in B_{old}

Let \mathcal{B} be a partition and

- \mathcal{C}' a superblock of \mathcal{B} s.t. \mathcal{B} is stable w.r.t. \mathcal{C}'

Let \mathcal{B} be a partition and

- \mathcal{C}' a superblock of \mathcal{B} s.t. \mathcal{B} is stable w.r.t. \mathcal{C}'

Let \mathcal{B} be a partition and

- C' a superblock of \mathcal{B} s.t. \mathcal{B} is stable w.r.t. C'
- C a block in \mathcal{B} s.t. $C \subseteq C'$

Let \mathcal{B} be a partition and

- \mathcal{C}' a superblock of \mathcal{B} s.t. \mathcal{B} is stable w.r.t. \mathcal{C}'
- \mathcal{C} a block in \mathcal{B} s.t. $\mathcal{C} \subseteq \mathcal{C}'$

simultaneous refinement of \mathcal{B} w.r.t. \mathcal{C} and $\mathcal{C}' \setminus \mathcal{C}$:

Let \mathcal{B} be a partition and

- \mathcal{C}' a superblock of \mathcal{B} s.t. \mathcal{B} is stable w.r.t. \mathcal{C}'
- \mathcal{C} a block in \mathcal{B} s.t. $\mathcal{C} \subseteq \mathcal{C}'$

simultaneous refinement of \mathcal{B} w.r.t. \mathcal{C} and $\mathcal{C}' \setminus \mathcal{C}$:

$$\mathit{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, \mathcal{C}, \mathcal{C}' \setminus \mathcal{C}) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \mathit{Refine}(B, \mathcal{C}, \mathcal{C}' \setminus \mathcal{C})$$

Let \mathcal{B} be a partition and

- C' a superblock of \mathcal{B} s.t. \mathcal{B} is stable w.r.t. C'
- C a block in \mathcal{B} s.t. $C \subseteq C'$

simultaneous refinement of \mathcal{B} w.r.t. C and $C' \setminus C$:

$$\mathit{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \mathit{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$$

where for block $B \subseteq \mathit{Pre}(C')$:

$$\mathit{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C) = \{B_1, B_2, B_3\} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$$

Let \mathcal{B} be a partition and

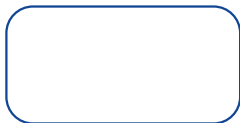
- C' a superblock of \mathcal{B} s.t. \mathcal{B} is stable w.r.t. C'
- C a block in \mathcal{B} s.t. $C \subseteq C'$

simultaneous refinement of \mathcal{B} w.r.t. C and $C' \setminus C$:

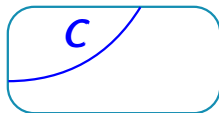
$$\text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$$

where for block $B \subseteq \text{Pre}(C')$:

$$\text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C) = \{B_1, B_2, B_3\} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$$



block B



superblock C'

Let \mathcal{B} be a partition and

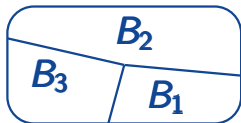
- C' a superblock of \mathcal{B} s.t. \mathcal{B} is stable w.r.t. C'
- C a block in \mathcal{B} s.t. $C \subseteq C'$

simultaneous refinement of \mathcal{B} w.r.t. C and $C' \setminus C$:

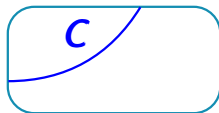
$$\text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$$

where for block $B \subseteq \text{Pre}(C')$:

$$\text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C) = \{B_1, B_2, B_3\} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$$



block B



superblock C'

The ternary refinement operator

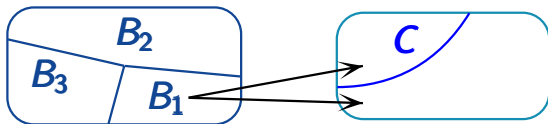
PARTSPLITALG5.3-22

simultaneous refinement of B w.r.t. C and $C' \setminus C$:

$$\text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$$

where for block $B \subseteq \text{Pre}(C')$:

$$\text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C) = \{B_1, B_2, B_3\} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$$



block B

superblock C'

$$B_1 = B \cap \text{Pre}(C) \cap \text{Pre}(C' \setminus C)$$

The ternary refinement operator

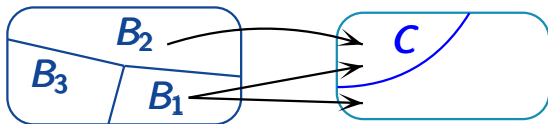
PARTSPLITALG5.3-22

simultaneous refinement of B w.r.t. C and $C' \setminus C$:

$$\text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$$

where for block $B \subseteq \text{Pre}(C')$:

$$\text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C) = \{B_1, B_2, B_3\} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$$



block B

superblock C'

$$B_1 = B \cap \text{Pre}(C) \cap \text{Pre}(C' \setminus C)$$

$$B_2 = (B \cap \text{Pre}(C)) \setminus \text{Pre}(C' \setminus C)$$

The ternary refinement operator

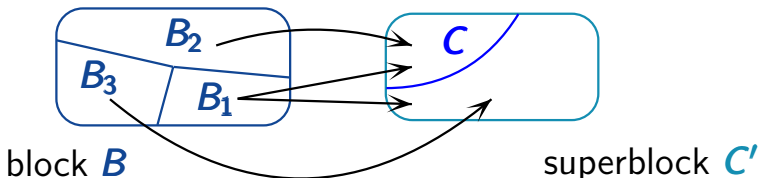
PARTSPLITALG5.3-22

simultaneous refinement of B w.r.t. C and $C' \setminus C$:

$$\text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$$

where for block $B \subseteq \text{Pre}(C')$:

$$\text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C) = \{B_1, B_2, B_3\} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$$



$$B_1 = B \cap \text{Pre}(C) \cap \text{Pre}(C' \setminus C)$$

$$B_2 = (B \cap \text{Pre}(C)) \setminus \text{Pre}(C' \setminus C)$$

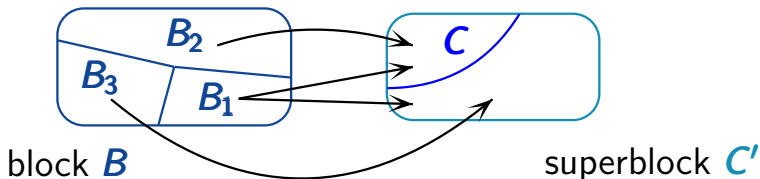
$$B_3 = (B \cap \text{Pre}(C' \setminus C)) \setminus \text{Pre}(C)$$

simultaneous refinement of B w.r.t. C and $C' \setminus C$:

$$\text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$$

where for block $B \subseteq \text{Pre}(C')$:

$$\text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C) = \{B_1, B_2, B_3\} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$$



for block B with $B \cap \text{Pre}(C') = \emptyset$:

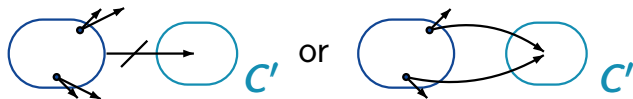
$$\text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C) = \{B\}$$

Suppose that for all blocks $B \in \mathcal{B}$:

$$B \subseteq \text{Pre}(C') \text{ or } B \cap \text{Pre}(C') = \emptyset$$

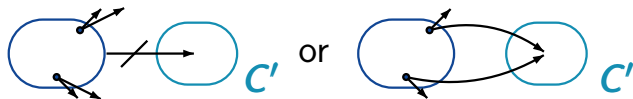
Suppose that for all blocks $B \in \mathcal{B}$:

$$B \subseteq \text{Pre}(C') \text{ or } B \cap \text{Pre}(C') = \emptyset$$

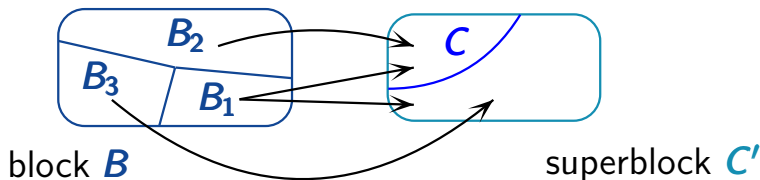


Suppose that for all blocks $B \in \mathcal{B}$:

$$B \subseteq \text{Pre}(C') \text{ or } B \cap \text{Pre}(C') = \emptyset$$

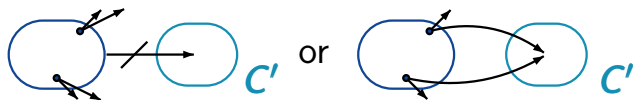


Then the new blocks B_1, B_2, B_3 in $\text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$ are **stable** w.r.t. the superblocks C and $C' \setminus C$.



Suppose that for all blocks $B \in \mathcal{B}$:

$$B \subseteq \text{Pre}(C') \text{ or } B \cap \text{Pre}(C') = \emptyset$$



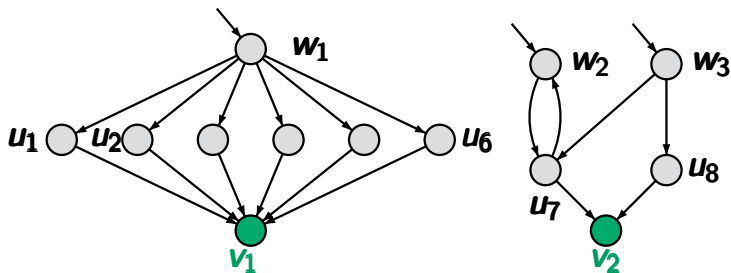
Then the new blocks B_1, B_2, B_3 in $\text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$ are stable w.r.t. the superblocks C and $C' \setminus C$.

If \mathcal{B} is stable w.r.t. all blocks in \mathcal{B}_{old} and $C' \in \mathcal{B}_{\text{old}}$, $C \in \mathcal{B}$ s.t. $C \subsetneq C'$ then $\text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$ is stable w.r.t. all blocks in the partition

$$(\mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} \setminus \{C'\}) \cup \{C, C' \setminus C\}$$

Example: Paige-Tarjan algorithm

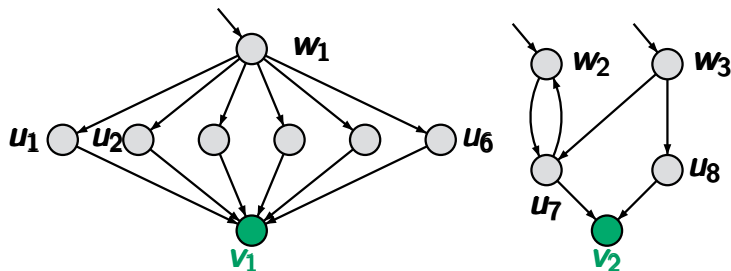
PARTSPLITALG5.3-24



$$AP = \{\text{green}, \text{gray}\}, \quad B_{\text{old}} = \{S\}$$

Example: Paige-Tarjan algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-24



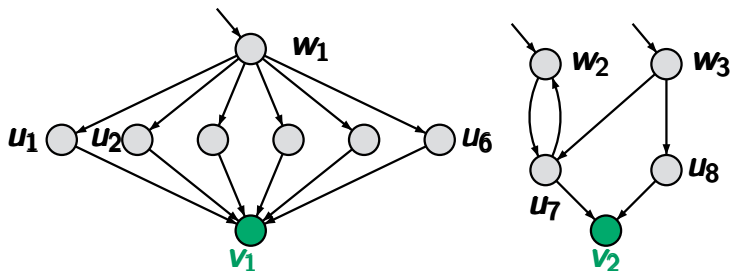
$$AP = \{\text{green}, \text{gray}\}, \quad B_{\text{old}} = \{S\}$$

initial partition:

$$\begin{aligned} B_0 &= \text{Refine}(B_{AP}, S) = B_{AP} \\ &= \{\{v_1, v_2\}, \{u_1, \dots, u_8, w_1, w_2, w_3\}\} \end{aligned}$$

Example: Paige-Tarjan algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-24



initially: $\mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} = \{S\}$

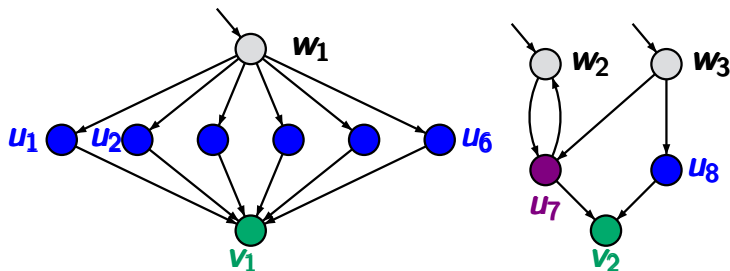
$$\mathcal{B}_0 = \{\{v_1, v_2\}, \{u_1, \dots, u_8, w_1, w_2, w_3\}\}$$

first refinement step:

$$\text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}_0, \{v_1, v_2\}, S \setminus \{v_1, v_2\})$$

Example: Paige-Tarjan algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-24



initially: $\mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} = \{S\}$

$$\mathcal{B}_0 = \left\{ \{v_1, v_2\}, \{u_1, \dots, u_6, u_8, u_7, w_1, w_2, w_3\} \right\}$$

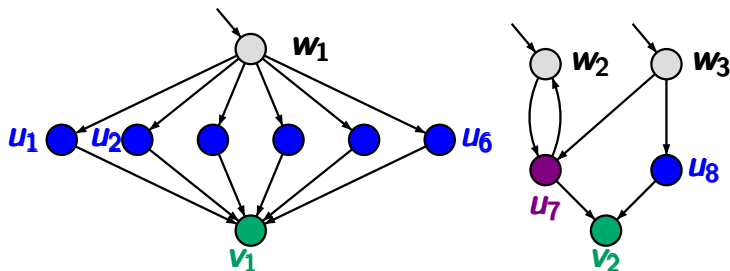
first refinement step:

$$\text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}_0, \{v_1, v_2\}, S \setminus \{v_1, v_2\}) =$$

$$\mathcal{B}_1 = \left\{ \{v_1, v_2\}, \{u_1, \dots, u_6, u_8\}, \{u_7\}, \{w_1, w_2, w_3\} \right\}$$

Example: Paige-Tarjan algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-24



initially: $\mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} = \{S\}$

$$\mathcal{B}_0 = \left\{ \{v_1, v_2\}, \{u_1, \dots, u_6, u_8, u_7, w_1, w_2, w_3\} \right\}$$

first refinement step:

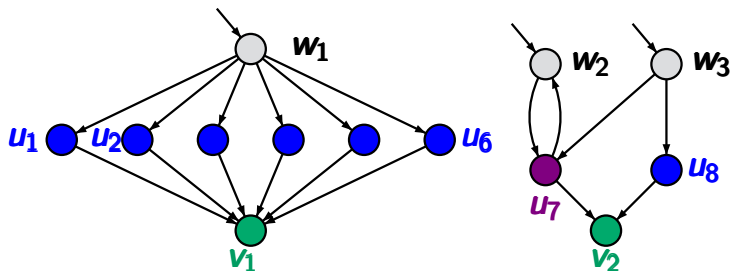
$$\text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}_0, \{v_1, v_2\}, S \setminus \{v_1, v_2\}) =$$

$$\mathcal{B}_1 = \left\{ \{v_1, v_2\}, \{u_1, \dots, u_6, u_8\}, \{u_7\}, \{w_1, w_2, w_3\} \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} = \left\{ \{v_1, v_2\}, \{u_1, \dots, u_6, u_8, u_7, w_1, w_2, w_3\} \right\}$$

Example: Paige-Tarjan algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-24



first refinement step:

$$\mathcal{B}_1 = \{ \{v_1, v_2\}, \{u_1, \dots, u_6, u_8\}, \{u_7\}, \{w_1, w_2, w_3\} \}$$

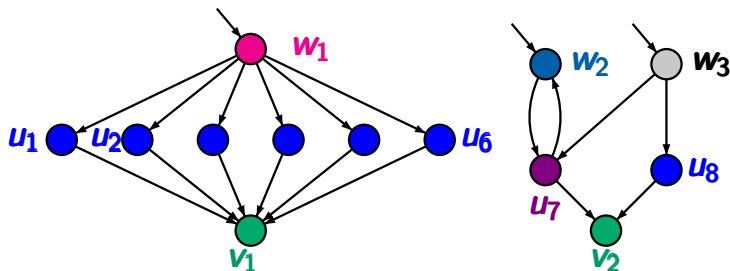
$$\mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} = \{ \{v_1, v_2\}, \{u_1, \dots, u_6, u_8, u_7, w_1, w_2, w_3\} \}$$

second refinement step:

$$\text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}_1, ?, ?)$$

Example: Paige-Tarjan algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-24



first refinement step:

$$\mathcal{B}_1 = \{ \{v_1, v_2\}, \{u_1, \dots, u_6, u_8\}, \{u_7\}, \{w_1, w_2, w_3\} \}$$

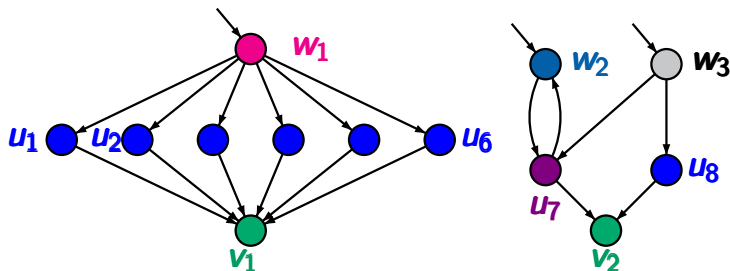
$$\mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} = \{ \{v_1, v_2\}, \{u_1, \dots, u_6, u_8, u_7, w_1, w_2, w_3\} \}$$

second refinement step:

$$\text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}_1, \{u_7\}, \{u_1, \dots, u_6, u_8, w_1, w_2, w_3\})$$

Example: Paige-Tarjan algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-24



first refinement step:

$$\mathcal{B}_1 = \left\{ \{v_1, v_2\}, \{u_1, \dots, u_6, u_8\}, \{u_7\}, \{w_1, w_2, w_3\} \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} = \left\{ \{v_1, v_2\}, \{u_1, \dots, u_6, u_8, u_7, w_1, w_2, w_3\} \right\}$$

second refinement step:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}_1, \{u_7\}, \{u_1, \dots, u_6, u_8, w_1, w_2, w_3\}) \\ &= \left\{ \{v_1, v_2\}, \{u_1, \dots, u_6, u_8\}, \{u_7\}, \{w_1\}, \{w_2\}, \{w_3\} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$B := \text{Refine}(B_{AP}, S); B_{\text{old}} := \{S\};$

WHILE $B \neq B_{\text{old}}$ DO

 select $C' \in B_{\text{old}}, C \in B$ s.t. $C \subseteq C', |C| \leq |C'|/2;$

 add C and $C' \setminus C$ to B_{old} and remove C' from B_{old}

$B := \text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$

OD

return B

$B := \text{Refine}(B_{AP}, S); B_{old} := \{S\};$

WHILE $B \neq B_{old}$ DO

select $C' \in B_{old}, C \in B$ s.t. $C \subseteq C', |C| \leq |C'|/2;$

add C and $C' \setminus C$ to B_{old} and remove C' from B_{old}

$B := \text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$

OD

return B

efficient implementation of $\text{Refine}(B, C, \dots)$ with time complexity $\mathcal{O}(|C| + |Pre(C)|)$

$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}_{AP}, S); \mathcal{B}_{old} := \{S\};$

WHILE $\mathcal{B} \neq \mathcal{B}_{old}$ DO

select $C' \in \mathcal{B}_{old}, C \in \mathcal{B}$ s.t. $C \subseteq C', |C| \leq |C'|/2;$

add C and $C' \setminus C$ to \mathcal{B}_{old} and remove C' from \mathcal{B}_{old}

$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C)$

OD

return \mathcal{B}

efficient implementation of $\text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C, \dots)$ with time complexity $\mathcal{O}(|C| + |\text{Pre}(C)|)$ uses counters

$$\delta(s, D) = |\text{Post}(s) \cap D| \text{ for } D \in \mathcal{B}_{old}$$

implementation of

$$\mathit{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \mathit{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$$

using counters $\delta(s, D) = |\mathit{Post}(s) \cap D|$

implementation of

$$\mathit{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \mathit{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$$

using counters $\delta(s, D) = |\mathit{Post}(s) \cap D|$

$D \in \mathcal{B}_{\text{old}}$



implementation of

$$\text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$$

using counters $\delta(s, D) = |\text{Post}(s) \cap D|$

$s \in \text{Pre}(D)$

$D \in \mathcal{B}_{\text{old}}$

implementation of

$$\mathit{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \mathit{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$$

using counters $\delta(s, D) = |\mathit{Post}(s) \cap D|$

$$s \in \mathit{Pre}(D) \quad D \in \mathcal{B}_{\text{old}}$$

step 1: compute $\delta(\dots)$ for the new blocks
 C and $C' \setminus C$ in \mathcal{B}_{old}

implementation of

$$\mathit{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C) = \bigcup_{B \in \mathcal{B}} \mathit{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$$

using counters $\delta(s, D) = |\mathit{Post}(s) \cap D|$

$$s \in \mathit{Pre}(D) \quad D \in \mathcal{B}_{\text{old}}$$

step 1: compute $\delta(\dots)$ for the new blocks
 C and $C' \setminus C$ in \mathcal{B}_{old}

step 2: compute $\mathit{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$ for all $B \in \mathcal{B}$

step 1: compute $\delta(s, C), \delta(s, C' \setminus C)$

step 2: compute $\text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$ for all $B \in \mathcal{B}$

step 1: compute $\delta(s, C), \delta(s, C' \setminus C) \leftarrow$ for $s \in Pre(C')$

step 2: compute $Refine(B, C, C' \setminus C)$ for all $B \in \mathcal{B}$

step 1: compute $\delta(s, C), \delta(s, C' \setminus C) \leftarrow$ for $s \in Pre(C')$

$$\delta(s, C) = |Post(s) \cap C|$$

$$\delta(s, C' \setminus C) = |Post(s) \cap (C' \setminus C)|$$

step 2: compute $Refine(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C)$ for all $B \in \mathcal{B}$

step 1: compute $\delta(s, C), \delta(s, C' \setminus C) \leftarrow$ for $s \in Pre(C')$

$$\delta(s, C) = |Post(s) \cap C|$$

$$\delta(s, C' \setminus C) = |Post(s) \cap (C' \setminus C)|$$

step 2: compute $Refine(B, C, C' \setminus C)$ for all $B \in \mathcal{B}$

for $B \in \mathcal{B}$ with $B \cap Pre(C') = \emptyset$ we have:

$$Refine(B, C, C' \setminus C) = \{B\}$$

step 1: compute $\delta(s, C), \delta(s, C' \setminus C) \leftarrow$ for $s \in Pre(C')$

$$\delta(s, C) = |Post(s) \cap C|$$

$$\delta(s, C' \setminus C) = |Post(s) \cap (C' \setminus C)|$$

step 2: compute $Refine(B, C, C' \setminus C)$ for all $B \in \mathcal{B}$

for $B \in \mathcal{B}$ with $B \subseteq Pre(C')$:

step 1: compute $\delta(s, C), \delta(s, C' \setminus C) \leftarrow$ for $s \in Pre(C')$

$$\delta(s, C) = |Post(s) \cap C|$$

$$\delta(s, C' \setminus C) = |Post(s) \cap (C' \setminus C)|$$

step 2: compute $Refine(B, C, C' \setminus C)$ for all $B \in \mathcal{B}$

for $B \in \mathcal{B}$ with $B \subseteq Pre(C')$:

$$Refine(B, C, C' \setminus C) = \{B_1, B_2, B_3\} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$$

step 1: compute $\delta(s, C), \delta(s, C' \setminus C) \leftarrow$ for $s \in Pre(C')$

$$\delta(s, C) = |Post(s) \cap C|$$

$$\delta(s, C' \setminus C) = |Post(s) \cap (C' \setminus C)|$$

step 2: compute $Refine(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C)$ for all $B \in \mathcal{B}$

for $B \in \mathcal{B}$ with $B \subseteq Pre(C')$:

$$Refine(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C) = \{B_1, B_2, B_3\} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$$

$$B_1 = B \cap Pre(C) \cap Pre(C' \setminus C)$$

$$B_2 = (B \cap Pre(C)) \setminus Pre(C' \setminus C)$$

$$B_3 = (B \cap Pre(C' \setminus C)) \setminus Pre(C)$$

step 1: compute $\delta(s, C), \delta(s, C' \setminus C) \leftarrow$ for $s \in Pre(C')$

$$\delta(s, C) = |Post(s) \cap C|$$

$$\delta(s, C' \setminus C) = |Post(s) \cap (C' \setminus C)|$$

step 2: compute $Refine(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C)$ for all $B \in \mathcal{B}$

for $B \in \mathcal{B}$ with $B \subseteq Pre(C')$:

$$Refine(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C) = \{B_1, B_2, B_3\} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$$

$$B_1 = \{s \in B : \delta(s, C) > 0, \delta(s, C' \setminus C) > 0\}$$

$$B_2 = (B \cap Pre(C)) \setminus Pre(C' \setminus C)$$

$$B_3 = (B \cap Pre(C' \setminus C)) \setminus Pre(C)$$

step 1: compute $\delta(s, C), \delta(s, C' \setminus C) \leftarrow$ for $s \in Pre(C')$

$$\delta(s, C) = |Post(s) \cap C|$$

$$\delta(s, C' \setminus C) = |Post(s) \cap (C' \setminus C)|$$

step 2: compute $Refine(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C)$ for all $B \in \mathcal{B}$

for $B \in \mathcal{B}$ with $B \subseteq Pre(C')$:

$$Refine(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C) = \{B_1, B_2, B_3\} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$$

$$B_1 = \{s \in B : \delta(s, C) > 0, \delta(s, C' \setminus C) > 0\}$$

$$B_2 = \{s \in B : \delta(s, C) > 0, \delta(s, C' \setminus C) = 0\}$$

$$B_3 = (B \cap Pre(C' \setminus C)) \setminus Pre(C)$$

step 1: compute $\delta(s, C), \delta(s, C' \setminus C) \leftarrow$ for $s \in Pre(C')$

$$\delta(s, C) = |Post(s) \cap C|$$

$$\delta(s, C' \setminus C) = |Post(s) \cap (C' \setminus C)|$$

step 2: compute $Refine(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C)$ for all $B \in \mathcal{B}$

for $B \in \mathcal{B}$ with $B \subseteq Pre(C')$:

$$Refine(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C) = \{B_1, B_2, B_3\} \setminus \{\emptyset\}$$

$$B_1 = \{s \in \mathcal{B} : \delta(s, C) > 0, \delta(s, C' \setminus C) > 0\}$$

$$B_2 = \{s \in \mathcal{B} : \delta(s, C) > 0, \delta(s, C' \setminus C) = 0\}$$

$$B_3 = \{s \in \mathcal{B} : \delta(s, C) = 0, \delta(s, C' \setminus C) > 0\}$$

$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}_{\text{AP}}, S); \mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} := \{S\};$

WHILE $\mathcal{B} \neq \mathcal{B}_{\text{old}}$ DO

 select $C' \in \mathcal{B}_{\text{old}}, C \in \mathcal{B}$ s.t. $C \subseteq C', |C| \leq |C'|/2;$

 add C and $C' \setminus C$ to \mathcal{B}_{old} and remove C' from \mathcal{B}_{old}

$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C)$

OD

Paige-Tarjan algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-25

```
 $\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}_{AP}, S); \mathcal{B}_{old} := \{S\};$   
FOR ALL  $s \in S$  DO  $\delta(s, S) := |\text{Post}(s)|$  OD  
WHILE  $\mathcal{B} \neq \mathcal{B}_{old}$  DO  
  select  $C' \in \mathcal{B}_{old}$ ,  $C \in \mathcal{B}$  s.t.  $C \subseteq C'$ ,  $|C| \leq |C'|/2$ ;  
  add  $C$  and  $C' \setminus C$  to  $\mathcal{B}_{old}$  and remove  $C'$  from  $\mathcal{B}_{old}$ 
```

```
 $\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C)$ 
```

OD

Paige-Tarjan algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-25

```
 $B := \text{Refine}(B_{AP}, S); B_{old} := \{S\};$   
FOR ALL  $s \in S$  DO  $\delta(s, S) := |Post(s)|$  OD  
WHILE  $B \neq B_{old}$  DO  
  select  $C' \in B_{old}, C \in B$  s.t.  $C \subseteq C', |C| \leq |C'|/2$ ;  
  add  $C$  and  $C' \setminus C$  to  $B_{old}$  and remove  $C'$  from  $B_{old}$   
  FOR ALL  $s \in Pre(C)$  DO  $\delta(s, C) := 0$  OD  
  FOR ALL  $s' \in C$  DO  
    FOR ALL  $s \in Pre(s')$  DO  $\delta(s, C) := \delta(s, C) + 1$  OD  
  OD
```

```
 $B := \text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$ 
```

OD

Paige-Tarjan algorithm

PARTSPLITALG5.3-25

```
 $B := \text{Refine}(B_{AP}, S); B_{old} := \{S\};$   
FOR ALL  $s \in S$  DO  $\delta(s, S) := |Post(s)|$  OD  
WHILE  $B \neq B_{old}$  DO  
  select  $C' \in B_{old}, C \in B$  s.t.  $C \subseteq C', |C| \leq |C'|/2$ ;  
  add  $C$  and  $C' \setminus C$  to  $B_{old}$  and remove  $C'$  from  $B_{old}$   
  FOR ALL  $s \in Pre(C)$  DO  $\delta(s, C) := 0$  OD  
  FOR ALL  $s' \in C$  DO  
    FOR ALL  $s \in Pre(s')$  DO  $\delta(s, C) := \delta(s, C) + 1$  OD  
  OD  
  FOR ALL  $s \in Pre(C)$  DO  
     $\delta(s, C' \setminus C) := \delta(s, C') - \delta(s, C)$  OD  
   $B := \text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$   
OD
```


let $\mathcal{T} = (S, Act, \rightarrow, S_0, AP, L)$ be a finite TS

$$n = \# \text{ states} = |S|$$

$$m = \# \text{ transitions}$$

let $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, AP, L)$ be a finite TS

$$n = \# \text{ states} = |\mathcal{S}|$$

$$m = \# \text{ transitions} = \sum_{s \in \mathcal{S}} |Pre(s)|$$

let $\mathcal{T} = (S, Act, \rightarrow, S_0, AP, L)$ be a finite TS

$$n = \# \text{ states} = |S|$$

$$m = \# \text{ transitions} = \sum_{s \in S} |Pre(s)|$$

in what follows, we suppose $m \geq n$

$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}_{\text{AP}}, S);$

$\mathcal{B}_{\text{old}} := \{S\};$

WHILE $\mathcal{B} \neq \mathcal{B}_{\text{old}}$ DO

 select $C' \in \mathcal{B}_{\text{old}}, C \in \mathcal{B}$ s.t.

$C \subseteq C'$ and $|C| \leq |C'|/2;$

 add C and $C' \setminus C$ to \mathcal{B}_{old} and

 remove C' from \mathcal{B}_{old}

$\mathcal{B} := \text{Refine}(\mathcal{B}, C, C' \setminus C)$

OD

$B := \text{Refine}(B_{AP}, S);$ ← complexity: $\mathcal{O}(n \cdot |AP|)$

$B_{\text{old}} := \{S\};$

WHILE $B \neq B_{\text{old}}$ DO

 select $C' \in B_{\text{old}}, C \in B$ s.t.

$C \subseteq C'$ and $|C| \leq |C'|/2;$

 add C and $C' \setminus C$ to B_{old} and

 remove C' from B_{old}

$B := \text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$

OD

$B := \text{Refine}(B_{AP}, S);$ ← complexity: $\mathcal{O}(n \cdot |AP|)$

$B_{\text{old}} := \{S\};$

WHILE $B \neq B_{\text{old}}$ DO

 select $C' \in B_{\text{old}}, C \in B$ s.t.

$C \subseteq C'$ and $|C| \leq |C'|/2;$

 add C and $C' \setminus C$ to B_{old} and

 remove C' from B_{old}

$B := \text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$

OD

$B := \text{Refine}(B_{AP}, S);$ ← complexity: $\mathcal{O}(n \cdot |AP|)$

$B_{old} := \{S\};$

WHILE $B \neq B_{old}$ DO

select $C' \in B_{old}, C \in B$ s.t.

$C \subseteq C'$ and $|C| \leq |C'|/2;$

add C and $C' \setminus C$ to B_{old} and

remove C' from B_{old}

$B := \text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$

←

time complexity:

$$\sum_{s' \in C} |\text{Pre}(s')| + 1$$

OD

$B := \text{Refine}(B_{AP}, S);$ ← complexity: $\mathcal{O}(n \cdot |AP|)$

$B_{old} := \{S\};$

WHILE $B \neq B_{old}$ DO

select $C' \in B_{old}, C \in B$ s.t.

$C \subseteq C'$ and $|C| \leq |C'|/2;$

add C and $C' \setminus C$ to B_{old} and

remove C' from B_{old}

$B := \text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$

←

time complexity:
 $\mathcal{O}(|C| + |Pre(C)|)$

OD

$B := \text{Refine}(B_{AP}, S);$ ← complexity: $\mathcal{O}(n \cdot |AP|)$

$B_{old} := \{S\};$

WHILE $B \neq B_{old}$ DO

select $C' \in B_{old}, C \in B$ s.t.
 $C \subseteq C'$ and $|C| \leq |C'|/2;$

add C and $C' \setminus C$ to B_{old} and
 remove C' from B_{old}

$B := \text{Refine}(B, C, C' \setminus C)$

OD

total cost for
 all refinement
 operations:

$\mathcal{O}(m \cdot \log n)$

time complexity:
 $\mathcal{O}(|C| + |Pre(C)|)$